





TEST REPORT

EUT Description WLAN and BT, 1x1 PCle M.2 1216 adapter card

Brand Name Intel® Wi-Fi 6 AX101

Model Name AX101D2W

FCC/IC ID FCC ID: PD9AX101D2; IC ID: 1000M-AX101D2

Date of Test Start/End 2022-09-13 / 2022-09-19

Features 802.11ax, Dual Band, 1x1 Wi-Fi + Bluetooth® 5.1, Diversity Antenna

(See section 5)

Description Engineering sample + Skycross antenna

Applicant Intel Mobile Communications

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FCC 47 CFR Part §2.1093

RSS-102, issue 5

(see section 1)

RF Exposure Environment Portable devices - General population/uncontrolled exposure

Exposure Conditions Body worn

Reference Standards

SAR Result SAR Limit

Maximum SAR Result & Limit 0.57 W/kg (1g) 1.6 W/kg (1g)

Min. test separation distance 8 mm to phantom

Test Report identification 220526-04.TR03

Rev. 00

Revision Control

This test report revision replaces any previous test report revision

(see section 8)

The test results relate only to the samples tested.

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Reference to accreditation shall be used only by full reproduction of test report.

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1. Standards, reference documents and applicable test methods

FCC

- FCC Title 47 CFR Part §2.1093 Radiofrequency radiation exposure evaluation: portable devices.
- FCC OET KDB 447498 D04 Interim General RF Exposure Guidance v01- RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies for Mobile and Portable Devices.
- FCC OET KDB 616217 D04 v01r02 SAR Evaluation Considerations for Laptop, Notebook, Netbook and Tablet
- FCC OET KDB 865664 D01 v01r04 SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz.
- FCC OET KDB 865664 D02 v01r02 RF Exposure Compliance Reporting and Documentation Considerations. FCC OET KDB 941225 D05 v02r05 SAR Evaluation Considerations for LTE Devices.
- FCC OET KDB 941225 D01 v03r01 3G SAR Measurement Procedures.
- IEEE Std 1528-2013 IEEE Recommended Practice Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communication Devices: Measurement Techniques...

ISED

- ISED RSS 102, Issue 5 Radio Frequency (RF) Exposure Compliance of Radio communication Apparatus (All Frequency Bands
- ISED RSS-102 Supplementary Procedures SPR-001 SAR testing requirements with regard to bystanders for laptop type computers with antennas built-In on display screen (Laptop Mode / Tablet Mode)
- ISED Notice 2020-DRS2020 Applicability of IEC/IEEE62209-1528 and IEC 62209 -3 standard
- ISED Notice 2016-DRS001 Applicability of latest FCC RF Exposure KDB Procedures and Other Procedures.
- ISED Notice 2012-DRS0529 SAR correction for measured conductivity and relative permittivity based on IEC 62209-2 standard.
- FCC OET KDB 447498 D01 V06 Interim General RF Exposure Guidance v01- RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies for Mobile and Portable Devices.
- FCC OET KDB 616217 D04 v01r02 SAR Evaluation Considerations for Laptop, Notebook, Netbook and Tablet Computers.
- FCC OET KDB 865664 D01 v01r04 SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz.
- FCC OET KDB 865664 D02 v01r02 RF Exposure Compliance Reporting and Documentation Considerations.
- 10. FCC OET KDB 941225 D05 v02r05 SAR Evaluation Considerations for LTE Devices.
- 11. FCC OET KDB 941225 D01 v03r01 3G SAR Measurement Procedures.
- 12. IEC/IEEE 62209-1528:2020 Measurement procedure for the assessment of specific absorption rate of human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices - Part 1528: Human models, instrumentation, and procedures (Frequency range of 4 MHz to 10 GHz)

2. General conditions, competences and guarantees

- Tests performed under FCC standards identified in section 1 are covered by A2LA accreditation.
- Tests performed under ISED standards identified in section 1 are covered by Cofrac accreditation.
- Intel Corporation SAS Wireless RF Lab (Intel WRF Lab) is an ISO/IEC 17025:2017 laboratory accredited by the American Association for Laboratory Accreditation (A2LA) with the certificate number 3478.01.
- Intel Corporation SAS Wireless RF Lab (Intel WRF Lab) is an Accredited Test Firm recognized by the FCC, with Designation Number FR0011.
- Intel Corporation SAS Wireless RF Lab (Intel WRF Lab) is an ISO/IEC 17025:2017 testing laboratory accredited by the French Committee for Accreditation (Cofrac) with the certificate number 1-6736.
- Intel Corporation SAS Wireless RF Lab (Intel WRF Lab) is a Registered Test Site listed by ISED, with ISED #1000Y.
- Intel WRF Lab only provides testing services and is committed to providing reliable, unbiased test results and interpretations.
- Intel WRF Lab is liable to the client for the maintenance of the confidentiality of all information related to the item under test and the results of the test.
- Intel WRF Lab has developed calibration and proficiency programs for its measurement equipment to ensure correlated and reliable results to its customers.
- This report is only referred to the item that has undergone the test.
- This report does not imply an approval of the product by the Certification Bodies or competent Authorities.



3. Environmental Conditions

✓ At the site where the measurements were performed the following limits were not exceeded during the tests:

Temperature	22.4°C ± 1.5°C
Humidity	39% ± 10%
Liquid Temperature	20.1°C ± 2°C

4. Test samples

Sample	Control #	Description	Model	Serial #	Date of receipt	Note
	200928-04. S02	WLAN and BT, 1x1 PCle M.2 1216 adapter card	AX101D2W	WFM: D8F8834C5C43	03-11-2020	-
	180717-03.S16	Extender	PCB00651-01	6510818-183	21-08-2018	-
#01	210903-02.S53	Laptop	DELL Latitude E5450	J71v562	06-10-2021	-
	180201-02.S25	Reference Antenna	Sky-Cross	-	2020-02-14	-
	180201-02.S24	Reference Antenna	Sky-Cross	-	2022-02-14	-



5. EUT Features

The herein information is provided by the customer

Brand Name	Intel® Wi-Fi 6 AX101			
Model Name	AX101D2W			
Software Version	DRTU.02227.99.0.73			
Driver Version	99.0.74.8			
Prototype / Production	Production			
Host Identification	Engineering sample			
Supported Radios	802.11b/g/n/ax 2.4GHz (2400.0 – 2483.5 MHz) 802.11a/n/ac/ax 5.2GHz (5150.0 – 5250.0 MHz) 5.3GHz (5250.0 – 5350.0 MHz) 5.6GHz (5470.0 – 5725.0 MHz) 5.8GHz (5725.0 – 5850.0 MHz) Bluetooth 2.4GHz (2400.0 – 2483.5 MHz)		5250.0 MHz) 5350.0 MHz) 5725.0 MHz) 5850.0 MHz)	
Antenna Information	Transmitter Manufacturer Antenna type Part number See Annex F for more de	Div 1 SkyCross PIFA n/a tails on antennas location.	Div 2 SkyCross PIFA n/a	
Simultaneous Transmission Configurations	WLAN 5GHz Main + BT Main WLAN 5GHz Aux + BT Aux			
	No WWAN transmitter is	considered in this report		
Additional Information	5.60-5.65 GHz band (TDWR) is supported by the device			
	Band gap is supported by the device			

Supported Radios

Mode	Duty Cycle	Modulation	Band	UL Freq range (MHz)	Measured Max. Conducted Power (dBm)
802.11b/g/n/ax	100%	BPSK QPSK 16QAM 64QAM	2.4GHz	2400-2483.5	17.48
	100%	BPSK QPSK 16QAM 64QAM 256QAM	5.2GHz	5150-5250	NM
17 25000 44 0/2/20/20			5.3GHz	5250-5350	15.91
17.35802.11a/n/ac/ax			5.6GHz	5475-5725	15.94
			5.8GHz	5725-5850	15.95
BDR/EDR v5.1	78%	GFSK π/4 DQPSK 8DPSK	2.4GHz	2400-2483.5	10.45
Bluetooth LE v5.1	33%	GFSK	2.4GHz	2400-2483.5	NM

NM: Not Measured



Maximum Output power specification + Tune up tolerance limit			SISO mode		
Equipment Class	Mode	BW (MHz)	Div 1 (dBm)	Div 2 (dBm	
	802.11b	20	17.50	17.50	
	802.11g	20	17.50	17.50	
DTS	802.11n20	20	17.50	17.50	
DIS	802.11ax20	20	17.50	17.50	
	802.11n40	40	17.00	17.00	
	802.11ax40	40	17.00	17.00	
	802.11a	20	16.00	16.00	
	802.11n20	20	16.00	16.00	
	802.11ax20	20	16.00	16.00	
U-NII-1	802.11n40	40	16.00	16.00	
	802.11ax40	40	16.00	16.00	
	802.11ac80	80	16.00	16.00	
	802.11ax80	80	16.00	16.00	
	802.11a	20	16.00	16.00	
	802.11n20	20	16.00	16.00	
	802.11ax20	20	16.00	16.00	
U-NII-2A	802.11n40	40	16.00	16.00	
	802.11ax40	40	16.00	16.00	
	802.11ac80	80	16.00	16.00	
	802.11ax80	80	16.00	16.00	
	802.11a	20	16.00	16.00	
	802.11n20	20	16.00	16.00	
	802.11ax20	20	16.00	16.00	
U-NII-2C	802.11n40	40	16.00	16.00	
	802.11ax40	40	16.00	16.00	
	802.11ac80	80	16.00	16.00	
	802.11ax80	80	16.00	16.00	
	802.11a	20	16.00	16.00	
	802.11n20	20	16.00	16.00	
	802.11ax20	20	16.00	16.00	
U-NII-3	802.11n40	40	16.00	16.00	
	802.11ax40	40	16.00	16.00	
	802.11ac80	80	16.00	16.00	
	802.11ax80	80	16.00	16.00	
	Bluetooth v5.1 BDR	1	11.50	11.50	
	Bluetooth v5.1 EDR2	1	10.50	10.50	
ВТ	Bluetooth v5.1 EDR3	1	10.50	10.50	
	BLE	2	10.00	10.00	



6. Remarks and comments

1. Only the plots for the test positions with the highest measured SAR per band/mode are included in Annex C as required per FCC OET KDB 865664 D02, paragraph 2.3.h

7. Test Verdicts summary

The statement of conformity to applicable standards in the table below are based on the measured values, without taking into account the measurement uncertainties.

Standard	Band	Highest Reported SAR (1g) (W/kg)	Verdict
802.11b/g/n/ax	2.4GHz	0.45	Р
	5.2GHz	NM	NA
000 11 0/2/20/20	5.3GHz	0.57	Р
802.11a/n/ac/ax	5.6GHz	0.46	Р
	5.8GHz	0.43	Р
Bluetooth	2.4GHz	0.11	Р

P: Pass F: Fail

NM: Not Measured NA: Not Applicable

According to the FCC OET KDB 690783 D01, this is the summary of the values for the Grant Listing:

Highest Reported SAR (1g) (W/kg)					
Evaceure Condition		Equipment Class			
Exposure Condition	DTS	DSS	U-NII		
Body Worn	0.45	0.11	0.57		
Simultaneous Tx	Sum-SAR: NA	Sum-SAR: 0.66	Sum-SAR: 0.66		

Considering the results of the performed test according to FCC 47CFR Part 2.1093 the item under test is IN COMPLIANCE with the requested specifications specified in Section1. Standards, reference documents and applicable test methods

8. Document Revision History

Revision #	Modified by	Revision Details
Rev. 00	F.Malika	First Issue



Annex A. Test & System Description

A.1 SAR Definition

Specific Absorption rate is defined as the time derivative of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) and incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dV) of a given density (p).

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \cdot \left(\frac{dW}{dm}\right) = \frac{d}{dt} \cdot \left(\frac{dW}{\rho \cdot dV}\right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of watts per kilogram (W/kg). SAR can be related to the electric field at a point by

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

Where: $\sigma = \text{Conductivity of the tissue (S/m)}$

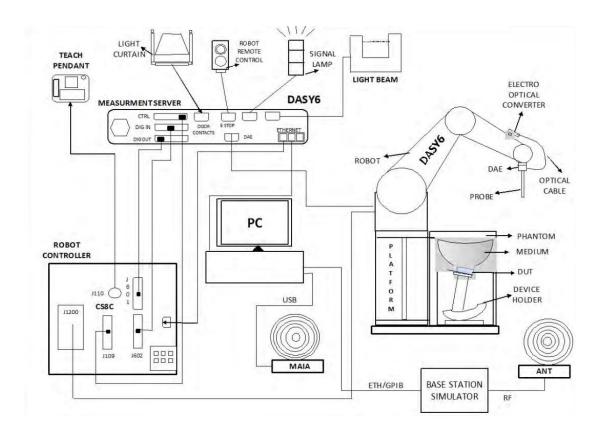
 ρ = Mass density of the tissue (kg/m3) E = RMS electric field strength (V/m)



A.2 SPEAG SAR Measurement System

A.2.1 SAR Measurement Setup

The DASY6 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:



- ✓ A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Staübli TX/RX family) with controller, teach pendant and software. It includes an arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE)
- ✓ An isotropic field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurements.
- ✓ A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- ✓ The Electro-optical Converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- ✓ The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movements interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- ✓ A computer running Win7 professional operating system and the DASY6 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- ✓ The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.
- ✓ MAIA is a hardware interface (Antenna) used to evaluate the modulation and audio interference characteristics of RF signals.
- ✓ ANT is an ultra-wideband antenna for use with the base station simulators over 698 MHz to 6GHz.
- ✓ The base station simulator is an equipment used for SAR cellular tests in order to emulate the cellular signals characteristics and behavior between a regular base station and the equipment under test.
- ✓ Tissue simulating liquid.
- ✓ System Validation dipoles.
- ✓ Network emulator or RF test tool



A.2.2 E-Field Measurement Probe

The probe is constructed using three orthogonal dipole sensors arranged on an interlocking, triangular prism core. The probe has built-in shielding against static charges and is contained within a PEEK cylindrical enclosure material at the tip.



The probe's characteristics are:

Frequency Range	30MHz – 6GHz
Length	337 mm
Probe tip external diameter	2.5 mm
Typical distance between dipoles and the probe tip	1 mm
Axial Isotropy (in human-equivalent liquids)	±0.3 dB
Hemispherical Isotropy (in human-equivalent liquids)	±0.5 dB
Linearity	±0.2 dB
Maximum operating SAR	100 W/kg
Lower SAR detection threshold	0.001 W/kg

A.2.3 SAM Phantom

The shell corresponds to the specifications of the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) phantom defined in IEEE 1528 and IEC 62209-1. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by teaching three points with the robot.

The phantom's characteristics are:

Material	Vinylester, glass fiber reinforced (VE-GF)
Shell thickness	2 mm ± 0.2 mm
Shell thickness at ERP	2 ± 0.2 mm
Filling volume	25 Liters
Dimensions	Length: 1000mm / Width: 500mm







A.2.4 Flat Phantom

Phantom for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI is fully compatible with the IEC 62209-2 standard and all known tissue simulating liquids. ELI has been optimized regarding its performance and can be integrated into our standard phantom tables. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow installation of the complete setup, including all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids, by teaching three points. The phantom is compatible with all SPEAG dosimetric probes and dipoles.

The phantom's characteristics are:

Material	Vinylester, glass fiber reinforced (VE-GF)
Shell thickness	2 mm ± 0.2 mm
Filling volume	30 Liters approx.
Dimensions	Major axis: 600mm / Minor axis: 400mm

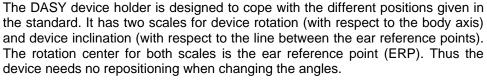




A.2.5 Device Positioner

The SAR in the phantom is approximately inversely proportional to the square of the distance between the source and the liquid surface. For a source at 5 mm distance, a positioning uncertainty of 0.5 mm would produce a SAR uncertainty of 20%. Accurate device positioning is therefore crucial for accurate and repeatable measurements. The positions in which the devices must be measured are defined by the standards.





The DASY device holder is constructed of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity ϵ =3 and loss tangent δ =0.02. The amount of dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of the device, since measurements have suggested that the influence of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered.

A simple but effective and easy-to-use extension for the Mounting Device; facilitates testing of larger devices according to IEC 62209-2 (e.g., laptops, cameras, etc.); lightweight and fits easily on the upper part of the Mounting Device in place of the phone positioner. The extension is fully compatible with the Twin SAM, ELI and other Flat Phantoms.





A.3 Data Evaluation

Power Reference measurement

The robot measures the E field in a specified reference position that can be either the selected section's grid reference point or a user point in this section at 4mm of the inner surface of the phantom, 2mm for frequencies above 3GHz.

Area Scan

Measurement procedures for evaluating SAR from wireless handsets typically start with a coarse measurement grid to determine the approximate location of the local peak SAR values. This is known as the area-scan procedure. The SAR distribution is scanned along the inside surface of one side of the phantom head, at least for an area larger than the projection of the handset and antenna. The distance between the measured points and phantom surface should be less than 8 mm, and should remain constant (with variation less than ± 1 mm) during the entire scan in order to determine the locations of the local peak SAR with sufficient accuracy. The angle between the probe axis and the surface normal line is recommended but not required to be less than 30°. If this angle is larger than 30° and the closest point on the probe-tip housing to the phantom surface is closer than a probe diameter, the boundary effect may become larger and polarization dependent. This additional uncertainty needs to be analyzed and accounted for. To achieve this, modified test procedures and additional uncertainty analyses not described in this recommended practice may be required. The measurement and interpolation point spacing should be chosen such as to allow identification of the local peak locations to within one-half of the linear dimension of a side of the zoom-scan volume. Because a local peak having specific amplitude and steep gradients may produce a lower peak spatial-average SAR compared to peaks with slightly lower amplitude and less steep gradients, it is necessary to evaluate these other peaks as well. However, since the spatial gradients of local SAR peaks are a function of the wavelength inside the tissue-equivalent liquid and the incident magnetic field strength, it is not necessary to evaluate local peaks that are less than 2 dB or more below the global maximum peak. Two-dimensional spline algorithms (Brishoual et al. 2001; Press et al., 1996) are typically used to determine the peaks and gradients within the scanned area. If a peak is found at a distance from the scan border of less than one-half the edge dimension of the desired 1 g or 10 g cube, the measurement area should be enlarged if possible.

Zoom Scan

To evaluate the peak spatial-average SAR values for 1 g or 10 g cubes, fine resolution volume scans, called zoom scans, are performed at the peak SAR locations identified during the area scan. The minimum zoom scan volume size should extend at least 1.5 times the edge dimension of a 1 g cube in all directions from the center of the scan volume, for both 1 g and 10 g peak spatial-average SAR evaluations. Along the phantom curved surfaces, the front face of the volume facing the tissue/liquid interface conforms to the curved boundary, to ensure that all SAR peaks are captured. The back face should be equally distorted to maintain the correct averaging mass. The flatness and orientation of the four side faces are unchanged from that of a cube whose orientation is within \pm 30° of the line normal to the phantom at the center of the cube face next to the phantom surface. The peak local SAR locations that were determined in the area scan (interpolated values) should be used for the centers of the zoom scans. If a scan volume cannot be centered due to proximity of a phantom shape feature, the probe should be tilted to allow scan volume enlargement. If probe tilt is not feasible, the zoom-scan origin may be shifted, but not by more than half of the 1 g or 10 g cube edge dimension.

After the zoom-scan measurement, extrapolations from the closest measured points to the surface, for example along lines parallel to the zoom-scan centerline, and interpolations to a finer resolution between all measured and extrapolated points are performed. Extrapolation algorithm considerations are described in 6.5.3, and 3-D spline methods (Brishoual et al., 2001; Kreyszig, 1983; Press et al., 1996) can be used for interpolation. The peak spatial-average SAR is finally determined by a numerical averaging of the local SAR values in the interpolation grid, using for example a trapezoidal algorithm for the integration (averaging).

In some areas of the phantom, such as the jaw and upper head regions, the angle of the probe with respect to the line normal to the surface may be relatively large, e.g., greater than \pm 30°, which could increase the boundary effect error to a larger level. In these cases, during the zoom scan a change in the orientation of the probe, the phantom, or both is recommended but not required for the duration of the zoom scan, so that the angle between the probe axis and the line normal to the surface is within 30° for all measurement points.

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• Power Drift measurement

The robot re-measures the E-Field in the same reference location measured at the Power Reference. The drift measurement gives the field difference in dB from the first to the last reference reading. This allows a user to monitor the power drift of the device under test that must remain within a maximum variation of ±5%.

Post-processing

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the IEEE1528 and IEC 62209-1/2 standards. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g.

The software allows evaluations that combine measured data and robot positions, such as:

- ✓ Maximum search
- ✓ Extrapolation
- ✓ Boundary correction
- ✓ Peak search for averaged SAR

Interpolation between the measured points is performed when the resolution of the grid is not fine enough to compute the average SAR over a given mass.

Extrapolation routines are used to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The extrapolation is determined by the surface detection distance and the probe sensor offset. Several measurements at different distances are necessary for the extrapolation.



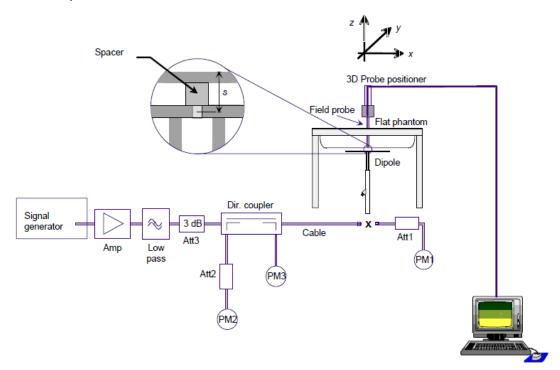
A.4 System and Liquid Check

A.4.1 System Check

The system performance check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. System and operator errors can be detected and corrected. It is recommended that the system performance check be performed prior to any usage of the system in order to guarantee reproducible results.

The system performance check uses normal SAR measurements in a simplified setup with a well characterized source. This setup was selected to give a high sensitivity to all parameters that might fail or vary over time. The system check does not intend to replace the calibration of the components, but indicates situations where the system uncertainty is exceeded due to drift or failure.

In the simplified setup for system check, the EUT is replaced by a calibrated dipole and the power source is replaced by a controlled continuous wave generated by a signal generator. The calibrated dipole must be placed beneath the flat phantom section of the phantom at the correct distance.



The equipment setup is shown below:

- ✓ Signal Generator
- ✓ Amplifier
- ✓ Directional coupler
- ✓ Power meter
- ✓ Calibrated dipole

First, the power meter PM1 (including attenuator Att1) is connected to the cable to measure the forward power at the location of the connector (x) to the system check source. The signal generator is adjusted for the desired forward power at the connector as read by power meter PM1 after attenuation Att1 and also as coupled through Att2 to PM2. After connecting the cable to the source, the signal generator is readjusted for the same reading at power meter PM2.

SAR results are normalized to a forward power of 1W to compare the values with the calibration reports results as described at IEEE 1528 and IEC 62209 standards.



A.4.2 Liquid Check

The dielectric parameters check is done prior to the use of the tissue simulating liquid. The verification is made by comparing the relative permittivity and conductivity to the values recommended by the applicable standards.

The liquid verification was performed using the following test setup:

- ✓ VNA (Vector Network Analyzer)
- ✓ Open-Short-Load calibration kit
- ✓ RF Cable
- ✓ Open-Ended Coaxial probe
- ✓ DAK software tool
- ✓ SAR Liquid
- ✓ De-ionized water
- √ Thermometer

These are the target dielectric properties of the tissue-equivalent liquid material as defined in FCC OET KDB 865664 D01.

Frequency	Body	SAR	
(MHz)	ε _r (F/m)	σ (S/m)	
150	61.9	0.80	
300	58.2	0.92	
450	56.7	0.94	
835	55.2	0.97	
900	55.0	1.05	
1450	54.0	1.30	
1800-2000	53.3	1.52	
2450	52.7	1.95	
3000	52.0	2.73	
5800	48.2	6.00	

(ϵ_r = relative permittivity, σ = conductivity and ρ = 1000 kg/m3)

The measurement system implement a SAR error compensation algorithm as documented in IEEE Std 1528-2013 (equivalent to draft standard IEEE P1528-2011) to automatically compensate the measured SAR results for deviations between the measured and required tissue dielectric parameters (applied to only scale up the measured SAR, and not downward) so, according to FCC OET KDB 865664 D01, the tolerance for ϵ_r and σ may be relaxed to \pm 10%.



A.5 Test Equipment List

SAR system #1

ID#	Device	Type/Model	Serial Number	Manufacturer	Cal. Date	Cal. Due Date
001-000	6-Axis Robot	TX60 Lspeag	F12/5MZ3A1/A/01	STAÜBLI	NA	NA
001-002	Light Beam Unit	LB5/80	N/A	Di-soric	NA	NA
001-003	Laptop Holder	N/A	N/A	SPEAG	NA	NA
001-004	Robot Controller	CS8C	F12/5MZ3A1/C/01	STAÜBLI	NA	NA
001-005	Electro Optical Converter	EOC60	1076	SPEAG	NA	NA
001-006	Dosimetric E- Field probe 750- 5800MHz	EX3DV4	7325	SPEAG	2021-12-15	2022-12-15
003-016	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAEip	1705	SPEAG	2022-04-28	2023-04-28
001-008	Oval Flat Phantom	ELI V8.0	2059	SPEAG	NA	NA
001-009	Measurement Software	DASY6 V16.0	9-618AE2F1	SPEAG	NA	NA
001-010	MAIA Antenna	MAIA	1255	SPEAG	NA	NA

Shared equipment

ID#	Device	Type/Model	Serial Number	Manufacturer	Cal. Date	Cal. Due Date
123-000	USB Power Sensor	NRP-Z81	102278	R&S	2021-04-13	2023-04-13
124-000	USB Power Sensor	NRP-Z81	102279	R&S	2021-04-13	2023-04-13
099-000	Liquid measurement SW	DAK-3.5 V2.6.0.5	9-2687B491	SPEAG	NA	NA
369-000	Dielectric Probe Kit	DAK-3.5	1309	SPEAG	2021-03-10	2023-03-10
077-000	Coupler	CD0.5-8-20-30	1251-002	Amd-group	2022-08-26	2023-01-26
078-000	RF Cable	ST- 18/SMAm/SMAm/48	- Huber & Suhner		2022-08-26	2023-01-26
079-000	RF Cable	ST- 18/SMAm/SMAm/48	-	Huber & Suhner	2022-08-26	2023-01-26
126-000	Vector Signal Generator	ESG E4438C	MY45092885	Agilent	2021-05-27	2023-05-27
327-000	Temp & Humidity Logger	RA32E-TH1-RAS	RA32- F0DED9	AVTECH	2021-03-09	2023-03-09
089-000	Vector Reflectometer R140	PLANAR R140	0190616	R&S	2021-09-02	2023-09-02
068-000	5GHz System Validation Dipole	D5GHzv2	1164	SPEAG	2021-05-18	2023-03-17
070-000	2.4GHz System Validation Dipole	D2450GHzV2	937	SPEAG	2022-05-19	2024-05-19

A.5.1 Tissue Simulant Liquid

TSL	Manufacturer / Model	Freq Range (MHz)	Main Ingredients
Body WideBand	SPEAG MBBL600-6000V6 Batch 180206-04	600-6000	Ethanediol, Sodium petroleum sulfonate, Hexylene Glycol / 2-Methyl-pentane-2.4- diol, Alkoxylated alcohol



A.6 Measurement Uncertainty Evaluation

The system uncertainty evaluation is shown in the table below with a coverage factor of k = 2 to indicate a 95% level of confidence:

	SPEAG DASY6 Uncertainty Budget According to IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 (4 MHz - 6 GHz)											
		EC/IEEE 6	2209-1	528 (4	MHz -	6 GHz)					
Symbol	Error Description	Uncert. Value	Prob Dist.	Div.	(ci) 1g	(ci) 10g	Std Unc. (1g)	Std Unc. (10g)				
Measurer	ment System Errors					3	(-3/	(103)				
CF	Probe Calibration	±14.0 %	N	2	1	1	±7.0 %	±7.0 %				
CF _{drif} t	Probe Calibration Drift	±1.0 %	N	1	1	1	±1.0 %	±1.0 %				
LIN	Probe Linearity	±4.7 %	R	√3	1	1	±2.7 %	±2.7 %				
BBS	Broadband Signal	±3.0 %	N	2	1	1	±1.5 %	±1.5 %				
ISO	Axial Isotropy	±4.7 %	R	√3	0.5	0.5	±1.4 %	±1.4 %				
ISO	Hemispherical Isotropy	±9.6 %	R	√3	0.5	0.5	±2.8 %	±2.8 %				
DAE	Data Acquisition	±0.3 %	N	1	1	1	±0.3 %	±0.3 %				
AMB	RF Ambient	±1.8 %	N	1	1	1	±1.8 %	±1.8 %				
Δ sys	Probe Positioning	±0.2 %	N	1	0.33	0.33	±0.1 %	±0.1 %				
DAT	Data Processing	±2.3 %	N	1	1	1	±2.3 %	±2.3 %				
Phantom	and Device Errors											
LIQ(σ)	Conductivity (meas.)DAK	±2.5 %	N	1	0.78	0.71	±2.0 %	±1.8 %				
LIQ(Tσ)	Conductivity (temp.)BB	±3.4 %	R	√3	0.78	0.71	±1.5 %	±1.4 %				
EPS	Phantom Permittivity	±14.0 %	R	√3	0.25	0.25	±2.0 %	±2.0 %				
DAS	Distance DUT - TSL	±2.0 %	N	1	2	2	±4.0 %	±4.0 %				
Н	Device Holder	±3.6 %	N	1	1	1	±3.6 %	±3.6 %				
MOD	DUT Modulation _m	±2.4 %	R	√3	1	1	±1.4 %	±1.4 %				
TAS	Time-average SAR	±2.6 %	R	√3	1	1	±1.5 %	±1.5 %				
RF drif t	DUT drift	±5.0 %	N	1	1	1	±2.9 %	±2.9 %				
Correctio	n to the SAR results											
C(ε, σ)	Deviation to Target	±1.9 %	N	1	1	0.84	±1.9 %	±1.6 %				
Combi	ned Std. Uncertainty						±11.5 %	±11.4 %				
Expand	ed STD Uncertainty						±23.1 %	±22.9 %				



A.7 RF Exposure Limits

SAR assessments have been made in line with the requirements of FCC 47CFR Part 2.1093 and ISED RSS 102 issue 5 on the limitation of exposure of the general population / uncontrolled exposure for portable devices.

Exposure Type	General Population / Uncontrolled Environment
Peak spatial-average SAR (averaged over any 1 gram of tissue)	1.6 W/kg
Whole body average SAR	0.08 W/kg
Peak spatial-average SAR (extremities) (averaged over any 10 grams of tissue)	4.0 W/kg

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Annex B. Test Results

The herein test results were performed by:

Test case measurement	Test Engineer				
Conducted measurement	F. Heurtematte				
SAR measurement	F. Malika				

B.1 Test Conditions

B.1.1 Test SAR Test positions relative to the phantom

The device under test was an Intel® Wi-Fi 6 AX101 card (Engineering sample) using a set of Sky-Cross antennas. The card was operated utilizing proprietary software (DRTU version DRTU. 02227.99.0.73) and each channel was measured using a broadband power meter to determine the maximum average power.

The SAR Test Exclusion Threshold in FCC OET KDB 447498 can be applied to determine SAR test exclusion for adjacent edge configurations. All six sides of the antenna were tested for SAR compliance with the antenna placed at 8 mm beneath the phantom. The adjacent edges of the antenna were positioned perpendicular to the phantom.

Considering the antenna location diagrams in Annex F and the test exclusions described before, the surfaces/edges to be measured for each antenna are:

Antenna	Div1	Div2
Position	 Front face Back Face Top edge Bottom edge Left edge Right edge 	 Front face Back Face Top edge Bottom edge Left edge Right edge

See B.1.3.1 for a more detailed list of the applied reductions.

See F.2 Test positions section for more information on the tested positions

B.1.2 Test signal, Output power and Test Frequencies

For 802.11 transmission modes the device was put into operation by using an own control software to program the test mode required to select the continuous transmission with 100% duty cycle.

The output power of the device was set to transmit at maximum power for all tests.



B.1.3 Evaluation Exclusion and Test Reductions

B.1.3.1 SAR evaluation exclusion

The SAR Test Exclusion Threshold in FCC OET KDB 447498 can be applied to determine SAR test exclusion for adjacent edge configurations. For 100MHz to 6GHz and test separation distances ≤50mm, the 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds are determined by the following formula:

[(max. power of channel, including tune – up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)]
$$\cdot \left[\sqrt{f_{(GHz)}} \right]$$
 (1) $\leq 3.0 \ for \ 1g \ SAR, \ and \ \leq 7.5 \ for \ 10g \ extremity \ SAR$

Where:

- f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison
- The values 3.0 and 7.5 are referred to as numeric thresholds

The test exclusions are applicable only when the minimum test separation distance is \leq 50 mm, and for transmission frequencies between 100 MHz and 6 GHz. When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

For test separation distances > 50 mm, the 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds are determined using the following formulas:

$$\langle (Power allowed at numeric threshold for 50 mm in (1)) + (test separation distance - 50 mm) \cdot (f_{MHz}/150) \rangle mW,$$
 (2)
$$for 100MHz \ to \ 1500MHz$$
 (2)
$$\langle (Power allowed at numeric threshold for 50 mm in (1)) + (test separation distance - 50 mm) \cdot 10) \rangle mW,$$
 for 1500MHz and $\leq 6GHz$ (3)

LAN	Band Name	Output	Output power		Back	Тор	Right	Left	Bottom	Front	Back	Тор	Right	Left	Bottom
Antenna		dBm	mW	nt Face		Edge	ıt Edge	Edge	m Edge	nt Face	k Face	Edge	ıt Edge	Edge	m Edge
	DTS	17.50	56.23	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	Т	Т	Т	Т	Т	Т
	U-NII-1	16.00	39.81	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	R	R	R	R	R	R
WLAN	U-NII-2A	16.00	39.81	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	Т	Т	Т	Т	Т	Т
Div 2	U-NII-2C	16.00	39.81	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	Т	Т	Т	Т	Т	Т
	U-NII-3	16.00	39.81	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	Т	Т	Т	Т	Т	Т
	BT	11.00	12.59	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	Т	Т	Τ	Т	Т	Т
	DTS	17.50	56.23	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	Т	Т	Т	Т	Т	Т
	U-NII-1	16.00	39.81	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	R	R	R	R	R	R
WLAN	U-NII-2A	16.00	39.81	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	Т	Т	Т	Т	Т	Т
Div 1	U-NII-2C	16.00	39.81	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	Т	T	Т	Т	Т	Т
	U-NII-3	16.00	39.81	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	Т	Т	Т	Т	Т	Т
	BT	11.00	12.59	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	Т	Т	Т	Т	Т	Т

T: Tested position

R: Reduced

See Annex F for a more detailed explanation of the separation distance related to the platform.



B.1.3.2 General SAR test reduction

According to FCC OET KDB 447498, testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the reported 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:

- \leq 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is \leq 100 MHz
- \bullet ≤ 0.6 W/kg or 1.5 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz
- ≤ 0.4 W/kg or 1.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≥ 200 MHz

WLAN SAR Test reduction

Transmission Mode	SAR test exclusion/reduction
DSSS	 According to FCC OET KDB 248227 D01, SAR is measured for 2.4 GHz 802.11b, SAR test reduction is determined according to the following: When the reported SAR of the highest measured maximum output power channel for the exposure configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, no further SAR testing is required for 802.11b DSSS in that exposure configuration. When the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is required for that exposure configuration using the next highest measured output power channel. When any reported SAR is > 1.2 W/kg, SAR is required for the third channel.
	According to FCC OET KDB 248227 D01, SAR is not required for 2.4 GHz OFDM conditions when the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.
	According to FCC OET KDB 248227 D01, 802.11a/g/n/ac modes have the same specified maximum output power, largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate, the lowest order 802.11 mode is selected; i.e., 802.11a is chosen over 802.11n then 802.11ac or 802.11g is chosen over 802.11n.
OFDM	According to FCC OET KDB 248227 D01, an <i>initial test configuration</i> is determined for OFDM and DSSS transmission modes according to the channel bandwidth, modulation and data rate combination(s) with the highest maximum output power specified for production units in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. SAR is measured using the highest measured maximum output power channel. SAR test reduction for subsequent highest output test channels is determined according to reported SAR of the initial test configuration.
	The <u>initial test configuration</u> for 5 GHz OFDM transmission modes is determined by the 802.11 configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units, including tune-up tolerance, in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. SAR for the initial test configuration is measured using the highest maximum output power channel determined by the default power measurement procedures.
	According to FCC OET KDB 248227 D01, when the reported SAR of the initial test configuration is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR measurement is required for subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) in the initial test configuration until reported SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested.



B.2 Conducted Power Measurements

B.2.1 WLAN 2.4GHz

					Dir	v 1	Di	v 2	SAR																			
Band	Mode	Data Rate	Ch#	Freq (MHz)	Avg Pwr (dBm)	Tune-up Pwr (dBm)	Avg Pwr (dBm)	Tune-up Pwr (dBm)	Test?																			
			1	2412	17.42	17.50	17.46	17.50	Yes																			
	802.11b	1Mbps	1Mbps	6	2437	17.24	17.50	17.44	17.50	No ³																		
			11	2462	17.35	17.50	17.48	17.50	Yes																			
			1	2412		17.50		17.50																				
	802.11g	6Mbps	6	2437		17.50		17.50																				
			11	2462		17.50		17.50																				
		нто	1	2412		17.50		17.50																				
2.40	802.11n20		HT0	HT0	HT0	HT0	HT0	HT0	HT0	HT0	HT0	HT0	HT0	HT0	HT0	HT0	HT0	HT0	HT0	HT0	HT0	6	2437		17.50		17.50	
H			11	2462		17.50	NR ¹	17.50	No ²																			
2.4GHz (DTS)			1	2412		17.50		17.50																				
S)	802.11ax20	HE0	6	2437	NR¹	17.50		17.50																				
			11	2462		17.50		17.50																				
			3	2422		17.00		17.00																				
	802.11n40	HT0	6	2437		17.00	-	17.00																				
			9	2452		17.00		17.00																				
			3	2422		17.00		17.00																				
	802.11ax40	HE0	HE0 6	2437		17.00		17.00																				
Initial toot or			9	2452		17.00		17.00																				

NR: Not Required
As per FCC OET KDB 248227 D01, conducted output power and SAR testing are not required for 802.11g/n/ax channels when the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2W/kg.

When the reported SAR of the initial test configuration is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR measurement is required for subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) in the initial test configuration until reported SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested.



B.2.2 WLAN 5GHz (U-NII)

B.2.2.1 5.2GHz and 5.3GHz (U-NII-1 and U-NII-2A)

					Div	v 1	Div	/ 2	SAR															
Band	Mode	Data Rate	Ch#	Freq (MHz)	Avg Pwr (dBm)	Tune-up Pwr (dBm)	Avg Pwr (dBm)	Tune-up Pwr (dBm)	Test?															
							36	5180		16.00		16.00												
	000 445	CMhna	40	5200		16.00		16.00																
	802.11a	6Mbps	44	5220		16.00		16.00																
			48	5240		16.00		16.00																
			36	5180		16.00		16.00																
	802.11n20	40	40	5200		16.00		16.00																
(D		802.111120	802.111120 11110	HT0	44	5220		16.00		16.00														
5.2GHz (U-NII-1)										48	48	5240		16.00		16.00								
Z Z		302.11ax20 HE0 -	HE0 36 40 44	ПЕО	36	5180	ND12	16.00	ND12	16.00	2													
Ç	902 11 ov 20				ЦΕΛ	ЦΕΩ	ЦΕΛ	LEO	HEO	HEO	HEO	HEO	HEO	HEO	HEO	HEO	HEO	HEO 4	40	5200	NR ^{1,3}	16.00	NR ^{1,3}	16.00
Z Ţ	002.118820			5220		16.00		16.00																
ے					48	5240		16.00		16.00														
	802.11n40	HT0	38	5190		16.00		16.00																
	602.111140	ППО	46	5230		16.00		16.00																
	802.11ax40	38 5190		16.00		16.00																		
	602.11ax40	HE0	46	5230		16.00		16.00																
	802.11ac80	VHT0	42	5210		16.00		16.00																
	802.11ax80	HE0	42	5210		16.00		16.00																

- 1. NR: Not Required
- When the same maximum output power is specified for both bands, begin SAR measurement in U-NII-2A band by applying the OFDM SAR requirements. If the highest reported SAR for a test configuration is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for U-NII-1 band (see §B.5.2 in this document).
- Additional conducted power measurement is required when reported SAR is > 1.2W/kg. In case the subsequent test configuration and the
 channel bandwidth is smaller than the initial test configuration, all channels that overlap with the larger channel bandwidth in the initial
 configuration should be tested.
- 4. The initial test configuration for 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz OFDM transmission modes is determined by the 802.11 configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units, including tune-up tolerance, in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. SAR for the initial test configuration is measured using the highest maximum output power channel determined by the default power measurement procedures. When multiple transmission modes (802.11a/g/n/ac/ax) have the same specified maximum output power, largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate, lowest order 802.11 mode is selected (i.e. a, g, n, ac then ax)
- 5. When the reported SAR of the initial test configuration is > 0.8W/kg, SAR measurement is required for the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) in the initial test configuration until reported SAR is =1.2W/kg or all required channels are tested.
- 6. When the highest reported SAR for the initial test configuration (when applicable, include subsequent highest output channels), according to the initial test position or fixed exposure requirements, is adjusted by the ratio of the subsequent test configuration to the initial test configuration specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤1.2 W/Kg, SAR is not required for that subsequent test configuration
- SAR for subsequent highest measured maximum output power channels in the <u>subsequent test configuration</u> is required only when the reported SAR of the preceding higher maximum output power channel(s) in the <u>subsequent test configuration</u> is >1.2 W/Kg or until all required channels are tested.



					D	iv 1		Div 2	SAR																	
Band	Mode	Data Rate	Ch#	Freq (MHz)	Avg Pwr (dBm)	Tune-up Pwr (dBm)	Avg Pwr (dBm)	Tune-up Pwr (dBm)	Test?																	
			52	5260		16.00		16.00																		
	802.11a	GMbpa	56	5280		16.00		16.00																		
	002.11a	6Mbps	60	5300		16.00		16.00																		
			64	5320		16.00		16.00																		
		НТ0	52	5260		16.00		16.00																		
	802.11n20		56	5280		16.00		16.00																		
Ċι	802.111120		HIU	ни	ни	піо	піо	піо	піо	пто	піо	ню	ню	ни	1110	1110	1110	піо	60	60	5300		16.00		16.00	
5.3GHz (U-NII-2A)			64	5320		16.00		16.00																		
Hz () HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0	52	5260	NR ^{1,3}	16.00	NR ^{1,3}	16.00	No ^{2,5}														
Ż	802.11ax20					HE0	HE0	HEO	HEO	HEO	HEO	HEO	HEO	HEO	HEO	HEO	56	5280	INK ',°	16.00	INK ',°	16.00	INO ^{2,0}			
Ⅲ- 2	602.11ax20							60	5300		16.00		16.00													
≥											•							64	5320		16.00		16.00			
	802.11n40	HT0	54	5270		16.00		16.00																		
	802.111140	піо	62	5310		16.00		16.00																		
	902 11 ov 40	⊔E0	54	5270		16.00		16.00																		
	802.11ax40 HE0 802.11ac80 VHT0	ПЕО	62	5310		16.00		16.00																		
		VHT0	58	5290	15.91	16.00	15.87	16.00	Yes																	
	802.11ax80	HE0	58	5290	NR ^{1,3}	16.00	NR ^{1,3}	16.00	No ^{2,5}																	

- 1. NR: Not Required
- 2. The initial test configuration for 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz OFDM transmission modes is determined by the 802.11 configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units, including tune-up tolerance, in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. SAR for the initial test configuration is measured using the highest maximum output power channel determined by the default power measurement procedures. When multiple transmission modes (802.11a/g/n/ac/ax) have the same specified maximum output power, largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate, lowest order 802.11 mode is selected (i.e. a, g, n, ac then ax)
- Additional conducted power measurement is required when reported SAR is > 1.2W/kg. In case the subsequent test configuration and the channel bandwidth is smaller than the initial test configuration, all channels that overlap with the larger channel bandwidth in the initial configuration should be tested.
- 4. When the reported SAR of the initial test configuration is > 0.8W/kg, SAR measurement is required for the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) in the initial test configuration until reported SAR is ≤1.2W/kg or all required channels are tested.
- 5. When the highest reported SAR for the initial test configuration (when applicable, include subsequent highest output channels), according to the initial test position or fixed exposure requirements, is adjusted by the ratio of the subsequent test configuration to the initial test configuration specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤1.2 W/Kg, SAR is not required for that subsequent test configuration.
- 6. SAR for subsequent highest measured maximum output power channels in the <u>subsequent test configuration</u> is required only when the reported SAR of the preceding higher maximum output power channel(s) in the <u>subsequent test configuration</u> is >1.2 W/Kg or until all required channels are tested.



B.2.2.2 5.6 (U-NII-2C)

					D	iv 1		Div 2			
Band	Mode	Data Rate	Ch#	Freq (MHz)	Avg Pwr (dBm)	Tune-up Pwr (dBm)	Avg Pwr (dBm)	Tune-up Pwr (dBm)	SAR Test?		
			100	5500		16.00		16.00			
			104	5520		16.00		16.00			
			108	5540		16.00		16.00			
	802.11a	6Mbps	112	5560		16.00		16.00			
	002.11a	Olvibps	116	5580	_	16.00		16.00			
			120	5600		16.00		16.00			
			124	5620		16.00		16.00			
			128	5640		16.00		16.00			
			100	5500		16.00		16.00			
			104	5520		16.00		16.00			
			108	5540		16.00		16.00			
	802.11n20	НТО	112	5560		16.00		16.00			
	002.111120	піо	116	5580		16.00		16.00			
		<u>-</u>			120	5600		16.00		16.00	
			124	5620	NR ^{1,3}	16.00	NR ^{1,3}	16.00	No ^{4,6}		
5.6			128	5640		16.00		16.00			
5.6GHz (U-NII-2C)			100	5500		16.00		16.00	INO ","		
) Zł			104	5520		16.00		16.00			
_ -			108	5540		16.00		16.00			
= -	902 11av20	HE0	112	5560		16.00		16.00			
2C)	802.11ax20	HEU	116	5580		16.00		16.00			
			120	5600		16.00		16.00			
			124	5620		16.00		16.00			
			128	5640		16.00		16.00			
			102	5510		16.00		16.00			
	000 44=40	LITO	110	5550		16.00		16.00			
	802.11n40	HT0	118	5590		16.00		16.00			
			126	5630		16.00		16.00			
			102	5510		16.00		16.00			
	000 44 40	1150	110	5550		16.00		16.00			
	802.11ax40	HE0	118	5590		16.00		16.00	1		
		126	5630		16.00		16.00				
	000 11 - 00	\/\\\\	106	5530	15.86	16.00	15.94	16.00	V-		
	802.11ac80 VHT0	VHIO	122	5610	15.87	16.00	15.82	16.00	Yes		
	000.44 00	1150	106	5530		16.00	NID12	16.00	N1 46		
	802.11ax80	HE0	122	5610	NR ^{1,3}	16.00	NR ^{1,3}	16.00	No ^{4,6}		

^{1.} NR: Not Required

When band gap channels between U-NII-2C and U-NII-3 band are supported channels in U-NII-2C band below 5.65 GHz are considered as one band and channels above 5.65 GHz, together with channels in 5.8 GHz U-NII-3 or §15.247 band, are considered as a separate

Additional conducted power measurement is required when reported SAR is > 1.2W/kg. In case the subsequent test configuration and the channel bandwidth is smaller than the initial test configuration, all channels that overlap with the larger channel bandwidth in the initial configuration should be tested

^{4.} The initial test configuration for 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz OFDM transmission modes is determined by the 802.11 configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units, including tune-up tolerance, in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. SAR for the initial test configuration is measured using the highest maximum output power channel determined by the default power.



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- measurement procedures. When multiple transmission modes (802.11a/g/n/ac/ax) have the same specified maximum output power, largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate, lowest order 802.11 mode is selected (i.e. a, g, n, ac then ax)
- 5. When the reported SAR of the initial test configuration is > 0.8W/kg, SAR measurement is required for the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) in the initial test configuration until reported SAR is ≤1.2W/kg or all required channels are tested.
- 6. When the highest reported SAR for the initial test configuration (when applicable, include subsequent highest output channels), according to the initial test position or fixed exposure requirements, is adjusted by the ratio of the subsequent test configuration to the initial test configuration specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is≤1.2 W/Kg, SAR is not required for that subsequent test configuration.
- 7. SAR for subsequent highest measured maximum output power channels in the <u>subsequent test configuration</u> is required only when the reported SAR of the preceding higher maximum output power channel(s) in the <u>subsequent test configuration</u> is >1.2 W/Kg or until all required channels are tested.



B.2.2.3 5.8GHz (U-NII-3)

					Div 1		Di	v 2	SAR																											
Band	Mode	Data Rate	Ch#	Freq (MHz)	Avg Pwr (dBm)	Tune-up Pwr (dBm)	Avg Pwr (dBm)	Tune-up Pwr (dBm)	Test?																											
			132	5660	,	16.00	,	16.00																												
			136	5680		16.00		16.00																												
			140	5700		16.00		16.00																												
	000.44	0141	149	5745		16.00		16.00																												
	802.11a	6Mbps	153	5765		16.00		16.00																												
				157	5785		16.00		16.00																											
			161	5805		16.00		16.00																												
			165	5825		16.00		16.00																												
			132	5660		16.00		16.00																												
			136	5680		16.00		16.00																												
			140	5700		16.00		16.00																												
	000.44.00	LITO	149	5745		16.00		16.00																												
	802.11n20	HT0	HT0	HT0	153	5765		16.00		16.00																										
			157	5785		16.00		16.00																												
				161	5805		16.00		16.00																											
5.6-5.8GHz (U-NII-3)			165	5825	NR¹	16.00	NR¹	16.00	No ^{4,6}																											
·5.8			132	5660		16.00		16.00																												
Ĝ.		HE0	HE0	136	5680		16.00		16.00																											
łz (140	5700		16.00		16.00																											
□	000 44 - 00			HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0	HE0	HEO	HEO	HEO	HE0	HEO	149	5745		16.00		16.00	
<u> </u>	802.11ax20																								153	5765		16.00		16.00						
<u>w</u>			157	5785		16.00		16.00																												
			161	5805		16.00		16.00																												
			165	5825		16.00		16.00																												
			134	5670		16.00		16.00																												
	000 44 = 40	LITO	142	5710		16.00		16.00																												
	802.11n40	HT0	151	5755		16.00		16.00																												
			159	5795		16.00		16.00																												
			134	5670		16.00		16.00																												
	000 44 - 40	1150	142	5710		16.00		16.00																												
	802.11ax40		151	5755		16.00		16.00																												
			159	5795		16.00		16.00	1																											
	000 41		138	5690	15.82	16.00	15.93	16.00	No ^{4,6}																											
	802.11ac80		155	5775	15.86	16.00	15.95	16.00	Yes																											
	000 4 1 5 5		138	5690		16.00		16.00																												
	802.11ax80	HE0	155	5775	NR¹	16.00	NR ¹	16.00	No ^{4,6}																											

- NR: Not Required
- When band gap channels between U-NII-2C and U-NII-3 band are supported channels in U-NII-2C band below 5.65 GHz are considered
 as one band and channels above 5.65 GHz, together with channels in 5.8 GHz U-NII-3 or §15.247 band, are considered as a separate
 band
- Additional conducted power measurement is required when reported SAR is > 1.2W/kg. In case the subsequent test configuration and the
 channel bandwidth is smaller than the initial test configuration, all channels that overlap with the larger channel bandwidth in the initial
 configuration should be tested
- 4. The initial test configuration for 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz OFDM transmission modes is determined by the 802.11 configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units, including tune-up tolerance, in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. SAR for the initial test configuration is measured using the highest maximum output power channel determined by the default power measurement procedures. When multiple transmission modes (802.11a/g/n/ac) have the same specified maximum output power, largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate, lowest order 802.11 mode is selected (i.e. a, g, n, ac then ax)
- 5. When the reported SAR of the initial test configuration is > 0.8W/kg, SAR measurement is required for the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) in the initial test configuration until reported SAR is ≤1.2W/kg or all required channels are tested.



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- 6. When the highest reported SAR for the initial test configuration (when applicable, include subsequent highest output channels), according to the initial test position or fixed exposure requirements, is adjusted by the ratio of the subsequent test configuration to the initial test configuration specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤1.2 W/Kg, SAR is not required for that subsequent test configuration.
 7. SAR for subsequent highest measured maximum output power channels in the <u>subsequent test configuration</u> is required only when the
- SAR for subsequent highest measured maximum output power channels in the <u>subsequent test configuration</u> is required only when the reported SAR of the preceding higher maximum output power channel(s) in the <u>subsequent test configuration</u> is >1.2 W/Kg or until all required channels are tested.



B.2.3 **Bluetooth**

Band	Mode	Data Rate	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Antenna	Avg Pwr (dBm)	Tune-up Pwr (dBm)
			0	2402		9.74	11.50
	Bluetooth v5.1	Basic rate GFSK	39	2441		10.21	11.50
	VO. 1	OI OIC	78	2480		10.45	11.50
	51	5	0	2402			10.50
N	Bluetooth v5.1	Basic rate π/4 DQPSK	39	2441	Div 1		10.50
2.4GHz	VO. 1	II/4 DQI OK	78	2480			10.50
Σ, Σ	Distant	Dan's mate	0	2402			10.50
	Bluetooth v5.1	Basic rate 8-DPSK Low energy GFSK	39	2441		NR¹	10.50
	VO. 1		78	2480			10.50
	5		0	2412			10.00
	Bluetooth v5.1		20	2442			10.00
	V3.1		39	2480			10.00
			0	2402		9.78	11.50
	Bluetooth v5.1	Basic rate GFSK	39	2441		10.22	11.50
	VO. 1	OI OIL	78	2480		10.36	11.50
	51		0	2402			10.50
N	Bluetooth v5.1	Basic rate π/4 DQPSK	39	2441			10.50
2.4GHz	VO. 1	וויים ביינוו	78	2480	Div 2		10.50
Ήz	DI	5	0	2402			10.50
	Bluetooth v5.1	Basic rate 8-DPSK	39	2441		NR¹	10.50
	VO. 1	o Di Oit	78	2480			10.50
	Bluetooth v5.1		0	2412			10.00
		Low energy GFSK	20	2442			10.00
	VO. 1	0.0.0	39	2480			10.00

Initial test configuration

1. NR: Not Required



B.3 .76. Tissue Parameters Measurement

Body TSL

Freq. (MHz)	Target Pa	arameters	Measured TSL Parameters		Deviat	ion (%)	Date
	ε'(F/m)	σ(S/m)	ε'(F/m)	σ(S/m)	Deviation ε'	Deviation σ	
2450.0	52.7	1.95	51.66	1.95	-1.97	0.00	
5300.0	48.88	5.42	46.27	5.54	-5.34	2.21	
5500.0	48.61	5.65	45.75	5.84	-5.88	3.36	2022-09-13
5600.0	48.47	5.77	45.42	5.97	-6.29	3.47	
5800.0	48.2	6.0	44.91	6.23	-6.83	3.83	

See Annex D for more details

B.4 System Check Measurements

Frequency (MHz)	Average	Target SAR (W/kg)	Measured SAR (W/kg)	Forwarded Power (mW)	Deviation to target (%)	Limit (%)	Date
2450	1g	48.90	47.20		-3.48		2022-09-14
2450	10g	23.20	21.60		-6.90		2022-09-14
5300	1g	71.70	66.60		-7.11		2022-09-13
5300	10g	20.00	21.60		8.00		2022-09-13
5500	1g	76.90	72.00	50.0 -6.37	± 10	2022-09-13	
3300	10g	21.20	21.60		30.0	1.89	± 10
5600	1g	76.50	75.80		-0.92		2022-09-13
3600	10g	21.20	22.60	6.60		2022-09-13	
5800	1g	73.40	67.20		-8.45		2022-09-13
5600	10g	20.00	20.00		0.00		2022-09-13

See Annex C for more details.



B.5 SAR Test Results

B.5.1 Bluetooth & 802.11b/g/n/ax - 2.4GHz - DTS - BT (DSS)

Ant.	Mode Data rate	BW (MHz)	Ch #	Freq (MHz)	Position	Correct. Factor (dB)	SAR 1g (W/kg)	Reported SAR 1g (W/kg)	Plot #
					Back Face		0.09	0.11	
					Bottom Edge		0.02	0.03	
Div 1					Front Face	1.05	0.08	0.10	
DIVI					Left Edge	1.05	0.07	0.09	
					Right Edge		0.02	0.03	
	802.15	1	78	2480	Top Edge		0.02	0.03	
	DH5	, I	10	2400	Back Face		0.08	0.10	
					Bottom Edge		0.01	0.01	
Div 2					Front Face	1.14	0.08	0.10	
DIV Z	DIV 2				Left Edge	1.14	0.06	0.08	
					Right Edge		0.01	0.01	
					Top Edge		0.03	0.01	
					Back Face		0.44	0.45	1
					Bottom Edge		0.07	0.07	
Div 1			1	2412	Front Face	0.08	0.33	0.34	
DIV I			'	2412	Left Edge	0.08	0.30	0.31	
					Right Edge		0.09	0.09	
	802.11b	20			Top Edge		0.13	0.13	
	1Mbps	20			Back Face		0.37	0.37	
					Bottom Edge		0.03	0.03	
Div 2			11	2462	Front Face	0.02	0.31	0.31	
DIV Z			11	2462	Left Edge	0.02	0.30	0.30	
					Right Edge		0.12	0.12	
					Top Edge		0.12	0.12	

B.5.2 802.11a/n/ac/ax - 5.3 GHz - U-NII-2A

Ant.	Mode Data rate	BW (MHz)	Ch #	Freq (MHz)	Position	Correct. Factor (dB)	SAR 1g (W/kg)	Reported SAR 1g (W/kg)	Plot #
					Back Face		0.30	0.31	
					Bottom Edge		0.07	0.07	
Div 1			58	5290	Front Face	0.09	0.44	0.45	
ו עוט		30	5290	Left Edge	0.09	0.56	0.57		
					Right Edge		0.06	0.06	
	802.11n	80			Top Edge		0.48	0.49	
	VHT0				Back Face		0.23	0.24	
					Bottom Edge		0.08	0.08	
Div 2	D: 0		58	5290	Front Face	0.13	0.48	0.49	
Div 2			30	5290	Left Edge	0.13	0.55	0.57	2
					Right Edge		0.03	0.03	
					Top Edge		0.50	0.52	



B.5.3 802.11a/n/ac/ax - 5.6 GHz - U-NII-2C

Ant.	Mode Data rate	BW (MHz)	Ch #	Freq (MHz)	Position	Correct. Factor (dB)	SAR 1g (W/kg)	Reported SAR 1g (W/kg)	Plot #
					Back Face		0.26	0.27	
	1 802.11ac VHT0	1 2(1			Bottom Edge		0.04	0.04	
Div 1			122	5610	Front Face	0.13	0.43	0.43	
VHT0		122	0010	Left Edge	0.10	0.44	0.45		
					Right Edge		0.04	0.04	
					Top Edge		0.32	0.33	
					Back Face		0.24	0.24	
					Bottom Edge		0.06	0.06	
Div 2	802.11ac	90	106	5530	Front Face	0.06	0.39	0.40	
1111/1/2	VHT0	80	100	5550	Left Edge	0.06	0.45	0.46	3
					Right Edge		0.03	0.03	
					Top Edge		0.37	0.38	

B.5.4 802.11a/n/ax - 5.8 GHz - U-NII-3

Ant.	Mode Data rate	BW (MHz)	Ch #	Freq (MHz)	Position	Correct. Factor (dB)	SAR 1g (W/kg)	Reported SAR 1g (W/kg)	Plot #
					Back Face		0.29	0.30	
		80			Bottom Edge		0.06	0.06	
Div.4	Div 1 802.11ac VHT0		455	F77F	Front Face	0.44	0.26	0.27	
DIV 1			155	5775	Left Edge	0.14	0.42	0.43	4
					Right Edge		0.04	0.04	
					Top Edge		0.31	0.32	
					Back Face		0.15	0.15	
					Bottom Edge		0.04	0.04	
Div 2	Div 2 802.11ac	80	155	5775	Front Face	0.05	0.20	0.20	
DIV Z	VHT0	80	155	00	Left Edge		0.27	0.27	
					Right Edge		0.02	0.02	
				Top Edge		0.18	0.18		

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B.5.2 **SAR Measurement Variability**

According to FCC OET KDB 865664, SAR Measurement variability is assessed when the maximum initial measured SAR is >=0.8 W/kg for a certain band/mode.

As all measured SAR results are below 0.8W/kg, therefore SAR variability is not required



B.5.3 Simultaneous Transmission SAR Evaluation

According to FCC OET KDB 447498, when the sum of 1g SAR for all simultaneously transmitting antennas in an operating mode and exposure condition combination is within the SAR limit, SAR test exclusion applies to that simultaneous transmission configuration.

All the values stated in the table below are the worst case found for standalone measurement with disregard of the transmission mode or channel where the worst case was found

Antonno	Position	Highe	est Reported SAR (1g)	(W/Kg)
Antenna	Position	WLAN 2.4GHz	WLAN 5GHz	Bluetooth
	Back Face	0.45	0.31	0.11
	Bottom Edge	0.07	0.07	0.03
Div 1	Front Face	0.34	0.45	0.10
	Left Edge	0.31	0.57	0.09
	Right Edge	0.09	0.06	0.03
	Top Edge	0.13	0.49	0.03
	Back Face	0.37	0.24	0.10
	Bottom Edge	0.03	0.08	0.01
Div2	Front Face	0.31	0.49	0.10
DIVZ	Left Edge	0.30	0.57	0.08
	Right Edge	0.12	0.03	0.01
	Top Edge	0.12	0.52	0.01

Position	Simultaneous Tx A	ntenna Combination	Σ SAR 1g (W/kg)	Limit (W/kg)	
	Div 1	Div 2			
Back Face	WLAN 5GHz + BT		0.42		
Dack Face		WLAN 5GHz + BT	0.34		
Rottom Edgo	WLAN 5GHz + BT		0.10		
Bottom Edge		WLAN 5GHz + BT	0.09		
Front Face	WLAN 5GHz + BT		0.55		
FIUIL Face		WLAN 5GHz + BT	0.59	1.6	
Left Edge	WLAN 5GHz + BT		0.66	1.0	
Leit Euge		WLAN 5GHz + BT	0.65		
Dight Edge	WLAN 5GHz + BT		0.09		
Right Edge		WLAN 5GHz + BT	0.04		
Top Edge	WLAN 5GHz + BT		0.52		
Top Edge		WLAN 5GHz + BT	0.53		

Considering the results described above and according to the simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion considerations described in FCC OET KDB 447498, no SAR to Peak Location Separation Ratio is required.



Annex C. Test System Plots

1.	DTS - 802.11b20, CH1, Antenna – Back Face- Skycross	37
2.	UNII-2A - 802.11ac80, CH58, Antenna - Left Edge - Skycross	38
3.	UNII-2C - 802.11ac80, CH106, Antenna - Left Edge - Skycross	39
4.	UNII-3 - 802.11ac80, CH155, Antenna - Left Edge - Skycross	40
5.	System Check Body Liquid 2450.0MHz	41
6.	System Check Body Liquid 5300.0MHz	42
7.	System Check Body Liquid 5500.0MHz	43
8.	System Check Body Liquid 5800.0MHz	44



1. DTS - 802.11b20, CH1, Antenna - Back Face - Div 1- Skycross

Device under Test Properties

Model, Manufacturer	Dimensions [mm]	S/N	DUT Type
AX101D2W, Intel	40.0 x 75.0 x 9.0	D8F8834C5C43	WLAN module + Reference antenna

Exposure Conditions

Phantom Section, TSL	Position, Test Distance [mm]	Band	Group, UID	Frequency [MHz], Channel Number	Conversion Factor	TSL Conductivity [S/m]	TSL Permittivity
Flat,	BACK, 8.00	WLAN	WLAN,	2412.0,	7.89	1.92	51.7

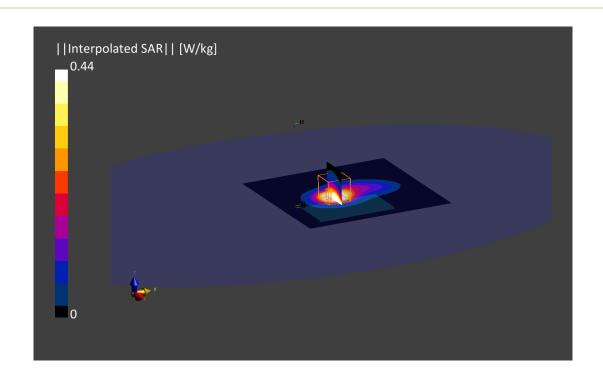
Hardware Setup

Phantom	TSL, Measured Date	Probe, Calibration Date	DAE, Calibration Date
ELI V8.0 (20deg probe tilt)	MBBL-600-6000 , 2022-Sep-13	EX3DV4 - SN7325, 2021-12-15	DAE4ip Sn1705, 2022-04-28

Scan Setup

	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Grid Extents [mm]	140.0 x 140.0	30.0 x 30.0 x 30.0
Grid Steps [mm]	10.0 x 10.0	5.0 x 5.0 x 1.5
Sensor Surface [mm]	3.0	1.4
Graded Grid	Yes	Yes
Grading Ratio	1.5	1.5
MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA
Surface Detection	VMS + 6p	VMS + 6p
Scan Method	Measured	Measured

	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Date	2022-09-14, 13:09	2022-09-14, 13:17
psSAR1g [W/kg]	0.422	0.437
psSAR10g [W/kg]	0.223	0.230
Power Drift [dB]	0.01	-0.02
Power Scaling	Disabled	Disabled
Scaling Factor [dB]		
TSL Correction	Positive only	Positive only
M2/M1 [%]		79.8
Dist 3dB Peak		14.0
[mm]		





2. UNII-2A - 802.11ac80, CH58, Antenna - Left Edge - Div 2- Skycross

Device under Test Properties

Model, Manufacturer	Dimensions [mm]	S/N	DUT Type
AX101D2W, Intel	40.0 x 75.0 x 9.0	D8F8834C5C43	WLAN module + Reference antenna

Exposure Conditions

Phantom Section, TSL	Position, Test Distance [mm]	Band	Group, UID	Frequency [MHz], Channel Number	Conversion Factor	TSL Conductivity [S/m]	TSL Permittivity
Flat,	EDGE LEFT,	WLAN 5GHz	WLAN, 10544-44C	5290.0,	4.35	5.52	46.3

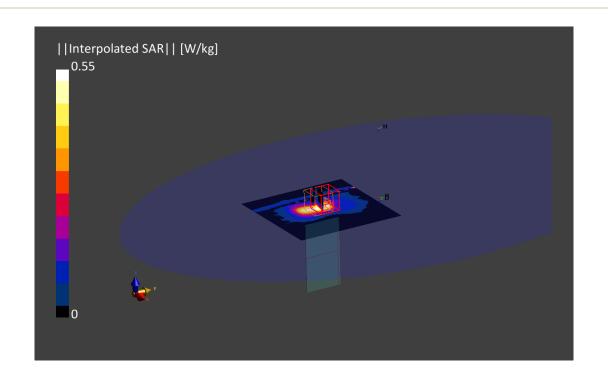
Hardware Setup

Phantom	TSL, Measured Date	Probe, Calibration Date	DAE, Calibration Date
ELI V8.0 (20deg probe tilt)	MBBL-600-6000 , 2022-Sep-13	EX3DV4 - SN7325, 2021-12-15	DAE4ip Sn1705, 2022-04-28

Scan Setup

	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Grid Extents [mm]	120.0 x 120.0	22.0 x 22.0 x 22.0
Grid Steps [mm]	2.0 x 10.0	4.0 x 4.0 x 1.4
Sensor Surface [mm]	3.0	1.4
Graded Grid	Yes	Yes
Grading Ratio	1.5	1.4
MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA
Surface Detection	VMS + 6p	VMS + 6p
Scan Method	Measured	Measured

	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Date	2022-09-13, 17:36	2022-09-13, 17:52
psSAR1g [W/kg]	0.420	0.550
psSAR10g	0.162	0.179
[W/kg]		
Power Drift [dB]	-0.14	-0.17
Power Scaling	Disabled	Disabled
Scaling Factor		
[dB]		
TSL Correction	Positive only	Positive only
M2/M1 [%]	-	70.8
Dist 3dB Peak		6.2
[mm]		





3. UNII-2C - 802.11ac80, CH106, Antenna - Left Edge - Div 2- Skycross

Device under Test Properties

Model, Manufacturer	Dimensions [mm]	S/N	DUT Type
AX101D2W, Intel	40.0 x 75.0 x 9.0	D8F8834C5C43	WLAN module + Reference antenna

Exposure Conditions

Phantom Section, TSL	Position, Test Distance [mm]	Band	Group, UID	Frequency [MHz], Channel Number	Conversion Factor	TSL Conductivity [S/m]	TSL Permittivity
Flat,	EDGE LEFT,	WLAN	WLAN,	5530.0,	4.05	5.88	45.7
MSI	8.00	5GHz	10544-AAC	106			

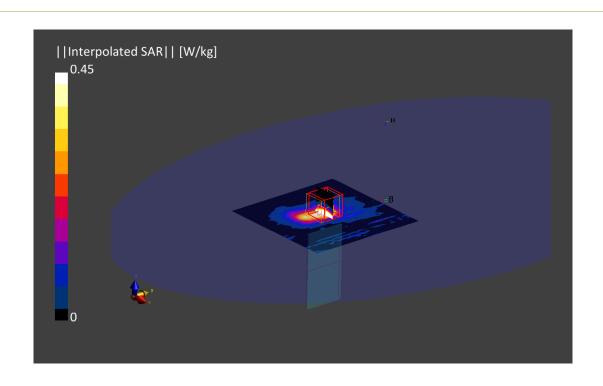
Hardware Setup

Phantom	TSL, Measured Date	Probe, Calibration Date	DAE, Calibration Date
ELI V8.0 (20deg probe tilt)	MBBL-600-6000, 2022 -Sep-13	EX3DV4 - SN7325, 2021-12-15	DAE4ip Sn1705, 2022-04-28

Scan Setup

	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Grid Extents [mm]	120.0 x 120.0	22.0 x 22.0 x 22.0
Grid Steps [mm]	2.0 x 10.0	4.0 x 4.0 x 1.4
Sensor Surface	3.0	1.4
[mm]		
Graded Grid	Yes	Yes
Grading Ratio	1.5	1.4
MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA
Surface Detection	VMS + 6p	VMS + 6p
Scan Method	Measured	Measured

Area Scan	Zoom Scan
2022-09-13, 18:16	2022-09-13, 18:24
0.380	0.446
0.140	0.153
-0.02	-0.03
Disabled	Disabled
Positive only	Positive only
	61.5
	8.2
	2022-09-13, 18:16 0.380 0.140 -0.02 Disabled







4. UNII-3 - 802.11ac80, CH155, Antenna - Left Edge - Div 1- Skycross

Device under Test Properties
Model, Manufacturer Dimensions [mm]

EDGE LEFT,

8.00

AX101D2W, Inte	el 40.0 x	(75.0 x 9.0	D8F8834C5C43	WLAN mod	lule + Reference an	tenna
Exposure Cor Phantom Section, TSL		Band Group, UID	Frequency [MHz], Channel Number	Conversion Factor	TSL Conductivity [S/m]	TSL Permittivity

5775.0,

155

S/N

Hardware Setup

MSĹ

iai airai e e e a p							
Phantom	TSL, Measured Date	Probe, Calibration Date	DAE, Calibration Date				
ELI V8.0 (20dea probe tilt)	MBBL-600-6000 . 2022-Sep-13	EX3DV4 - SN7325, 2021-12-15	DAE4ip Sn1705, 2022-04-28				

Scan Setup

	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Grid Extents [mm]	140.0 x 140.0	22.0 x 22.0 x 22.0
Grid Steps [mm]	10.0 x 10.0	4.0 x 4.0 x 1.4
Sensor Surface [mm]	3.0	1.4
Graded Grid	Yes	Yes
Grading Ratio	1.5	1.4
MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA
Surface Detection	VMS + 6p	VMS + 6p
Scan Method	Measured	Measured

WLAN

5GHz

WLAN,

10544-AAC

Measurement Results

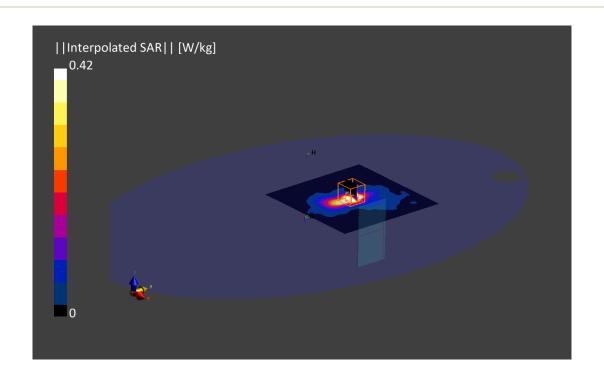
4.0

	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Date	2022-09-13, 16:33	2022-09-13, 16:41
psSAR1g [W/kg]	0.501	0.422
psSAR10g	0.161	0.144
[W/kg]		
Power Drift [dB]	-0.04	-0.06
Power Scaling	Disabled	Disabled
Scaling Factor		
[dB]		
TSL Correction	Positive only	Positive only
M2/M1 [%]		58.6
Dist 3dB Peak		8.9
[mm]		

6.20

45.0

DUT Type





5. System Check Body Liquid 2450.0MHz

Device under Test PropertiesModel, ManufacturerDimD2.45GHzV2, SPEAG50.0 **Dimensions [mm]** 50.0 x 10.0 x 8.0 **DUT Type**Validation Dipole **IMEI** 937

Exposure Conditions

Phantom Section, TSL	Position, Test Band Distance [mm]	Group, UID	Frequency [MHz], Channel Number	Conversion Factor	TSL Conductivity [S/m]	TSL Permittivity	
Flat,	,	,	2450.0,	7.89	1.95	51.7	
MSL		0					

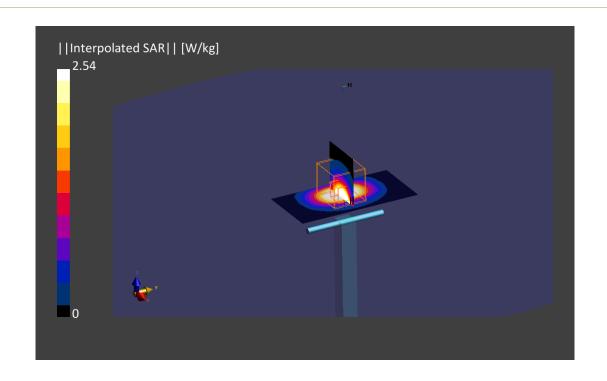
Hardware Setup

Phantom	TSL, Measured Date	Probe, Calibration Date	DAE, Calibration Date			
ELI V8.0 (20deg probe tilt)	MBBL-600-6000, 2022-Sep-13	EX3DV4 - SN7325, 2021-12-15	DAE4ip Sn1705, 2022-04-28			

Scan Setup

	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Grid Extents [mm]	40.0 x 80.0	30.0 x 30.0 x 30.0
Grid Steps [mm]	10.0 x 10.0	5.0 x 5.0 x 1.5
Sensor Surface	3.0	1.4
[mm]		
Graded Grid	Yes	Yes
Grading Ratio	1.5	1.5
MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA
Surface Detection	VMS + 6p	VMS + 6p
Scan Method	Measured	Measured

	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Date	2022-09-14, 17:54	2022-09-14, 18:01
psSAR1g [W/kg]	2.37	2.54
psSAR10g	1.16	1.17
[W/kg]		
Power Drift [dB]	-0.07	0.08
Power Scaling	Disabled	Disabled
Scaling Factor		
[dB]		
TSL Correction	Positive only	Positive only
M2/M1 [%]		77.2
Dist 3dB Peak		9.0
[mm]		





6. System Check Body Liquid 5300.0MHz

Device under Test Properties Model, Manufacturer Dimens

Model, Manufacturer Dimensions [mm] IMEI DUT Type

D5.0GHzV2, SPEAG 50.0 x 10.0 x 8.0 1164 Validation Dipole

Exposure Conditions

Phantom Section, TSL	Position, Test Distance [mm]	Band	Group, UID	Frequency [MHz], Channel Number	Conversion Factor	TSL Conductivity [S/m]	TSL Permittivity	
Flat,	,		,	5300.0,	4.35	5.54	46.3	
MSI			0	0				

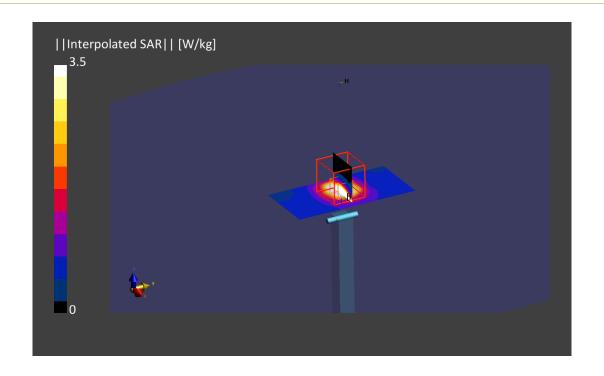
Hardware Setup

Phantom	TSL, Measured Date	Probe, Calibration Date	DAE, Calibration Date
ELI V8.0 (20deg probe tilt)	MBBL-600-6000 , 2022-Sep-13	EX3DV4 - SN7325, 2021-12-15	DAE4ip Sn1705, 2022-04-28

Scan Setup

	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Grid Extents [mm]	40.0 x 80.0	22.0 x 22.0 x 22.0
Grid Steps [mm]	10.0 x 10.0	4.0 x 4.0 x 1.4
Sensor Surface	3.0	1.4
[mm]		
Graded Grid	Yes	Yes
Grading Ratio	1.5	1.4
MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA
Surface Detection	VMS + 6p	VMS + 6p
Scan Method	Measured	Measured

	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Date	2022-09-13, 12:39	2022-09-13, 12:46
psSAR1g [W/kg]	3.34	3.50
psSAR10g	1.17	1.14
[W/kg]		
Power Drift [dB]	-0.06	-0.07
Power Scaling	Disabled	Disabled
Scaling Factor		
[dB]		
TSL Correction	Positive only	Positive only
M2/M1 [%]		61.7
Dist 3dB Peak		7.9
[mm]		





7. System Check Body Liquid 5500.0MHz

Device under Test Properties

Model, Manufacturer	Dimensions [mm]	IMEI	DUT Type
D5.0GHzV2, SPEAG	50.0 x 10.0 x 8.0	1164	Validation Dipole

Exposure Conditions

Phantom Section, TSL		Band	Group, UID	Frequency [MHz], Channel Number	Conversion Factor	TSL Conductivity [S/m]	TSL Permittivity
Flat,	,		,	5500.0,	4.05	5.84	45.8
MSI			0	0			

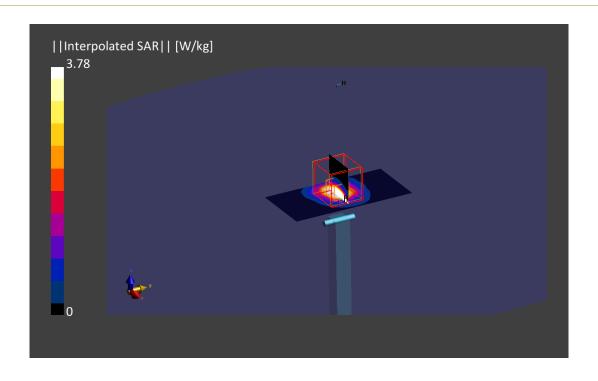
Hardware Setup

Phantom	TSL, Measured Date	Probe, Calibration Date	DAE, Calibration Date
ELI V8.0 (20deg probe tilt)	MBBL-600-6000 , 2022-Sep-13	EX3DV4 - SN7325, 2021-12-15	DAE4ip Sn1705, 2022-04-28

Scan Setup

	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Grid Extents [mm]	40.0 x 80.0	22.0 x 22.0 x 22.0
Grid Steps [mm]	10.0 x 10.0	4.0 x 4.0 x 1.4
Sensor Surface	3.0	1.4
[mm]		
Graded Grid	Yes	Yes
Grading Ratio	1.5	1.4
MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA	Confirmed by MAIA
Surface Detection	VMS + 6p	VMS + 6p
Scan Method	Measured	Measured

	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Date	2022-09-13, 12:50	2022-09-13, 12:57
psSAR1g [W/kg]	3.23	3.78
psSAR10g [W/kg]	1.05	1.13
Power Drift [dB]	-0.02	-0.10
Power Scaling	Disabled	Disabled
Scaling Factor [dB]		
TSL Correction	Positive only	Positive only
M2/M1 [%]		59.4
Dist 3dB Peak		7.9
[mm]		





8. System Check Body Liquid 5800.0MHz

Device under Test Properties

Model, Manufacturer	Dimensions [mm]	IMEI	DUT Type
D5.0GHzV2, SPEAG	50.0 x 10.0 x 8.0	1164	Validation Dipole

Exposure Conditions

Phantom Section, TSL	Position, Test Distance [mm]	Band	Group, UID	Frequency [MHz], Channel Number	Conversion Factor	TSL Conductivity [S/m]	TSL Permittivity
Flat,	,		,	5800.0,	4.0	6.23	44.9
MSL			0	0			

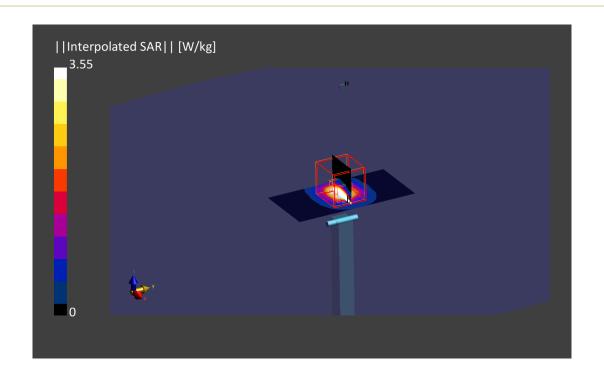
Hardware Setup

Phantom	TSL, Measured Date	Probe, Calibration Date	DAE, Calibration Date
ELI V8.0 (20deg probe tilt)	MBBL-600-6000 , 2022-Sep-13	EX3DV4 - SN7325, 2021-12-15	DAE4ip Sn1705, 2022-04-28

Scan Setup

	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Grid Extents [mm]	40.0 x 80.0	22.0 x 22.0 x 22.0
Grid Steps [mm]	10.0 x 10.0	$4.0 \times 4.0 \times 1.4$
Sensor Surface [mm]	3.0	1.4
Graded Grid	Yes	Yes
Grading Ratio	1.5	1.4
MAIA Surface Detection	Confirmed by MAIA VMS + 6p	Confirmed by MAIA VMS + 6p
Scan Method	Measured	Measured
Scari Metriou	Measureu	ivieasureu

	Area Scan	Zoom Scan
Date	2022-09-13, 13:12	2022-09-13, 13:19
psSAR1g [W/kg]	2.99	3.55
psSAR10g [W/kg]	0.966	1.06
Power Drift [dB]	-0.16	-0.08
Power Scaling	Disabled	Disabled
Scaling Factor [dB]		
TSL Correction	Positive only	Positive only
M2/M1 [%]	-	56.2
Dist 3dB Peak		7.9
[mm]		



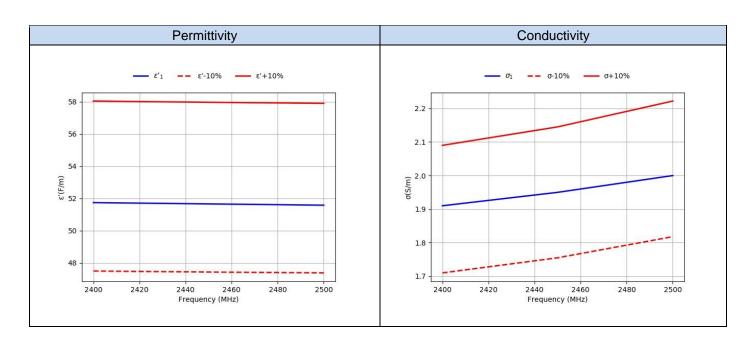


Annex D. TSL Dielectric Parameters

D.1 Body DTS 2450MHz

Freq. (MHz) Target	Measured 2022-09-14
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	ε'(F/m)	σ(S/m)	ε'1(F/m)	σ1(S/m)
2400.0	52.77	1.90	51.74	1.91
2450.0	52.7	1.95	51.66	1.95
2500.0	52.64	2.02	51.58	2.00



D.2 Body 5200MHz-5900MHz

Freq. (MHz)	Taı	get		sured 09-13
	ε'(F/m)	σ(S/m)	ε'1(F/m)	σ1(S/m)
5200.0	49.01	5.3	46.47	5.37
5250.0	48.95	5.36	46.37	5.45
5300.0	48.88	5.42	46.27	5.54
5350.0	48.81	5.47	46.15	5.62
5400.0	48.74	5.53	46.02	5.69
5450.0	48.67	5.59	45.89	5.77
5500.0	48.61	5.65	45.75	5.84
5550.0	48.54	5.71	45.60	5.91
5600.0	48.47	5.77	45.42	5.97
5650.0	48.40	5.82	45.25	6.05
5700.0	48.34	5.88	45.12	6.11
5750.0	48.27	5.94	45.01	6.17
5800.0	48.20	6.00	44.91	6.23
5850.0	48.13	6.06	44.83	6.28
5900.0	48.06	6.12	44.74	6.35



