# DOT MATRIX VFD MODULE M202SD01HA INSTRUCTION MANUAL 

## GENERAL DESCRIPTION

Futaba Vacuum Fluorescent Display Module M202SD01HA, with Futaba VFD 202-SD-01GK display, produces 20 digits on 2 rows.
Each character is displayed in $5 \times 7$ dot matrix.
Consisting of a VFD, one chip controller, driver IC, the module can be connected directly to the system bus, thus simplifying interfacing. The bright and aesthetically pleasing VFD makes the module desirable for application in office equipments, such as electronic typewriters, computer terminals, measuring equipment, etc.

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7. FEATURES

1-1. One chip controller is equipped on the module and :t realizes intelligent terminal.
The module can be connected to the system bus directly.

1-2. Two hundred and twenty-three character fonts consisting of alphabets, katakanas, numeral and other symbols can be displayed.

1-3. By using dimming function, brightness can be controlled into 5 levels.
1-4. Since a $\mathrm{DC} / \mathrm{DC}$ converter is included, only 5 V power source is required to operate the module.

1-5. High quality and reliability, also long life can be achieved with FUTABA VFD.

1-6. Compact, light weight and thin design by using SMART (Surface Mount And Reflow Technology) provides excellent built-in capability.

1-7 Either parallel or serial input interface can be selected. In case of serial input, it is possible to choose 1200, 2400, 4800, and 9600 bps.
2. GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

2-1. DIMENSIONS, WEIGHT (Refer FIG.2)
TABLE-1

| Item | Specification | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Outer <br> Dimension | (L) $100 \pm 1$ <br> (W) $35 \pm 1$ <br> (T) 26.3 MAX. | mm |
| Weight | 80 | g |

2-2. SPECIFICATIONS OF THE DISPLAY PANEL
TABLE-2

| Item | Specification | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Display area | $69.7 \times 12.92$ | mm |
| Number of digits | 20digits $(5 \times 7) \times 2$ rows | - |
| Digits size $(\mathrm{H} \times \mathrm{W})$ | $4.16 \times 2.25$ | mm |
| Digits pitch $(\mathrm{H} \times \mathrm{W})$ | $8.76 \times 3.55$ | mm |
| Color of illumination | Green $(505 \mathrm{~nm})$ | - |

2-3. ENVIRONMENT CONDITIONS
TABLE-3

| Item | Symbol | Min. | Max. | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Operating temperature | Topr | -20 | +70 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Storage temperature | Tstg | -20 | +70 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Operating humidity | Hopr | 20 | 85 | $\%$ |
| Storage humidity | Hstg | 20 | 90 | $\%$ |
| Vibration (10 to 55 Hz ) | - | - | 4 | G |
| Shock | - | - | 40 | G |

Note) Avoid operations and or storage in moist environmental conditions.

- $\therefore$ ABSOLUTE MAXMLM RATNGS

TABLE-4

| Item | Symbo! | Min. | Max. | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Supply voltage | $V_{C C}$ | - | 6.5 | V |
| Input signal voltage | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IS }}$ | -0.3 | 5.5 | V |

## 2-5. RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

TABLE-5

| Item | Symbol | Condition | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Supply voltage | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ | - | 4.5 | 5.0 | 5.5 | V |
| H-level Input voltage | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IH}}$ | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=5 \mathrm{~V}$ | $0.7 \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ | - | - | V |
| L-level Input voltage | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IL}}$ | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=5 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | - | $0.3 \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ | V |

2-6. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS
TABLE-6

| Item | Symbol | Condition | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Supply current | ICC | $V_{C C}=5 V$ <br> All on | - | 250 | 350 | mA |
| Power consumption | - |  | - | 1.3 | - | W |
| Luminance | L |  | $\begin{gathered} 340 \\ (100) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 690 \\ (200) \end{array}$ | - | $\underset{(\mathrm{fL})}{\mathrm{cd} / \mathrm{m}^{2}}$ |
| H -level input current | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{H}}$ | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=5.5 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | - | 1 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| L-level input current | $\mathrm{I}_{\text {LL }}$ | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {CC }}=5.5 \mathrm{~V}$ | -0.22 | -0.11 | -0.05 | mA |
| H-level output voltage | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{OH}}$ | $\begin{aligned} \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}} & =4.5 \mathrm{~V} \\ \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{OH}} & =-0.5 \mathrm{~mA} \end{aligned}$ | 3.6 | - | - | V |
| L-level output voltage | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {OL }}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=4.5 \mathrm{~V} \\ & \mathrm{IOL}^{2}=0.5 \mathrm{~mA} \end{aligned}$ | - | - | 0.9 | V |

Note) The surge current can be approx. 10 times the specified supply current at power on.

The module has the functions such as data and control code write, SELF-TEST, and power-on reset function. (See TABLE-7)

TABLE-T

|  | $\overline{\mathrm{TEST}}$ | $\overline{\mathrm{SEL}}$ | $\overline{\mathrm{WR}}$ | $\overline{\mathrm{RXD}}$ | Function |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Parallel and <br> Serial interface | L | H or L | Hor L | Hor L | Self tesi |
| Parallel interface | HorNC | L | $\uparrow$ | NC | Data and control code write in |
| Serial interface | HorNC | NC | NC | $*$ | Data and control code write in |

L : Low level (0V)
H : High level (5V)
NC : non connection
$\uparrow$ : Low to high transition

* : RXD (Serial input)


## THE BASIC FUNCTION

## 3-1. DATA AND CONTROL CODE WRITE IN

When the data is being written in, the BUSY signal is active which indicates that the module is processing data.
(When data is under processing, the BUSY signal is high "H".)
In case of parallel input, data or control command is to be written
at the low-to-high transition of $\overline{W R}(L-H)$, when $\overline{S E L}=10 w$ " $L$ ": and $\overline{\text { TEST }}=$ high "H".

The display character from follows equivalent to JIS-6220 (Alphabets Katakanas and Symbols etc.).

After a character is written in, the write-in position will be shifted to the right one digit automatically.

The above action can be executed, only when the BUSY signal is low "L".

## 3-2. CONTROL CODE

The control codes are available as follows.
The details will be explained from the next page.
(1) DIM : Dimming : (04 HEX)
(2) BS : Back Space: (08 HEX)
(3) HT : Horizontal Tab : (09 HEX)
(4) CLR : Clear : (OD HEX)
(5) DP : Display Position : (10 HEX)
(6) DC : Cursor Mode: (17 HEX)
(7) ALD : All Display : (OF HEX)
(8) RST : Reset : (1F HEX)

## DATA WRITE-IN

Write-in position will be shifted to the right after new character data is written-in.

A character data is writien-in to the right end of 2 nd row, the write-in position will move to the left end of 1st row.

Then new character data is written-in to the left end of 1st row, all displayed characters will be cleared except new one.
(1) DIM (Dimming)

The brightness can be controlled into six eevels by using this function. After writing 04 H , the following dimming data is written to change the brightness out put.

Ibyte - Ibyte
(DIM command code), 04 H Dimming level data
TABLE-8

| Dimming Level | Data |
| :---: | :---: |
| $100 \%$ | FFH |
| $80 \%$ | 80 H |
| $60 \%$ | 60 H |
| $40 \%$ | 40 H |
| $20 \%$ | 20 H |
| $0 \%$ | 00 H |

(2) BS (Back Space)

The write-in position is shifted to the left one digit, and the character previously displayed on the digit will be cleared.
When the write-in position is on the most significant digit of the second row, the write-in position moves to the least significant digit of the first row.
When the write-in position is on the most significant digit of the first row, the write-in position moves to the least significant digit of the second row.
(3) HT (Horizontal Tab)

The write-in position is shifted to the right one digit.
When the write-in position is on the least significant digit of the first row, the write-in position will move to the most significant digit of the second row.
When the write-in position is on the least significant digit of the second row, the write-in position will move to the most significant digit of the first row.
(4) CLR (Clear)

Al the characters displayed are erased, the wate postion moves to the most significant digit of the first row.
But the Dimming level and Cursor Mode are kept.
(5) DP
(Display Position)
Instead of writing a character from the first digit, the write-in starting position can be pointed by using this function.
After writing 10 HEX to prepare the module for this command, another HEX byte is written to specify the position desired.

The most significant digit The least significant digit

| 1st row | 00 HEX | 13 HEX |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2nd row | 14 HEX | 27 HEX |

(6) DC (Cursor Mode):

- After writing 17HEX, another HEX byte mentioned under is written to change the cursor mode.

| 1byte | + |
| :---: | :---: |
| (DC5 command Code) | 1byie |
| (Select Mode Data) |  |

TABLE-9

| Select Mode | Data |
| :--- | :---: |
| Lighting | FFH |
| Blinking | 88 H |
| No Lighting | 00 H |

The cursor is always displayed at the write-in position.
The cursor is formed by the 5 dots located the bottom of $5 \times 7$ dot matrix character font.
The cursor will be displayed as an over writing mode and the behavior of the cursor under the lighting mode and blinking mode are explained below.
lighting mode
When the non displayed position is assigned as a write-in position, the cursor will be displayed there.
But, the position that already one of the character located is assigned, this character will be eliminated and the cursor will be displayed.

## blinking mode

The cursor will be repeated $O N$ and OFF every 0.3 second when the non displayed position is selected for the write-in position.
And the position of the character already located is selected is selected (as a write-in position), the character and the cursor will be displayed alternately.
(․) no lighting mode
The no lighting mode means that the cursor will not be displayed.
When the power is turned on, no lighting mode will be selected automatically.
Therefore, if the cursor is required, DC command shall be sent to select the cursor lighting or blinking mode.
(7) ALD (All Display)

The full dots in all digits are displayed.
The dimming level is set for $100 \%$.
To release this mode, the module is turned off or the RST command shall be written.

## (8) RST (Reset)

Resetting the module.
All the characters displayed are erased, then the write-in position will be set on the most significant digit of the first row.
The displaying status is the same as the power on reset, and cursor mode is set for no lighting mode, the dimming level is set for $100 \%$.

## 3-3. SELF-TEST

When the TEST terminal is kept into "L" (connector pin \#10 to be connected to GND.) the SELF-TEST starts.
Then the display shows characters, Alphabets, and symbols, in that order. Forty $(2 \times 20)$ characters are displayed at a time.
Using this mode, neither data write-in nor control code write-in is allowed.
To release this mode, $\overline{\mathrm{TEST}}$ must be set to " H ".

### 3.4. POWER ON RESET

When the module is turned, the display and tie me:nory are cleared and the module is initialized.
The cursor mode is set for no lighting mode, and the dimming level is set for $100 \%$.
When an external reset function is required, please contact Futaba sales office for further information.

## 3-5. SELECTION OF INPUT MODE

TABLE-11 shows the combination of the signal lines for the parallel or serial input.
It is needed to choose one of the combinations before operation.
Unused signal lines are to be open (internally pulled up).
In case of serial input, it is possible to choose four kinds of baud rate by $\mathrm{J} 1 \sim \mathrm{~J} 2$, as shown below.

TABLE-10

| $J 1$ | OPEN | SHORT | OPEN | SHORT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $J 2$ | OPEN | OPEN | SHORT | SHORT |
| baud rate | 9600 | 4800 | 2400 | 1200 |

BAU'D RATE SELECTION

## 4. INTERFACE CONNECTION

4.1. CONNECTOR PINCONECTION

Connector : A1-20PA-2.54DSA(HIROSE) or equivalent
Socket : 3421.6000SL (3M) or equivalent

TABLE. 11

| PIN ino. | SIGNAL | SERIAL IN | parallel IN | PIN No. | SIG:NAL | SERLAL IN | parallel IN |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | D7 | NC | $\bigcirc$ | 2 | 5 V | $\bigcirc$ | 0 |
| 3 | D6 | NC | O | 4 | 5 V | 0 | 0 |
| 5 | D5 | NC | 0 | 6 | 5 V | - | 0 |
| 7 | D4 | NC | 0 | 8 | GND | 0 | 0 |
| 9 | D3 | NC | 0 | 10 | GND | 0 | 0 |
| 11 | D2 | NC | 0 | 12 | GND | 0 | 0 |
| 13 | D1 | NC | $\bigcirc$ | 14 | GND | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ |
| 15 | D0 | NC | 0 | 16 | $\overline{T E S T}$ | 0 | $\bigcirc$ |
| 17 | $\overline{\mathrm{WR}}$ | NC | $\bigcirc$ | 18 | $\overline{\text { SEL }}$ | NC | $\bigcirc$ |
| 19 | RXD | $\bigcirc$ | NC | 20 | BLSY | 0 | $\bigcirc$ |

## CONNECTOR PINCONNECTION

4-2. WRITE-IN TIMING (See FIG.2)
Please be sure the BUSY signal is into " $L$ ", when the data will be written in.
In case of the serial input, the module accepts the 10 bit data string as a data, first "L" level data as a start bit, 2nd to 9 th data as an input data and the last " H " leve! data as a stop bit. When these data are not received exactly, they will be ignored and not displayed on the module.

4-2-1. PARALLEL INPUT


FIG. 1 WRITE -IN TIMNG

|  |  | Min. | Max. | Note |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $(1)$ | tsu (DATA) | 50 ns | - |  |
| $(2)$ | th (DATA) | 100 ns | - |  |
| $(3)$ | tsu (SEL) | 50 ns | - |  |
| (4) | th (SEL) | 50 ns | - |  |
| $(5)$ | tpw (WR) | 50 ns | - |  |
| $(6)$ | twait (1) | 0 ns | - |  |
| $(3)$ | twait (2) | $1 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ | - |  |
| $(3)$ | tdelay | - | 150 ns |  |
| $(3)$ | twait (3) | - | $45 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ |  |

4-2.2. SERIAL INPUT


FIG. 2 WRITE-IN TIMING




5. WARRANTY

This display module is guaranteed for 1 year after shipment form FUTTABA.

## 6. OPERATING RECOMMENDATIONS

6-1. Avoid applying excessive shock or vibration beyond the specification for this module.

6-2. Since VFDs are made of glass material, careful handling is important.
6-3. Applying lower voltage than the specified may cause non activation for selected pixels.
Conversely, higher voltage may cause non-selected pixel to be activated.
If such a phenomenon is observed, check the voltage level of the power supply.

6-4. Avoid plugging or unplugging the interface connection with the power on.
$10-5$. If the start up time of the supply voltage is slow, the controller may not be reset.
The supply voltage must be risen up to the specified voltage level within 30 msec .

10-6. Avoid using the module where excessive noise interference is expected. Noise affects the interface signal and causes improper operation. Keep the length of the interface cable less than 50 cm (When the longer cable is required, please contact FUTABA engineering.).

10-7. When power supply is turned off, the capacitor does not discharge immediately.
The high voltage applied to the VFD must not contact the controller IC. (The shorting of the mounted components within 30 seconds after power off may cause damage.)

## REMARKS

This specification is subject to change without prior notice in order to improve the design and quality.
Your consultation with our engineer is recommended for the use of this module.

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