# SGS-CSTC Standards Technical Services Co., Ltd. Xi'An Branch

Report No.: ZR/2019/B000305

# **Appendix C**

## **Calibration certificate**

1. Dipole
CD835V3-SN 1052(2019-06-21)
CD1880V3-SN 1044(2019-06-21)
CD2600V3-SN 1021(2019-09-03)
2. DAE
DAE4-SN 896(2019-09-18)
3. Probe
ER3DV3-SN 4051(2019-06-18)





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Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Client

SGS-TW (Auden)

Certificate No: CD835V3-1052 Jun19

## **CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE**

Object

CD835V3 - SN: 1052

Calibration procedure(s)

QA CAL-20.v7

Calibration Procedure for Validation Sources in air

Calibration date:

June 21, 2019

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22  $\pm$  3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

ID#	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
SN: 104778	03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02892/02893)	Apr-20
SN: 103244	03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02892)	Apr-20
SN: 103245	03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02893)	Apr-20
SN: 5058 (20k)	04-Apr-19 (No. 217-02894)	Apr-20
SN: 5047.2 / 06327	04-Apr-19 (No. 217-02895)	Apr-20
SN: 4013	03-Jan-19 (No. EF3-4013_Jan19)	Jan-20
SN: 781	09-Jan-19 (No. DAE4-781_Jan19)	Jan-20
ID#	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
SN: GB42420191	09-Oct-09 (in house check Oct-17)	In house check: Oct-20
SN: US38485102	05-Jan-10 (in house check Oct-17)	In house check: Oct-20
SN: US37295597	09-Oct-09 (in house check Oct-17)	In house check: Oct-20
SN: 837633/005	10-Jan-19 (in house check Jan-19)	In house check: Oct-22
SN: US41080477	31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-18)	In house check: Oct-19
Name	Function	Signature
Claudio Leubler	Laboratory Technician	
Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	YEL
	SN: 104778 SN: 103244 SN: 103245 SN: 5058 (20k) SN: 5047.2 / 06327 SN: 4013 SN: 781  ID # SN: GB42420191 SN: US38485102 SN: US37295597 SN: 837633/005 SN: US41080477  Name Claudio Leubler	SN: 104778

Issued: June 24, 2019

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Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

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#### References

[1] ANSI-C63.19-2011
American National Standard, Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications
Devices and Hearing Aids.

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

- Coordinate System: y-axis is in the direction of the dipole arms. z-axis is from the basis of the antenna
  (mounted on the table) towards its feed point between the two dipole arms. x-axis is normal to the other axes.
  In coincidence with the standards [1], the measurement planes (probe sensor center) are selected to be at a
  distance of 15 mm above the top metal edge of the dipole arms.
- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the hardcopies at the end of the certificate. All
  figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated. The forward power to the dipole connector
  is set with a calibrated power meter connected and monitored with an auxiliary power meter connected to a
  directional coupler. While the dipole under test is connected, the forward power is adjusted to the same level.
- Antenna Positioning: The dipole is mounted on a HAC Test Arch phantom using the matching dipole positioner with the arms horizontal and the feeding cable coming from the floor. The measurements are performed in a shielded room with absorbers around the setup to reduce the reflections. It is verified before the mounting of the dipole under the Test Arch phantom, that its arms are perfectly in a line. It is installed on the HAC dipole positioner with its arms parallel below the dielectric reference wire and able to move elastically in vertical direction without changing its relative position to the top center of the Test Arch phantom. The vertical distance to the probe is adjusted after dipole mounting with a DASY5 Surface Check job. Before the measurement, the distance between phantom surface and probe tip is verified. The proper measurement distance is selected by choosing the matching section of the HAC Test Arch phantom with the proper device reference point (upper surface of the dipole) and the matching grid reference point (tip of the probe) considering the probe sensor offset. The vertical distance to the probe is essential for the accuracy.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured using a Vector Network Analyzer. The impedance is specified at the SMA connector of the dipole. The influence of reflections was eliminating by applying the averaging function while moving the dipole in the air, at least 70cm away from any obstacles.
- E-field distribution: E field is measured in the x-y-plane with an isotropic E-field probe with 100 mW forward power to the antenna feed point. In accordance with [1], the scan area is 20mm wide, its length exceeds the dipole arm length (180 or 90mm). The sensor center is 15 mm (in z) above the metal top of the dipole arms. Two 3D maxima are available near the end of the dipole arms. Assuming the dipole arms are perfectly in one line, the average of these two maxima (in subgrid 2 and subgrid 8) is determined to compensate for any non-parallelity to the measurement plane as well as the sensor displacement. The E-field value stated as calibration value represents the maximum of the interpolated 3D-E-field, in the plane above the dipole surface.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: CD835V3-1052\_Jun19 Page 2 of 5

#### **Measurement Conditions**

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.10.2
Phantom	HAC Test Arch	
Distance Dipole Top - Probe Center	15 mm	
Scan resolution	dx, dy = 5 mm	
Frequency	835 MHz ± 1 MHz	
Input power drift	< 0.05 dB	

#### Maximum Field values at 835 MHz

E-field 15 mm above dipole surface	condition	Interpolated maximum
Maximum measured above high end	100 mW input power	106.3 V/m = 40.53 dBV/m
Maximum measured above low end	100 mW input power	104.7 V/m = 40.40 dBV/m
Averaged maximum above arm	100 mW input power	105.5 V/m ± 12.8 % (k=2)

## Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

#### **Antenna Parameters**

Frequency	Return Loss	Impedance
800 MHz	15.7 dB	40.4 Ω - 11.4 jΩ
835 MHz	29.0 dB	$51.4 \Omega + 3.3 j\Omega$
880 MHz	18.1 dB	58.7 Ω - 10.4 jΩ
900 MHz	16.4 dB	50.1 Ω - 15.3 jΩ
945 MHz	25.8 dB	48.4 Ω + 4.8 jΩ

## 3.2 Antenna Design and Handling

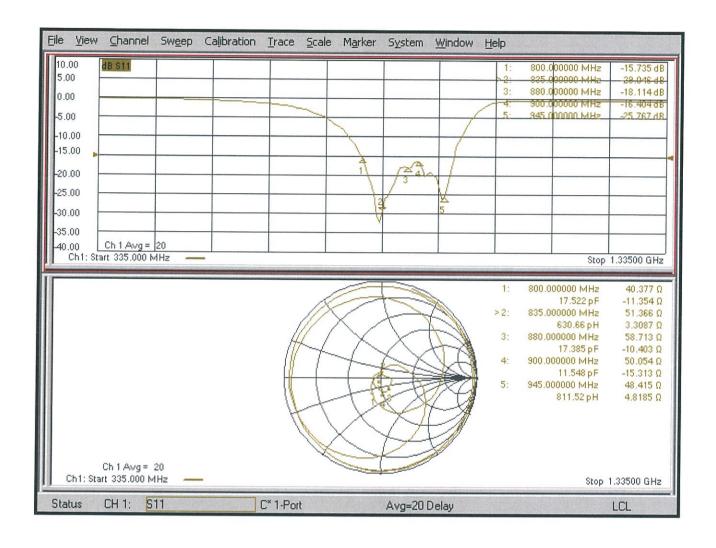
The calibration dipole has a symmetric geometry with a built-in two stub matching network, which leads to the enhanced bandwidth.

The dipole is built of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The internal matching line is open ended. The antenna is therefore open for DC signals.

Do not apply force to dipole arms, as they are liable to bend. The soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged. After excessive mechanical stress or overheating, check the impedance characteristics to ensure that the internal matching network is not affected.

After long term use with 40W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

## **Impedance Measurement Plot**



#### **DASY5 E-field Result**

Date: 21.06.2019

Test Laboratory: SPEAG Lab2

## DUT: HAC-Dipole 835 MHz; Type: CD835V3; Serial: CD835V3 - SN: 1052

Communication System: UID 0 - CW ; Frequency: 835 MHz Medium parameters used:  $\sigma$  = 0 S/m,  $\epsilon_r$  = 1;  $\rho$  = 0 kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: RF Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

#### DASY52 Configuration:

Probe: EF3DV3 - SN4013; ConvF(1, 1, 1) @ 835 MHz; Calibrated: 03.01.2019

Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn781; Calibrated: 09.01.2019

Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1070

DASY52 52.10.2(1504); SEMCAD X 14.6.12(7470)

## Dipole E-Field measurement @ 835MHz/E-Scan - 835MHz d=15mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x361x1):

Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 123.8 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

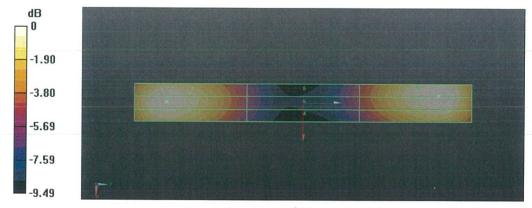
Applied MIF = 0.00 dB

RF audio interference level = 40.53 dBV/m

**Emission category: M3** 

#### MIF scaled E-field

Grid 1 M3	Grid 2 M3	Grid 3 M3
40.13 dBV/m	40.4 dBV/m	40.26 dBV/m
Grid 4 <b>M4</b>	Grid 5 M4	Grid 6 M4
35.16 dBV/m	35.7 dBV/m	35.71 dBV/m
Grid 7 <b>M4</b>	Grid 8 <b>M3</b>	Grid 9 <b>M3</b>
39.81 dBV/m	40.53 dBV/m	40.53 dBV/m



0 dB = 106.3 V/m = 40.53 dBV/m





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Client

SGS-TW (Auden)

Certificate No: CD1880V3-1044 Jun19

#### CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE CD1880V3 - SN: 1044 Object QA CAL-20.v7 Calibration procedure(s) Calibration Procedure for Validation Sources in air June 21, 2019 Calibration date: This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate. All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%. Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration) Primary Standards ID# Cal Date (Certificate No.) Scheduled Calibration Power meter NRP SN: 104778 03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02892/02893) Apr-20 Power sensor NRP-Z91 SN: 103244 03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02892) Apr-20 Power sensor NRP-Z91 SN: 103245 03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02893) Apr-20 Reference 20 dB Attenuator SN: 5058 (20k) 04-Apr-19 (No. 217-02894) Apr-20 Type-N mismatch combination SN: 5047.2 / 06327 04-Apr-19 (No. 217-02895) Apr-20 Probe EF3DV3 SN: 4013 03-Jan-19 (No. EF3-4013\_Jan19) Jan-20 DAE4 SN: 781 09-Jan-19 (No. DAE4-781\_Jan19) Jan-20 Secondary Standards ID# Check Date (in house) Scheduled Check Power meter Agilent 4419B SN: GB42420191 09-Oct-09 (in house check Oct-17) In house check: Oct-20 Power sensor HP E4412A SN: US38485102 05-Jan-10 (in house check Oct-17) In house check: Oct-20 Power sensor HP 8482A SN: US37295597 09-Oct-09 (in house check Oct-17) In house check: Oct-20 RF generator R&S SMT-06 SN: 837633/005 10-Jan-19 (in house check Jan-19) In house check: Oct-22 Network Analyzer Agilent E8358A SN: US41080477 31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-18) In house check: Oct-19 Name Function Signature Calibrated by: Claudio Leubler Laboratory Technician Approved by: Katja Pokovic Technical Manager Issued: June 24, 2019 This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.





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#### References

[1] ANSI-C63.19-2011
American National Standard, Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications
Devices and Hearing Aids.

#### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Coordinate System: y-axis is in the direction of the dipole arms. z-axis is from the basis of the antenna
  (mounted on the table) towards its feed point between the two dipole arms. x-axis is normal to the other axes.
  In coincidence with the standards [1], the measurement planes (probe sensor center) are selected to be at a
  distance of 15 mm above the top metal edge of the dipole arms.
- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the hardcopies at the end of the certificate. All
  figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated. The forward power to the dipole connector
  is set with a calibrated power meter connected and monitored with an auxiliary power meter connected to a
  directional coupler. While the dipole under test is connected, the forward power is adjusted to the same level.
- Antenna Positioning: The dipole is mounted on a HAC Test Arch phantom using the matching dipole positioner with the arms horizontal and the feeding cable coming from the floor. The measurements are performed in a shielded room with absorbers around the setup to reduce the reflections. It is verified before the mounting of the dipole under the Test Arch phantom, that its arms are perfectly in a line. It is installed on the HAC dipole positioner with its arms parallel below the dielectric reference wire and able to move elastically in vertical direction without changing its relative position to the top center of the Test Arch phantom. The vertical distance to the probe is adjusted after dipole mounting with a DASY5 Surface Check job. Before the measurement, the distance between phantom surface and probe tip is verified. The proper measurement distance is selected by choosing the matching section of the HAC Test Arch phantom with the proper device reference point (upper surface of the dipole) and the matching grid reference point (tip of the probe) considering the probe sensor offset. The vertical distance to the probe is essential for the accuracy.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured using a Vector Network Analyzer. The impedance is specified at the SMA connector of the dipole. The influence of reflections was eliminating by applying the averaging function while moving the dipole in the air, at least 70cm away from any obstacles.
- E-field distribution: E field is measured in the x-y-plane with an isotropic E-field probe with 100 mW forward power to the antenna feed point. In accordance with [1], the scan area is 20mm wide, its length exceeds the dipole arm length (180 or 90mm). The sensor center is 15 mm (in z) above the metal top of the dipole arms. Two 3D maxima are available near the end of the dipole arms. Assuming the dipole arms are perfectly in one line, the average of these two maxima (in subgrid 2 and subgrid 8) is determined to compensate for any non-parallelity to the measurement plane as well as the sensor displacement. The E-field value stated as calibration value represents the maximum of the interpolated 3D-E-field, in the plane above the dipole surface.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

## **Measurement Conditions**

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.10.2
Phantom	HAC Test Arch	
Distance Dipole Top - Probe Center	15 mm	
Scan resolution	dx, dy = 5 mm	
Frequency	1880 MHz ± 1 MHz	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Input power drift	< 0.05 dB	

### Maximum Field values at 1880 MHz

E-field 15 mm above dipole surface	condition	Interpolated maximum
Maximum measured above high end	100 mW input power	88.7 V/m = 38.96 dBV/m
Maximum measured above low end	100 mW input power	85.7 V/m = 38.66 dBV/m
Averaged maximum above arm	100 mW input power	87.2 V/m ± 12.8 % (k=2)

## Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

#### **Antenna Parameters**

Frequency	Return Loss	Impedance
1730 MHz	24.3 dB	54.0 Ω + 5.0 jΩ
1880 MHz	19.6 dB	$59.1 \Omega + 6.8 j\Omega$
1900 MHz	20.0 dB	$60.7 \Omega + 2.6 j\Omega$
1950 MHz	26.7 dB	53.4 Ω - 3.3 jΩ
2000 MHz	21.1 dB	45.2 Ω + 7.0 jΩ

#### 3.2 Antenna Design and Handling

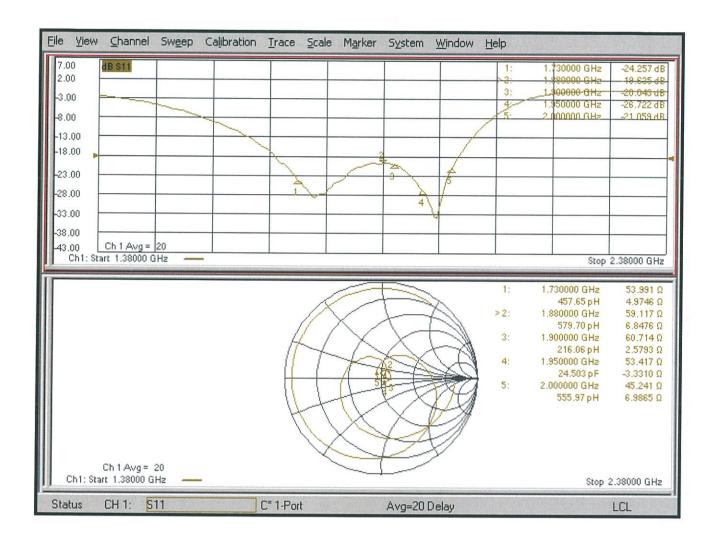
The calibration dipole has a symmetric geometry with a built-in two stub matching network, which leads to the enhanced bandwidth.

The dipole is built of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The internal matching line is open ended. The antenna is therefore open for DC signals.

Do not apply force to dipole arms, as they are liable to bend. The soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged. After excessive mechanical stress or overheating, check the impedance characteristics to ensure that the internal matching network is not affected.

After long term use with 40W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

## **Impedance Measurement Plot**



#### **DASY5 E-field Result**

Date: 21.06.2019

Test Laboratory: SPEAG Lab2

## DUT: HAC Dipole 1880 MHz; Type: CD1880V3; Serial: CD1880V3 - SN: 1044

Communication System: UID 0 - CW ; Frequency: 1880 MHz Medium parameters used:  $\sigma=0$  S/m,  $\epsilon_r=1;\,\rho=0$  kg/m  $^3$ 

Phantom section: RF Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

#### DASY52 Configuration:

Probe: EF3DV3 - SN4013; ConvF(1, 1, 1) @ 1880 MHz; Calibrated: 03.01.2019

Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn781; Calibrated: 09.01.2019

Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1070

DASY52 52.10.2(1504); SEMCAD X 14.6.12(7470)

## Dipole E-Field measurement @ 1880MHz/E-Scan - 1880MHz d=15mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x181x1):

Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 150.2 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

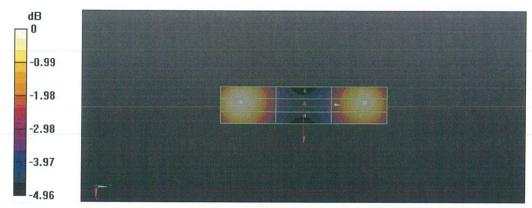
Applied MIF = 0.00 dB

RF audio interference level = 38.96 dBV/m

**Emission category: M2** 

#### MIF scaled E-field

Grid 1 <b>M2</b>	Grid 2 <b>M2</b>	Grid 3 <b>M2</b>
38.61 dBV/m	38.96 dBV/m	38.91 dBV/m
Grid 4 M2	Grid 5 M2	Grid 6 M2
35.75 dBV/m	35.93 dBV/m	35.91 dBV/m
Grid 7 <b>M2</b>	Grid 8 <b>M2</b>	Grid 9 <b>M2</b>
38.34 dBV/m	38.66 dBV/m	38.61 dBV/m



0 dB = 88.72 V/m = 38.96 dBV/m





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Client

SGS-CN (Auden)

Certificate No: CD2600V3-1021 Sep19

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

## CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object

CD2600V3 - SN: 1021

Calibration procedure(s)

QA CAL-20.v7

Calibration Procedure for Validation Sources in air

Calibration date:

September 03, 2019

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02892/02893)	Apr-20
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02892)	Apr-20
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02893)	Apr-20
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5058 (20k)	04-Apr-19 (No. 217-02894)	Apr-20
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	04-Apr-19 (No. 217-02895)	Apr-20
Probe EF3DV3	SN: 4013	03-Jan-19 (No. EF3-4013 Jan19)	Jan-20
DAE4	SN: 781	09-Jan-19 (No. DAE4-781_Jan19)	Jan-20
Secondary Standards	ID#	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter Agilent 4419B	SN: GB42420191	09-Oct-09 (in house check Oct-17)	In house check: Oct-20
Power sensor HP E4412A	SN: US38485102	05-Jan-10 (in house check Oct-17)	In house check: Oct-20
Power sensor HP 8482A	SN: US37295597	09-Oct-09 (in house check Oct-17)	In house check: Oct-20
RF generator R&S SMT-06	SN: 837633/005	10-Jan-19 (in house check Jan-19)	In house check: Oct-22
Network Analyzer Agilent E8358A	SN: US41080477	31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-18)	In house check: Oct-19
	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Leif Klysner	Laboratory Technician	e nom
			det//llgm
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	Min

Issued: September 4, 2019

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Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

#### References

[1] ANSI-C63.19-2011
American National Standard, Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications
Devices and Hearing Aids.

## Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Coordinate System: y-axis is in the direction of the dipole arms. z-axis is from the basis of the antenna (mounted on the table) towards its feed point between the two dipole arms. x-axis is normal to the other axes. In coincidence with the standards [1], the measurement planes (probe sensor center) are selected to be at a distance of 15 mm above the top metal edge of the dipole arms.
- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the hardcopies at the end of the certificate. All
  figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated. The forward power to the dipole connector
  is set with a calibrated power meter connected and monitored with an auxiliary power meter connected to a
  directional coupler. While the dipole under test is connected, the forward power is adjusted to the same level.
- Antenna Positioning: The dipole is mounted on a HAC Test Arch phantom using the matching dipole positioner with the arms horizontal and the feeding cable coming from the floor. The measurements are performed in a shielded room with absorbers around the setup to reduce the reflections. It is verified before the mounting of the dipole under the Test Arch phantom, that its arms are perfectly in a line. It is installed on the HAC dipole positioner with its arms parallel below the dielectric reference wire and able to move elastically in vertical direction without changing its relative position to the top center of the Test Arch phantom. The vertical distance to the probe is adjusted after dipole mounting with a DASY5 Surface Check job. Before the measurement, the distance between phantom surface and probe tip is verified. The proper measurement distance is selected by choosing the matching section of the HAC Test Arch phantom with the proper device reference point (upper surface of the dipole) and the matching grid reference point (tip of the probe) considering the probe sensor offset. The vertical distance to the probe is essential for the accuracy.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured using a Vector Network Analyzer. The impedance is specified at the SMA connector of the dipole. The influence of reflections was eliminating by applying the averaging function while moving the dipole in the air, at least 70cm away from any obstacles.
- E-field distribution: E field is measured in the x-y-plane with an isotropic E-field probe with 100 mW forward power to the antenna feed point. In accordance with [1], the scan area is 20mm wide, its length exceeds the dipole arm length (180 or 90mm). The sensor center is 15 mm (in z) above the metal top of the dipole arms. Two 3D maxima are available near the end of the dipole arms. Assuming the dipole arms are perfectly in one line, the average of these two maxima (in subgrid 2 and subgrid 8) is determined to compensate for any non-parallelity to the measurement plane as well as the sensor displacement. The E-field value stated as calibration value represents the maximum of the interpolated 3D-E-field, in the plane above the dipole surface.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

#### **Measurement Conditions**

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.10.2
Phantom	HAC Test Arch	
Distance Dipole Top - Probe Center	15 mm	
Scan resolution	dx, dy = 5 mm	
Frequency	2600 MHz ± 1 MHz	
Input power drift	< 0.05 dB	

## Maximum Field values at 2600 MHz

E-field 15 mm above dipole surface	condition	Interpolated maximum
Maximum measured above high end	100 mW input power	84.9 V/m = 38.58 dBV/m
Maximum measured above low end	100 mW input power	82.9 V/m = 38.38 dBV/m
Averaged maximum above arm	100 mW input power	83.9 V/m ± 12.8 % (k=2)

## Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

#### **Antenna Parameters**

Frequency	Return Loss	Impedance
2450 MHz	18.3 dB	42.3 Ω - 8.3 jΩ
2550 MHz	28.0 dB	46.8 Ω + 2.1 jΩ
2600 MHz	33.2 dB	49.9 Ω + 2.2 jΩ
2650 MHz	30.3 dB	53.1 Ω + 0.4 jΩ
2750 MHz	18.5 dB	50.9 Ω - 12.0 jΩ

#### 3.2 Antenna Design and Handling

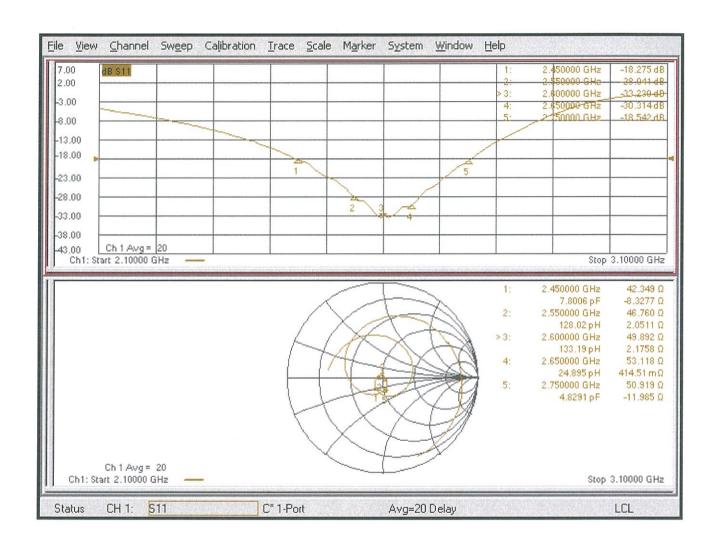
The calibration dipole has a symmetric geometry with a built-in two stub matching network, which leads to the enhanced bandwidth.

The dipole is built of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The internal matching line is open ended. The antenna is therefore open for DC signals.

Do not apply force to dipole arms, as they are liable to bend. The soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged. After excessive mechanical stress or overheating, check the impedance characteristics to ensure that the internal matching network is not affected.

After long term use with 40W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

## **Impedance Measurement Plot**



#### **DASY5 E-field Result**

Date: 23.08.2019

Test Laboratory: SPEAG Lab2

#### DUT: HAC Dipole 2600 MHz; Type: CD2600V3; Serial: CD2600V3 - SN: 1021

Communication System: UID 0 - CW ; Frequency: 2600 MHz Medium parameters used:  $\sigma$  = 0 S/m,  $\epsilon_r$  = 1;  $\rho$  = 0 kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Phantom section: RF Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

#### DASY52 Configuration:

Probe: EF3DV3 - SN4013; ConvF(1, 1, 1) @ 2600 MHz; Calibrated: 03.01.2019

Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn781; Calibrated: 09.01.2019

Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1070

DASY52 52.10.2(1504); SEMCAD X 14.6.12(7470)

#### Dipole E-Field measurement @ 2600MHz/E-Scan - 2600MHz d=15mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x181x1):

Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm

Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Reference Value = 63.27 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

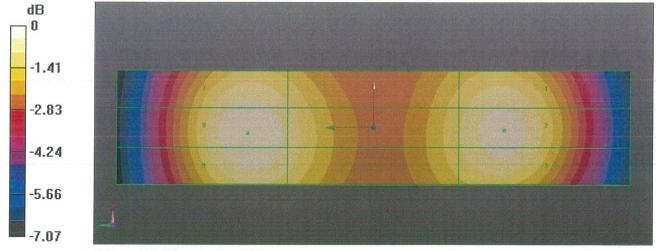
Applied MIF = 0.00 dB

RF audio interference level = 38.58 dBV/m

Emission category: M2

### MIF scaled E-field

Grid 1 <b>M2</b>	Grid 2 <b>M2</b>	Grid 3 M2
38.14 dBV/m	38.38 dBV/m	38.27 dBV/m
Grid 4 <b>M2</b>	Grid 5 M2	Grid 6 M2
37.74 dBV/m	38 dBV/m	37.97 dBV/m
Grid 7 <b>M2</b>	Grid 8 <b>M2</b>	Grid 9 <b>M2</b>
38.3 dBV/m	38.58 dBV/m	38.51 dBV/m



0 dB = 84.91 V/m = 38.58 dBV/m

## Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner **Engineering AG** Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





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Client

SGS - CN (Auden)

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Certificate No: DAE4-896 Sep19

## CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object

DAE4 - SD 000 D04 BJ - SN: 896

Calibration procedure(s)

QA CAL-06.v29

Calibration procedure for the data acquisition electronics (DAE)

Calibration date:

September 18, 2019

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Keithley Multimeter Type 2001	SN: 0810278	03-Sep-19 (No:25949)	Sep-20
	T		
Secondary Standards	ID#	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Auto DAE Calibration Unit	SE UWS 053 AA 1001	07-Jan-19 (in house check)	In house check: Jan-20
Calibrator Box V2.1	SE UMS 006 AA 1002	07-Jan-19 (in house check)	In house check: Jan-20

Calibrated by:

Name

Function

Signature

Dominique Steffen

Laboratory Technician

Approved by:

Sven Kühn

Deputy Manager

Issued: September 18, 2019

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: DAE4-896\_Sep19

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