



FCC DFS Test Report

FCC ID: G95-UIW4060

This report concerns: Original Grant

Project No. : 2204C001 **Equipment** : Set Top Box **Brand Name** Technicolor : UIW4060MDC **Test Model**

Series Model : UIW4060ARM, UIW4060ABB, UIW4060xxxx (where x can be

alphanumeric, -, or blank, for marketing strategy)

Applicant : Technicolor Connected Home USA LLC

Address : 4855 Peachtree Industrial Blvd, Suite 200, Norcross, GA 30092, USA

Manufacturer Technicolor Connected Home USA LLC

Address : 4855 Peachtree Industrial Blvd, Suite 200, Norcross, GA 30092, USA

: PT PEGATRON TECHNOLOGY INDONESIA **Factory**

Address Jalan Beringin Lot 2/Lot 5, Kawasan industrial Batamindo, Kel

Mukakuning Kec Sei Beduk, Kota Batam Kepulauan, Batam, 29433,

Indonesia

Date of Receipt : Apr. 02, 2022

Date of Test : Apr. 11, 2022 ~ Apr. 29, 2022

Issued Date : May 16, 2022

: R00 Report Version

Test Sample : Engineering Sample No.: DG20220408102 FCC CFR Title 47, Part 15, Subpart E Standard(s)

> FCC KDB 905462 D02 UNII DFS Compliance Procedures New Rules v02 FCC KDB 905462 D03 UNII Clients Without Radar Detection New Rules

v01r02

The above equipment has been tested and found compliance with the requirement of the relative standards by BTL Inc.



Add: No. 3 Jinshagang 1st Rd. Shixia, Dalang Town Dongguan City, Guangdong 523792

People's Republic of China Tel: +86-769-8318-3000

Web: www.newbtl.com





Declaration

BTL represents to the client that testing is done in accordance with standard procedures as applicable and that test instruments used has been calibrated with standards traceable to international standard(s) and/or national standard(s).

BTL's reports apply only to the specific samples tested under conditions. It is manufacture's responsibility to ensure that additional production units of this model are manufactured with the identical electrical and mechanical components. **BTL** shall have no liability for any declarations, inferences or generalizations drawn by the client or others from **BTL** issued reports.

The report must not be used by the client to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by NVLAP, NIST, A2LA, or any agency of the U.S. Government.

This report is the confidential property of the client. As a mutual protection to the clients, the public and ourselves, the test report shall not be reproduced, except in full, without our written approval.

BTL's laboratory quality assurance procedures are in compliance with the **ISO/IEC 17025** requirements, and accredited by the conformity assessment authorities listed in this test report.

BTL is not responsible for the sampling stage, so the results only apply to the sample as received.

The information, data and test plan are provided by manufacturer which may affect the validity of results, so it is manufacturer's responsibility to ensure that the apparatus meets the essential requirements of applied standards and in all the possible configurations as representative of its intended use.

Limitation

For the use of the authority's logo is limited unless the Test Standard(s)/Scope(s)/Item(s) mentioned in this test report is (are) included in the conformity assessment authorities acceptance respective. Please note that the measurement uncertainty is provided for informational purpose only and are not use in determining the Pass/Fail results.



Table of Contents	Page
REPORT ISSUED HISTORY	4
1. TEST FACILITY	5
2. TEST ENVIRONMENT CONDITIONS	5
3 . SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS	5
4 . GENERAL INFORMATION	6
4.1 GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF EUT	6
4.2 MAXIMUM OUTPUT POWER AND E.I.R.P.	10
4.3 TRANSMIT POWER CONTROL (TPC)	11
4.4 DESCRIPTION OF TEST MODES	15
5 . U-NII DFS RULE REQUIREMENTS	16
5.1 WORKING MODES AND REQUIRED TEST ITEMS	16
5.2 TEST LIMITS AND RADAR SIGNAL PARAMETERS	17
6 . MEASUREMENT INSTRUMENTS LIST	18
7 . DYNAMIC FREQUENCY SELECTION (DFS)	19
7.1 DFS MEASUREMENT SYSTEM	19
7.2 CALIBRATION OF DFS DETECTION THRESHOLD LEVEL	22
7.3 DEVIATION FROM TEST STANDARD	22
8 . TEST RESULTS	23
8.1 SUMMARY OF DFS TEST RESULT	23
8.2 DFS DETECTION THRESHOLD	24
8.3 CHANNEL MOVE TIME AND CHANNEL CLOSING TRANSMISSION TIME	25
8.4 NON-OCCUPANCY PERIOD	28
9 . EUT TEST PHOTO	29



REPORT ISSUED HISTORY

Report No.	Version	Description	Issued Date	Note
BTL-FCCP-5-2204C001	R00	Original Report	May 16, 2022	Valid



1. TEST FACILITY

The test facilities used to collect the test data in this report is at the location of No. 3 Jinshagang 1st Rd. Shixia, Dalang Town Dongguan City, Guangdong 523792 People's Republic of China.

BTL's Registration Number for FCC: 357015 BTL's Designation Number for FCC: CN1240

2. TEST ENVIRONMENT CONDITIONS

Test Item	Temperature	Humidity	Test Voltage	Tested By
Dynamic Frequency Selection (DFS)	24°C	52%	DC12V	Jesse Wang

3. SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

Test procedures according to the technical standard(s):

FCC CFR Title 47, Part 15, Subpart E					
Standard(s) Test Item Test Result Judgment Remark					
FCC 15.407(h)	Transmit Power Control (TPC) and Dynamic Frequency Selection (DFS)		PASS		



4. GENERAL INFORMATION

4.1 GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF EUT

Equipment	Set Top Box				
Brand Name	Technicolor				
Test Model	UIW4060MDC				
Series Model	UIW4060ARM, UIW4060ABB, UIW4060xxxx (where x can be alphanumeric, -, or blank, for marketing strategy)				
Model Difference(s)	All models are same, except model's name for marketing strategy.				
Software Version	UIW4060TVO HC 1.0				
Hardware Version	LAB4				
Power Source	DC voltage supplied from AC adapter. 1#Brand / Model: MOSO / MSA-C1500CS12.0-18G-US 2#Brand / Model: HONOR / ADS-12BP-12 12012EPCU-LV				
Power Rating	1# I/P: 100-120V~ 50/60Hz 0.6A max. O/P: 12.0V === 1.5A 2# I/P: 100-120V~ 50/60Hz Max. 0.4A O/P: 12V === 1.0A				
Operation Frequency Band(s)	UNII-2A: 5250 MHz ~ 5350 MHz UNII-2C: 5470 MHz ~ 5725 MHz				
Modulation Type	IEEE 802.11a/n/ac: OFDM IEEE 802.11ax: OFDMA				
Bit Rate of Transmitter	IEEE 802.11a: 54/48/36/24/18/12/9/6 Mbps IEEE 802.11n: up to 300 Mbps IEEE 802.11ac: up to 866.7 Mbps IEEE 802.11ax: up to 1201 Mbps				
Operating Mode(s)	☐ Master☐ Client device without radar detection☐ Client device with radar detection				
Maximum Output Power _UNII-2A Non Beamforming	IEEE 802.11ac(VHT40): 23.89 dBm (0.2449 W)				
Maximum Output PowerUNII-2A Beamforming	IEEE 802.11ac(VHT40): 23.62 dBm (0.2301 W)				
Maximum Output Power _UNII-2C Non Beamforming	IEEE 802.11ax(HE40): 23.90 dBm (0.2455 W)				
Maximum Output Power _UNII-2C Beamforming	IEEE 802.11ac(VHT80): 23.80 dBm (0.2399 W)				



Note:

1. For a more detailed features description, please refer to the manufacturer's specifications or the user's manual.

2. Channel List:

IEEE 802.11a IEEE 802.11n(HT20) IEEE 802.11ac(VHT20) IEEE 802.11ax(HE20)		IEEE 802.11n(HT40) IEEE 802.11ac(VHT40) IEEE 802.11ax(HE40)		IEEE 802.11ac(VHT80) IEEE 802.11ax(HE80)	
UNII	-2A	UNII-2A		UNII-2A	
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)
52	5260	54	5270	58	5290
56	5280	62	5310		
60	5300				
64	5320				

IEEE 802.11	IEEE 802.11a IEEE 802.11n(HT20) IEEE 802.11ac(VHT20) IEEE 802.11ax(HE20)		IEEE 802.11n(HT40) IEEE 802.11ac(VHT40) IEEE 802.11ax(HE40)		1ac(VHT80) 1ax(HE80)
UNII	-2C	UNI	I-2C	UNII	I-2C
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)
100	5500	102	5510	106	5530
104	5520	110	5550	122	5610
108	5540	118	5590		
112	5560	126	5630		
116	5580	134	5670		
120	5600				
124	5620				
128	5640				
132	5660				
136	5680				
140	5700				



3. Antenna Specification:

Ant.	Brand	Model Name	Antenna Type	Connector	Gain (dBi)	Note
1	N/A	N/A	Internal	N/A	3.05	LINIII 4
2	N/A	N/A	Internal	N/A	4.97	UNII-1
1	N/A	N/A	Internal	N/A	3.05	LINIII 2A
2	N/A	N/A	Internal	N/A	4.97	UNII-2A
1	N/A	N/A	Internal	N/A	3.87	LINIII 2C
2	N/A	N/A	Internal	N/A	5.04	UNII-2C
1	N/A	N/A	Internal	N/A	4.14	LINII 2
2	N/A	N/A	Internal	N/A	4.94	UNII-3

Note:

1) For CDD: UNII-2A Directional Gain=2.83 dBi, UNII-2C Directional Gain=2.19 dBi

$$Directional Gain = 10 \cdot \log \left[\frac{\sum_{j=1}^{N_{SS}} \left\{ \sum_{k=1}^{N_{ANT}} g_{j,k} \right\}^{2}}{N_{ANT}} \right]$$

where

Each antenna is driven by no more than one spatial stream;

 N_{SS} = the number of independent spatial streams of data; N_{ANT} = the total number of antennas

 $g_{j,k} = 10^{G_k/20}$ if the kth antenna is being fed by spatial stream j, or zero if it is not; G_k is the gain in dBi of the kth antenna.

- $2) \quad \text{For TXBF: Directional Gain=10log} \\ [(10^{\text{G1/20}} + 10^{\text{G2/20}} + ... 10^{\text{GN/20}})^2 / \text{ N}_{\text{ANT}}] \\ \text{dBi.}$ Then, UNII-2A Directional Gain=5.26 dBi, UNII-2C Directional Gain=4.63 dBi
- 3) The antenna gain is provided by the manufacturer.



4. Table for Antenna Configuration: For Non Beamforming:

er rem Bearmenning.	
Operating Mode TX Mode	2TX
IEEE 802.11a	V (Ant. 1 + Ant. 2)
IEEE 802.11n(HT20)	V (Ant. 1 + Ant. 2)
IEEE 802.11n(HT40)	V (Ant. 1 + Ant. 2)
IEEE 802.11ac(VHT20)	V (Ant. 1 + Ant. 2)
IEEE 802.11ac(VHT40)	V (Ant. 1 + Ant. 2)
IEEE 802.11ac(VHT80)	V (Ant. 1 + Ant. 2)
IEEE 802.11ax(HE20)	V (Ant. 1 + Ant. 2)
IEEE 802.11ax(HE40)	V (Ant. 1 + Ant. 2)
IEEE 802.11ax(HE80)	V (Ant. 1 + Ant. 2)

For Beamforming:

2TX
217
V (Ant. 1 + Ant. 2)



4.2 MAXIMUM OUTPUT POWER AND E.I.R.P.

Non Beamforming							
Frequency Band (MHz)	Max Output Power (dBm)	DirectionI Gain (dBi)	Max. e.i.r.p. (dBm)	Max. e.i.r.p. (mW)			
5250~5350	23.89	2.83	26.72	469.894			
5470~5725	23.90	2.19	26.09	406.443			

Beamforming							
Frequency Band (MHz)	Max Output Power (dBm)	DirectionI Gain (dBi)	Max. e.i.r.p. (dBm)	Max. e.i.r.p. (mW)			
5250~5350	23.62	5.26	28.88	772.680			
5470~5725	23.80	4.63	28.43	696.657			

Note:

1) U-NII devices operating in the 5.25-5.35 GHz band and the 5.47-5.725 GHz band shall employ a TPC mechanism. A TPC mechanism is not required for systems with an e.i.r.p. of less than 500 mW.



4.3 TRANSMIT POWER CONTROL (TPC)

The U-NII device is required to have the capability to operate at least 6 dB below the mean EIRP value of 30 dBm.

Test Mode: UNII-2A / IEEE 802.11a Mode				
Channel	Frequency	Output Power (TPC High)	Output Power (TPC Low)	
Chame	(MHz)	(dBm)	(dBm)	
52	5260	21.64	15.64	
60	5300	21.88	15.88	
64	5320	20.58	14.58	

Test Mode: UNII-2A / IEEE 802.11n(HT20) Mode			
Channel	Frequency	Output Power (TPC High)	Output Power (TPC Low)
Charine	(MHz)	(dBm)	(dBm)
52	5260	22.17	16.17
60	5300	22.15	16.15
64	5320	21.09	15.09

Test Mode: UNII-2A / IEEE 802.11n(HT40) Mode			
Channel	Frequency	Output Power (TPC High)	Output Power (TPC Low)
Chame	(MHz)	(dBm)	(dBm)
54	5270	23.72	17.72
62	5310	21.63	15.63

Test Mode: UNII-2A / IEEE 802.11ac(VHT20) Mode			
Channel	Frequency	Output Power (TPC High)	Output Power (TPC Low)
Orianne	(MHz)	(dBm)	(dBm)
52	5260	22.37	16.37
60	5300	22.39	16.39
64	5320	21.20	15.20

Test Mode: UNII-2A / IEEE 802.11ac(VHT40) Mode				
Channel	Frequency	Output Power (TPC High)	Output Power (TPC Low)	
Chamilei	(MHz)	(dBm)	(dBm)	
54	5270	23.89	17.89	
62	5310	21.77	15.77	

Test Mode: UNII-2A / IEEE 802.11ac(VHT80) Mode			
Channel	Frequency	Output Power (TPC High)	Output Power (TPC Low)
Channel	(MHz)	(dBm)	(dBm)
58	5290	20.90	14.90



Test Mode: UNII-2A / IEEE 802.11ax(HE20) Mode			
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Output Power (TPC High) (dBm)	Output Power (TPC Low) (dBm)
52	5260	22.58	16.58
60	5300	22.99	16.99
64	5320	22.74	16.74

Test Mode: UNII-2A / IEEE 802.11ax(HE40) Mode				
Chanr	nel Frequency (MHz)	Output Power (TPC High) (dBm)	Output Power (TPC Low) (dBm)	
54	5270	22.12	16.12	
62	5310	21.43	15.43	

Test Mode: UNII-2A / IEEE 802.11ax(HE80) Mode			
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Output Power (TPC High) (dBm)	Output Power (TPC Low) (dBm)
58	5290	19.82	13.82



Test Mode: UNII-2C / IEEE 802.11a Mode			
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Output Power (TPC High) (dBm)	Output Power (TPC Low) (dBm)
100	5500	20.22	14.22
116	5580	21.89	15.89
140	5700	21.25	15.25

Test Mode: UNII-2C / IEEE 802.11n(HT20) Mode				
Channel	Frequency	Output Power (TPC High)	Output Power (TPC Low)	
Chamilei	(MHz)	(dBm)	(dBm)	
100	5500	20.49	14.49	
116	5580	21.95	15.95	
140	5700	21.82	15.82	

Test Mode: UNII-2C / IEEE 802.11n(HT40) Mode			
Channel	Frequency	Output Power (TPC High)	Output Power (TPC Low)
Onamici	(MHz)	(dBm)	(dBm)
102	5510	22.56	16.56
110	5550	23.62	17.62
134	5670	23.60	17.60

Test Mode: UNII-2C / IEEE 802.11ac(VHT20) Mode				
Channel	Frequency	Output Power (TPC High)	Output Power (TPC Low)	
Chamile	(MHz)	(dBm)	(dBm)	
100	5500	20.67	14.67	
116	5580	22.11	16.11	
140	5700	22.01	16.01	

Test Mode: UNII-2C / IEEE 802.11ac(VHT40) Mode				
Channel	Frequency Output Power (TPC High) Output Power (TPC Low) (MHz) (dBm) (dBm)		. ,	
102	5510	22.69	16.69	
110	5550	23.69	17.69	
134	5670	23.70	17.70	

Test Mode: UNII-2C / IEEE 802.11ac(VHT80) Mode				
Channal	Frequency	Output Power (TPC High)	Output Power (TPC Low)	
Channel	(MHz)	(dBm)	(dBm)	
106	5530	21.94	15.94	
122	5610	23.89	17.89	



Test Mode: UNII-2C / IEEE 802.11ax(HE20) Mode				
Channel	Frequency	Output Power (TPC High)	Output Power (TPC Low)	
Chamilei	(MHz)	(dBm)	(dBm)	
100	5500	22.29	16.29	
116	5580	22.26	16.26	
140	5700	22.26	16.26	

Test Mode: UNII-2C / IEEE 802.11ax(HE40) Mode				
Channel	nel Frequency Output Power (TPC High) Output Power (TPC Low) (MHz) (dBm) (dBm)			
102	5510	21.86	15.86	
110	5550	23.86	17.86	
134	5670	23.90	17.90	

Test Mode: UNII-2C / IEEE 802.11ax(HE80) Mode				
Channel Frequency		Output Power (TPC High)	Output Power (TPC Low)	
Chamilei	(MHz)	(dBm)	(dBm)	
106	5530	21.58	15.58	
122	5610	23.86	17.86	



4.4 DESCRIPTION OF TEST MODES

Test Mode	Description
Mode 1	IEEE 802.11ac(VHT80): 5530MHz
Mode 2	IEEE 802.11ax(HE80): 5530MHz



5. U-NII DFS RULE REQUIREMENTS

5.1 WORKING MODES AND REQUIRED TEST ITEMS

The manufacturer shall state whether the UUT is capable of operating as a Master and/or a Client. If the UUT is capable of operating in more than one operating mode then each operating mode shall be tested separately. See tables below for the applicability of DFS requirements for each of the operational modes.

Applicability of DFS requirements prior to µse a channel

Requirement	Operational Mode		
Keyunement	Master	Client without radar detection	Client with radar detection
Non-Occupancy Period	V	V	V
DFS Detection Threshold	$\sqrt{}$	Not required	$\sqrt{}$
Channel Availability Check Time	$\sqrt{}$	Not required	Not required
U-NII Detection Bandwidth	$\sqrt{}$	Not required	$\sqrt{}$

Applicability of DFS requirements during normal operation

Deminerat	Operational Mode		
Requirement	Master	Client without radar detection	Client with radar detection
DFS Detection Threshold	V	Not required	V
Channel Closing Transmission Time	$\sqrt{}$	V	$\sqrt{}$
Channel Move Time	V	V	V
U-NII Detection Bandwidth	$\sqrt{}$	Not required	$\sqrt{}$

Additional requirements for devices	Master Device or Client	Client Without Radar	
with multiple bandwidth modes	with Radar Detection	Detection	
U-NII Detection Bandwidth and	All BW modes must be tested	Not required	
Statistical Performance Check	All BW modes must be tested	Not required	
Channel Move Time and Channel	Test µsing widest BW mode	Test µsing the widest BW	
Closing Transmission Time	available	mode available for the link	
All other tests	Any single BW mode	Not required	

Note: Frequencies selected for statistical performance check should include several frequencies within the radar detection bandwidth and frequencies near the edge of the radar detection bandwidth. For 802.11 devices it is suggested to select frequencies in each of the bonded 20 MHz channels and the channel center frequency.





5.2 TEST LIMITS AND RADAR SIGNAL PARAMETERS

DETECTION THRESHOLD VALUES

DFS Detection Thresholds for Master Devices and Client Devices with Radar Detection

Maximum Transmit Power	Value (See Notes 1, 2 and 3)
e.i.r.p. ≥ 200 milliwatt	-64 dBm
e.i.r.p. < 200 milliwatt and power spectral density < 10 dBm/MHz	-62 dBm
e.i.r.p. < 200 milliwatt that do not meet the power spectral density requirement	-64 dBm

Note 1: This is the level at the input of the receiver assuming a 0 dBi receive antenna.

Note 2: Throughout these test procedures an additional 1 dB has been added to the amplitude of the test transmission waveforms to account for variations in measurement equipment. This will ensure that the test signal is at or above the detection threshold level to trigger a DFS response.

Note3: e.i.r.p. is based on the highest antenna gain. For MIMO devices refer to KDB Publication 662911 D01.

TEST LIMIT

DFS Response Requirement Values

Parameter	Value
Non-occupancy period	Minimum 30 minutes
Channel Availability Check Time	60 seconds
Channel Move Time	10 seconds. See Note 1.
Channel Closing Transmission Time	200 milliseconds + an aggregate of 60 milliseconds over
Channel Closing Transmission Time	remaining 10 second period. See Notes 1 and 2.
U-NII Detection Bandwidth	Minimum 100% of the UNII
O-MI Detection Bandwidth	99% transmission power bandwidth. See Note 3.

Note 1: Channel Move Time and the Channel Closing Transmission Time should be performed with Radar Type 0. The measurement timing begins at the end of the Radar Type 0 burst.

Note 2: The Channel Closing Transmission Time is comprised of 200 milliseconds starting at the beginning of the Channel Move Time plµs any additional intermittent control signals required to facilitate a Channel move (an aggregate of 60 milliseconds) during the remainder of the 10 second period. The aggregate duration of control signals will not count quiet periods in between transmissions.

Note 3: During the U-NII Detection Bandwidth detection test, radar type 0 should be µsed. For each frequency step the minimum percentage of detection is 90 percent. Measurements are performed with no data traffic.

PARAMETERS OF DFS TEST SIGNALS

Step intervals of 0.1 microsecond for Pulse Width, 1 microsecond for PRI, 1 MHz for chirp width and 1 for the number of pulses will be utilized for the random determination of specific test waveforms.

Short Pulse Radar Test Waveforms.

	Radar Type	Pulse Width (μsec)	PRI (μsec)	Number of Pulses	Minimum Percentage of Successful Detection	Minimum Number of Trials
Γ	0	1	1428	18	See Note 1	See Note 1

Note 1: Short Pulse Radar Type 0 should be used for the detection bandwidth test, channel move time, and channel closing time tests.





6. MEASUREMENT INSTRUMENTS LIST

Kind of Equipment	Manufacturer	Type No.	Serial No.	Calibrated until
Signal Generator	Agilent	E4438C	MY49071316	Jan. 22, 2023
EXA Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	N9010A	MY50520044	Jan. 22, 2023
*POWER SPLITTER	Mini-Circuits	ZN4PD1-63-S+	SF9335D1045-1	Feb. 27, 2024
POWER SPLITTER	Mini-Circuits	ZFRSC-123-S+	331000910-1	Jan. 22, 2023
Attenuator	WOKEN	6SM3502	VAS1214NL	N/A
Wi-Fi Router	tp-link	Archer AX6000	N/A	N/A

Remark: "N/A" denotes no model name, serial no. or calibration specified.

"*" calibration period of equipment list is three year.

Except * item, all calibration period of equipment list is one year.

Wi-Fi Router's FCC ID: TE7AX6000



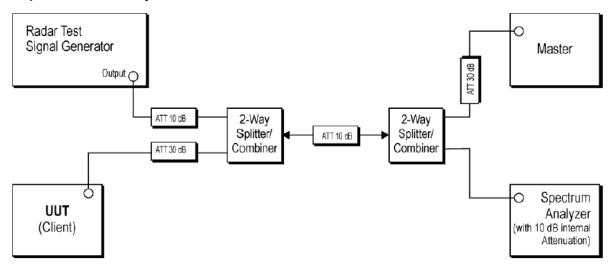
7. DYNAMIC FREQUENCY SELECTION (DFS)

7.1 DFS MEASUREMENT SYSTEM

Test Precedure

- 1. Master device and client device are set up by conduction method as the following configuration.
- 2. The client device is connected to notebook and to access a IP address on wireless connection with the master device.
- 3. Then the master device is connected to another notebook to access a IP address.
- 4. Finally, let the two IP addresses run traffic with each other through the Run flow software "Lan test" to reach 17% channel loading as below.

Setup for Client with injection at the Master

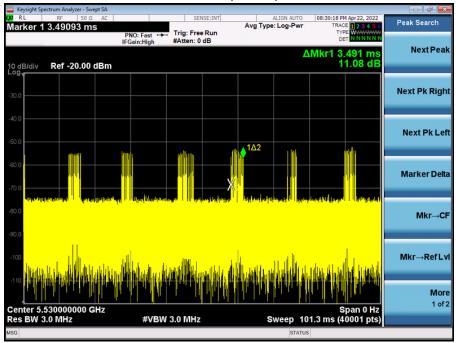


Radar Test Waveforms are injected into the Master.

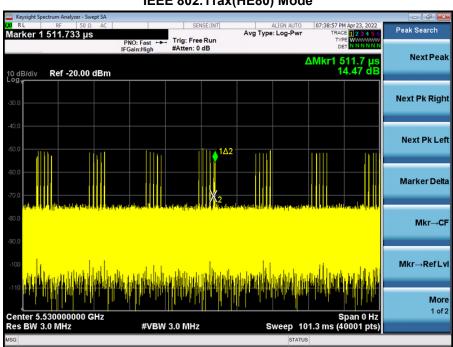


Channel Loading

IEEE 802.11ac(VHT80) Mode



IEEE 802.11ax(HE80) Mode



Frequency (MHz)	Marker Delta (ms)	Number	On Time (ms)	Total Time (ms)	Duty cycle (%)	Limit (%)
AC80 5530	3.491	6	20.946	101.3	20.68	17.00
AX80 5530	0.511	34	17.374	101.3	17.15	17.00



The signal monitoring equipment consists of a spectrum analyzer set to display 8001 bins on the horizontal axis. The time-domain resolution is 2 msec / bin with a 16 second sweep time, meeting the 10 second short pulse reporting criteria. The aggregate ON time is calculated by multiplying the number of bins above a threshold during a particular observation period by the dwell time per bin, with the analyzer set to peak detection and max hold.

Should multiple RF ports be utilized for the Master and/or Slave devices (for example, for diversity or MIMO implementations), additional combiner/dividers are inserted between the Master Combiner/Divider and the pad connected to the Master Device (and/or between the Slave Combiner/Divider and the pad connected to the Slave Device). Additional pads are utilized such that there is one pad at each RF port on each EUT.



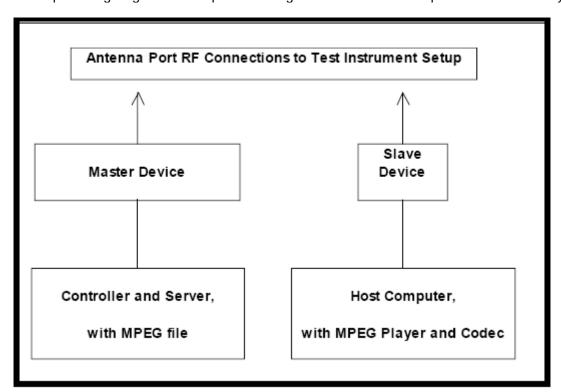
7.2 CALIBRATION OF DFS DETECTION THRESHOLD LEVEL

A 50 ohm load is connected in place of the spectrum analyzer, and the spectrum analyzer is connected in place of the master device and the signal generator is set to CW mode. The amplitude of the signal generator is adjusted to yield a level of -64dBm as measured on the spectrum analyzer.

Without changing any of the instrument settings, the spectrum analyer is reconnected to the Common port of the Spectrum Analyzer Combiner/Divider. Measure the amplitude and calculate the difference from -64 dBm. Adjust the Reference Level Offset of the spectrum analyzer to this difference.

The spectrum analyzer displays the level of the signal generator as received at the antenna ports of the Master Device. The interference detection threshold may be varied from the calibrated value of -64 dBm and the spectrum analyzer will still indicate the level as received by the Master Device.

Set the signal generator to produce a radar waveform, trigger a burst manually and measure the level on the spectrum analyzer. Readjust the amplitude of the signal generator as required so that the peak level of the waveform is at a displayed level equal to the required or desired interference detection threshold. Separate signal generator amplitude settings are determined as required for each radar type.



7.3 DEVIATION FROM TEST STANDARD

No deviation.



8. TEST RESULTS

8.1 SUMMARY OF DFS TEST RESULT

Claµse	Test Parameter	Remarks	Result
	Channel Move Time	Applicable	Pass
FCC 15.407	Channel Closing Transmission Time	Applicable	Pass
	Non-Occupancy Period	Applicable	Pass



8.2 DFS DETECTION THRESHOLD

Calibration:

The EUT is slave equipment and it with a lowest gain is 2.19dBi.

For a detection threshold level of -62dBm and the master antenna gain is 2.90 dBi, required detection threshold is -59.10 dBm (= -62+2.90).

Note: Maximum Transmit Power is less than 200 milliwatt in this report, so detection threshold level is -62dBm.

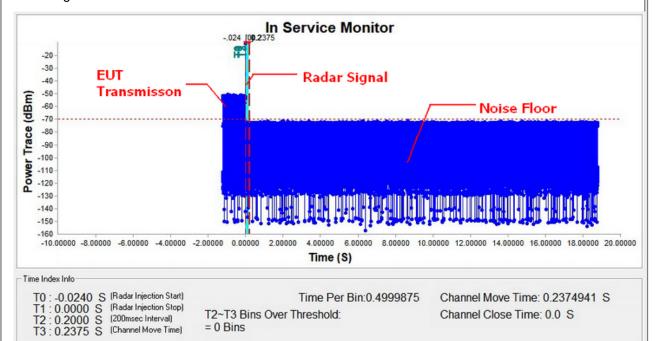
Radar Signal 0 Peak Search Avg Type: Log-Pwr Trig: Free Run Mkr1 62.80 ms -64.43 dBm Ref -20.00 dBm **Next Pk Right** Next Pk Left Marker Delta Mkr→CF Mkr→RefLvl More 1 of 2 Center 5.530000000 GHz Res BW 3.0 MHz Span 0 Hz Sweep 101.3 ms (40001 pts) #VBW 3.0 MHz



8.3 CHANNEL MOVE TIME AND CHANNEL CLOSING TRANSMISSION TIME

TX (IEEE 802.11ac(VHT80) Mode)

Radar signal 0

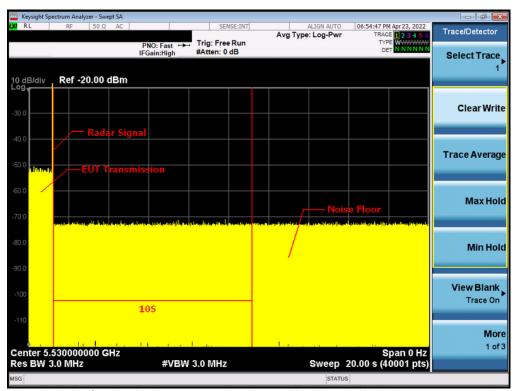


Note: T0 denotes the Radar Injection Start.

T1 denotes the start of Channel Move Time upon the end of the last Radar burst.

T2 denotes the data transmission time of 200ms from T1.

T3 denotes the end of Channel Move Time.

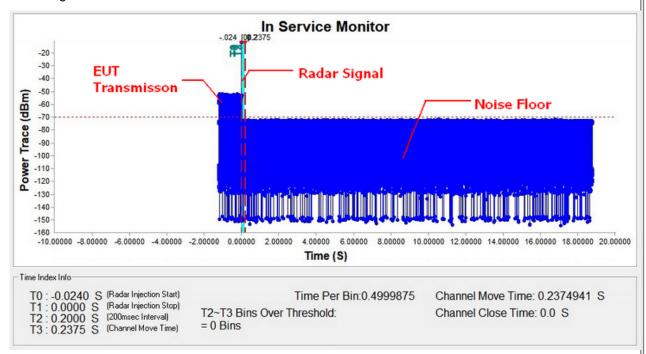


Note: An expanded plot for the device vacates the channel in the required 500ms



TX (IEEE 802.11ax(HE80) Mode)

Radar signal 0

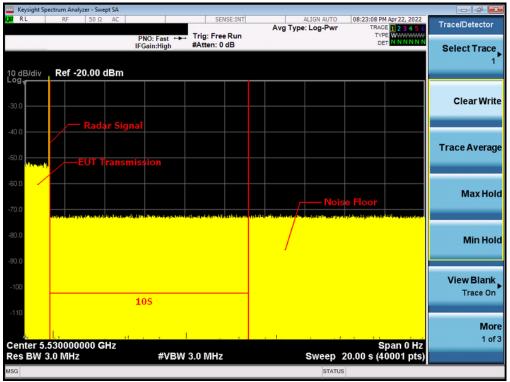


Note: T0 denotes the Radar Injection Start.

T1 denotes the start of Channel Move Time upon the end of the last Radar burst.

T2 denotes the data transmission time of 200ms from T1.

T3 denotes the end of Channel Move Time.



Note: An expanded plot for the device vacates the channel in the required 500ms



IEEE 802.11ac(VHT80) Mode			
Item	Measured Value(s)	Limit(s)	
item	ivieasuleu value(s)	Littit(5)	
Channel Move Time	0.2374941	10	
		200 milliseconds + an aggregate of 60	
Channel Close Time	0.0	milliseconds over remaining 10 second	
		period.	

IEEE 802.11ax(HE80) Mode			
Item Measured Value(s		Limit(s)	
Channel Move Time 0.2374941		10	
		200 milliseconds + an aggregate of 60	
Channel Close Time	0.0	milliseconds over remaining 10 second	
		period.	



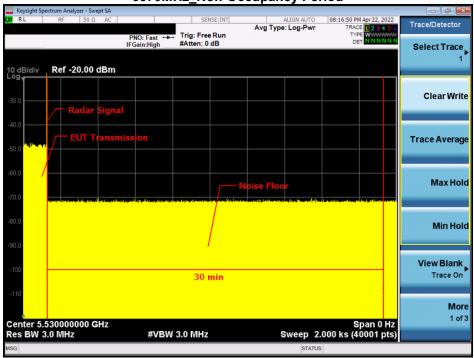
8.4 NON-OCCUPANCY PERIOD

During the 30 minutes observation time, UUT did not make any transmissions on a channel after a radar signal was detected on that channel by either the Channel Availability Check or the In-Service Monitoring.

> TX (IEEE 802.11ac(VHT80) Mode) 5530MHz_Non-Occupancy Period Avg Type: Log-Pwr



TX (IEEE 802.11ax(HE80) Mode) 5570MHz_Non-Occupancy Period



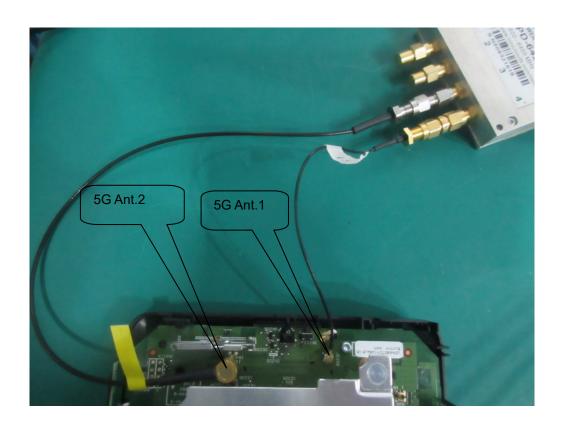


9. EUT TEST PHOTO









End of Test Report