



# clear conn through clear xlate Commands

### clear conn

To clear a specific connection or multiple connections, use the **clear conn** command in privileged EXEC mode. This command supports IPv4 and IPv6 addresses.

clear conn [all] [protocol {tcp | udp}] [address src\_ip[-src\_ip] [netmask mask]]
 [port src\_port[-src\_port]] [address dest\_ip[-dest\_ip] [netmask mask]]
 [port dest\_port[-dest\_port]]

Syntax Description	address	(Optional) Clears connections with the specified source or destination IP address.
	all	(Optional) Clears all connections that are to the device or from the device, in addition to through-traffic connections.
	dest_ip	(Optional) Specifies the destination IP address (IPv4 or IPv6). To specify a range, separate the IP addresses with a dash (-), For example:
		10.1.1.1-10.1.1.5
	dest_port	(Optional) Specifies the destination port number. To specify a range, separate the port numbers with a dash (-), For example:
		1000-2000
	netmask mask	(Optional) Specifies a subnet mask for use with the given IP address.
	port	(Optional) Clears connections with the specified source or destination port.
	protocol {tcp   udp}	(Optional) Clears connections with the protocol <b>tcp</b> or <b>udp</b> .
	src_ip	(Optional) Specifies the source IP address (IPv4 or IPv6). To specify a range, separate the IP addresses with a dash (-), For example:
		10.1.1.1-10.1.1.5
	src_port	(Optional) Specifies the source port number. To specify a range, separate the port numbers with a dash (-), For example:
		1000-2000

#### **Command Modes**

The following table shows the modes in which you can enter the command:

	Firewall Mode Secu			Security Context		
	Routed		Single	Multiple		
Command Mode		Transparent		Context	System	
Privileged EXEC	•	•	•	•	_	

#### Command History

ory	Release	Modification	
	7.0(8)/7.2(4)/8.0(4)/8.1(1)	This command was introduced.	

Usage Guidelines	When the security appliance creates a pinhole to allow secondary connections, this is shown as an incomplete conn by the <b>show conn</b> command. To clear this incomplete conn use the <b>clear conn</b> command.
Examples	The following example shows all connections, and then clears the management connection between 10.10.10.108:4168 and 10.0.8.112:22:
	hostname# <b>show conn all</b> TCP mgmt 10.10.10.108:4168 NP Identity Ifc 10.0.8.112:22, idle 0:00:00, bytes 3084, flags UOB
	hostname# clear conn address 10.10.10.108 port 4168 address 10.0.8.112 port 22

<b>Related Commandss</b>	Commands	Description
	clear local-host	Clears all connections by a specific local host or all local hosts.
	clear xlate	Clears a NAT session, and any connections using NAT.
	show conn	Shows connection information.
	show local-host	Displays the network states of local hosts.
	show xlate	Shows NAT sessions.

#### clear console-output

To remove the currently captured console output, use the **clear console-output** command in privileged EXEC mode.

clear console-output

- **Syntax Description** This command has no arguments or keywords.
- **Defaults** No default behavior or values.

**Command Modes** The following table shows the modes in which you can enter the command:

	Firewall N	Firewall Mode Security C		ontext	
				Multiple	
Command Mode	Routed	Transparent	Single	Context	System
Privileged EXEC	•	•	•	•	•

Command History	Release	Modification
	Preexisting	This command was preexisting.

**Examples** The following example shows how to remove the currently captured console output:

hostname# clear console-output

<b>Related Commands</b>	Command	Description
	console timeout	Sets the idle timeout for a console connection to the security appliance.
	show console-output	Displays the captured console output.
	show running-config console timeout	Displays the idle timeout for a console connection to the security appliance.

#### clear counters

To clear the protocol stack counters, use the clear counters command in global configuration mode.

**clear counters [all | context** *context-name* | **summary** | **top** N ] [**detail**] [**protocol** *protocol\_name* [:*counter\_name*]] [ **threshold** N]

Syntax Description	all	(Optional) Clea	ars all filter detail	s.				
	context context-name	(Optional) Spe	cifies the context	name.				
	:counter_name							
	detail (Optional) Clears detailed counters information.							
	protocol_name (Optional) Clears the counters for the specified protocol.							
	summary (Optional) Clears the counter summary.							
	threshold N	threshold N(Optional) Clears the counters at or above the specified threshold. The range is 1 through 4294967295.						
	top N		ars the counters a 1gh 4294967295.		the specified th	reshold. The		
Command Modes	The following table show	rs the modes in whi	ch you can enter	the comma	nd:			
Command Modes	The following table show	rs the modes in whi		the comma				
Command Modes	The following table show			1				
Command Modes	The following table show			Security C	Context	System		
Command Modes		Firewall	Mode	Security C	Context Multiple	System •		
	Command Mode	Firewall Routed	Mode Transparent	Security C Single	Context Multiple Context	-		
Command Modes	<b>Command Mode</b> Global configuration	Firewall Routed •	Mode Transparent •	Security C Single	Context Multiple Context	-		
	Command Mode Global configuration Release 7.0 This example shows how	Firewall         Routed         •         Modification         This command was         to clear the protoce	Mode Transparent • as introduced.	Security C Single •	Context Multiple Context	-		
Command History	Command Mode Global configuration Release 7.0	Firewall         Routed         •         Modification         This command was         to clear the protoce	Mode Transparent • as introduced.	Security C Single •	Context Multiple Context	-		
Command History	Command Mode Global configuration Release 7.0 This example shows how	Firewall         Routed         •         Modification         This command was         to clear the protoce	Mode Transparent • as introduced.	Security C Single •	Context Multiple Context	-		

#### clear crashinfo

To delete the contents of the crash file in Flash memory, use the **clear crashinfo** command in privileged EXEC mode.

clear crashinfo

- **Syntax Description** This command has no arguments or keywords.
- **Defaults** No default behaviors or values.

**Command Modes** The following table shows the modes in which you can enter the command:

	Firewall N	Security Context			
				Multiple	
Command Mode	Routed	Transparent	Single	Context	System
Privileged EXEC	•	•	•		•

elease	Modification
eexisting	This command was preexisting.
e following comm	and shows how to delete the crash file:
stname# <b>clear cra</b>	ashinfo
	eexisting e following comm

 Related Commands
 crashinfo force
 Forces a crash of the security appliance.

 crashinfo save disable
 Disables crash information from writing to Flash memory.

 crashinfo test
 Tests the ability of the security appliance to save crash information to a file in Flash memory.

 show crashinfo
 Displays the contents of the crash file stored in Flash memory.

### clear crypto accelerator statistics

To clear the global and accelerator-specific statistics from the crypto accelerator MIB, use the **clear crypto accelerator statistics** command in privileged EXEC mode.

clear crypto accelerator statistics

Syntax Description This command has no keywords or variables.

**Defaults** No default behavior or values.

**Command Modes** The following table shows the mode in which you can enter the command:

	Firewall Mode Security Conte			Context	ext	
				Multiple		
Command Mode	Routed	Transparent	Single	Context	System	
Privileged EXEC	•	•	•	_		

Command History		
	7.0(1)	This command was introduced.

Examples

The following example entered in global configuration mode, displays crypto accelerator statistics:

hostname(config)# clear crypto accelerator statistics
hostname(config)#

<b>Related Commands</b>	Command	Description
	clear crypto protocol statistics	Clears the protocol-specific statistics in the crypto accelerator MIB.
	show crypto accelerator statistics	Displays the global and accelerator-specific statistics in the crypto accelerator MIB.
	show crypto protocol statistics	Displays the protocol-specific statistics from the crypto accelerator MIB.

#### clear crypto ca cris

To remove the CRL cache of all CRLs associated with a specified trustpoint or to remove the CRL cache of all CRLs, use the **clear crypto ca crls** command in privileged EXEC mode.

clear crypto ca crls [trustpointname]

Syntax Description	trustpointname	(Optional) The nar command clears al	-	•		name, this		
efaults	No default behavior or v	values.						
Command Modes	The following table sho	ws the modes in whic	h you can enter	the comma	nd:			
		Firewall N	lode	Security C	Context			
	<b>Command Mode</b> Privileged EXEC			<b>a</b> : 1	Multiple			
		Routed	Transparent	Single	Context	System		
ommand History	Release Modification							
	7.0(1)This command was introduced.							
Examples	The following example CRLs from the security	-	iguration mode,	removes all	l of the CRL ca	ache from al		
	hostname# <b>clear crypt</b> hostname#	o ca crls						
alatad Commands								
elated Commands	Command	Description						
Related Commands	<b>Command</b> crypto ca crl request	Description Downloads the CR	L based on the C	CRL config	uration of the t	trustpoint.		

#### clear crypto ipsec sa

To remove the IPSec SA counters, entries, crypto maps or peer connections, use the **clear crypto ipsec sa** command in privileged EXEC mode. To clear all IPSec SAs, use this command without arguments.

clear [crypto] ipsec sa [counters | entry {hostname | ip\_address} {esp | ah} spi | map map name |
 peer {hostname | ip\_address}]

Be careful when using this command.

Syntax Description	ah	Authentication I	header							
oynax besonption	counters		per SA statistics.							
	entry		el that matches the	specified I	P address/hostr	name, protocol				
	y	and SPI value.		Speetine a		inite, protocor				
	esp	esp Encryption security protocol.								
	hostname									
	ip_address	Identifies an IP address.								
	map	Deletes all tunnels associated with the specified crypto map as identified by map name.								
	map name	An alphanumeric string that identifies a crypto map. Max 64 characters.								
	peer	peerDeletes all IPSec SAs to a peer as identified by the specified hostname or IP address.								
	spi	Identifies the Se	ecurity Parameters	Index (a he	xidecimal num	nber).				
Command Modes	The following table s	Firewal		Security (						
				-	Multiple					
	Command Mode	Routed	Transparent	Sinale	Context	System				
	Privileged EXEC	•		•						
Command History	Release	Modification								
-	7.0(1)	This command	was introduced.							
Examples	The following example, issued in global configuration mode, removes all of the IPSec SAs from									
	security appliance:									
	security appliance:	-	oninguration mode,	, removes a	ll of the IPSec	SAs from the				

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The next example, issued in global configuration mode, deletes SAs with a peer IP address of 10.86.1.1. hostname# clear crypto ipsec peer 10.86.1.1 hostname#

#### **Related Commands**

Command	Description		
clear configure crypto map	Clears all or specified crypto maps from the configuration.		
clear configure isakmp	Clears all ISAKMP policy configuration.		
show ipsec sa	Displays information about IPSec SAs, including counters, entry, map name, peer IP address and hostname.		
show running-config crypto	Displays the entire crypto configuration, including IPSec, crypto maps, dynamic crypto maps, and ISAKMP.		

### clear crypto protocol statistics

To clear the protocol-specific statistics in the crypto accelerator MIB, use the **clear crypto protocol statistics** command in privileged EXEC mode.

clear crypto protocol statistics protocol

Syntax Description	protocol	Specifies the name Protocol choices an	-	for which y	you want to cle	ear statistics			
		• ikev1—Interne	et Key Exchange	version 1.					
	• <b>ipsec</b> —IP Security Phase-2 protocols.								
	• ssl—Secure Socket Layer.								
		• other—Reserv	ved for new prote	ocols.					
		• all—All protoc	cols currently su	pported.					
		In online help for t supported in future		ther protoco	ols may appear	r that will be			
Defaults	No default behavior or v	alues.							
Command Modes	The following table show	ws the mode in which	n you can enter t	he commar	ıd:				
		Firewall N	lode	Security (					
					Multiple				
	Command Mode	Routed	Transparent	Single		System			
	<b>Command Mode</b> Privileged EXEC				Multiple	System —			
Command History		Routed	Transparent	Single	Multiple	System —			
Command History	Privileged EXEC	Routed	Transparent •	Single	Multiple	System —			
Command History Examples	Privileged EXEC          Release         7.0(1)	Routed  •  Modification  This command was entered in global com	Transparent  Transparent  figuration mode	Single •	Multiple Context —				
	Privileged EXEC Release 7.0(1)	Routed  •  Modification  This command was entered in global com	Transparent  Transparent  figuration mode	Single •	Multiple Context —				
	Privileged EXEC          Release         7.0(1)         The following example of hostname# clear crypt	Routed  •  Modification  This command was entered in global com	Transparent  Transparent  figuration mode	Single •	Multiple Context —				

Command	Description			
show crypto accelerator statistics	Displays the global and accelerator-specific statistics from the crypto accelerator MIB.			
show crypto protocol statistics	Displays the protocol-specific statistics in the crypto accelerator MIB.			

# clear dhcpd

To clear the DHCP server bindings and statistics, use the **clear dhcp** command in privileged EXEC mode.

clear dhcpd {binding [ip\_address] | statistics}

Syntax Description	binding	Clears all the clien	t address binding	gs.		binding Clears all the client address bindings.						
	ip_address	(Optional) Clears t		-	I IP address.							
	statistics	statistics         Clears statistical information counters.										
Defaults Command Modes	No default behavior or values.											
	The following table show											
		Firewall N	lode	Security (								
					Multiple							
	Command Mode	Routed	Transparent	Single	Context	System						
	Privileged EXEC	•	•	•	•							
Command History	Release	Modification										
	Preexisting	This command was	s preexisting.									
Usage Guidelines	If you include the optional IP address in the <b>clear dhcpd binding</b> command, only the binding for the IP address is cleared. To clear all of the DHCP server commands, use the <b>clear configure dhcpd</b> command.											
Examples	The following exemple a	1 1 / 1 /1										
Examples	The following example s	shows how to clear th	ne dhcpd statisti	cs:								
Examples	hostname# <b>clear dhcpd</b>		ie <b>dhcpd</b> statisti	cs:								
Related Commands			e <b>dhcpd</b> statisti	cs:								
	hostname# <b>clear dhcpd</b>	statistics										

#### clear dhcprelay statistics

To clear the DHCP relay statistic counters, use the **clear dhcprelay statistics** command in privileged EXEC mode.

clear dhcprelay statistics

- **Syntax Description** This command has no arguments or keywords.
- **Defaults** No default behavior or values.

**Command Modes** The following table shows the modes in which you can enter the command:

	Firewall N	Security Context				
				Multiple	Multiple	
Command Mode	Routed	Transparent	Single	Context	System	
Privileged EXEC	•		•	•	_	

Command History	Release	Modification
	Preexisting	This command was preexisting.

**Usage Guidelines** The **clear dhcprelay statistics** command only clears the DHCP relay statistic counters. To clear the entire DHCP relay configuration, use the **clear configure dhcprelay** command.

**Examples** The following example shows how to clear the DHCP relay statistics: hostname# clear dhcprelay statistics

hostname#

<b>Related Commands</b>	Command	Description
	clear configure dhcprelay	Removes all DHCP relay agent settings.
	debug dhcprelay	Displays debug information for the DHCP relay agent.
	show dhcprelay statistics	Displays DHCP relay agent statistic information.
	show running-config dhcprelay	Displays the current DHCP relay agent configuration.

# clear dns-hosts cache

To clear the DNS cache, use the **clear dns-hosts cache** command in privileged EXEC mode. This command does not clear static entries you added with the **name** command.

clear dns-hosts cache

**Syntax Description** This command has no arguments or keywords.

**Defaults** No default behavior or values.

**Command Modes** The following table shows the modes in which you can enter the command:

	Firewall Mode		Security Context			
	Routed			Multiple	Multiple	
Command Mode		Transparent	Single	Context	System	
Privileged EXEC	•	•	•	•		

Command History	Release	Modification
	7.0(1)	This command was introduced.

**Examples** The following example clears the DNS cache:

hostname# clear dns-hosts cache

<b>Related Commands</b>	Command	Description
	dns domain-lookup	Enables the security appliance to perform a name lookup.
	dns name-server	Configures a DNS server address.
	dns retries	Specifies the number of times to retry the list of DNS servers when the security appliance does not receive a response.
	dns timeout	Specifies the amount of time to wait before trying the next DNS server.
	show dns-hosts	Shows the DNS cache.

# clear eigrp events

To clear the EIGRP event log, use the clear eigrp events command in privileged EXEC mode.

clear eigrp [as-number] events

Syntax Description	<i>as-number</i> (Optional) Specifies the autonomous system number of the EIGRP process for which you are clearing the event log. Because the security appliance only supports one EIGRP routing process, you do not need to specify the autonomous system number.					
Defaults	No default behaviors of	or values.				
Command Modes	The following table sh	ows the modes in whic	h you can enter	the comma	ind:	
		Firewall N	lode	Security (	Context	
					Multiple	
	Command Mode	Routed	Transparent	Single	Context	System
	Privileged EXEC	•	—	•	—	—
Command History	Release	Modification				
-	8.0(2)	This command was	s introduced.			
Usage Guidelines	You can use the <b>show</b>			GRP event l	log.	
Examples	The following example		nt log:			
	hostname# <b>clear eign</b>					
Related Commands	Command show eigrp events	<b>Description</b> Displays the EIGR				

# clear eigrp neighbors

To delete entries from the EIGRP neighbor table, use the **clear eigrp neighbors** command in privileged EXEC mode.

clear eigrp [as-number] neighbors [ip-addr | if-name] [soft]

Syntax Description	as-number	for whi only su	(Optional) Specifies the autonomous system number of the EIGRP process for which you are deleting neighbor entries. Because the security appliance only supports one EIGRP routing process, you do not need to specify the autonomous system number.				
	<i>if-name</i> (Optional) The name of an interface as specified by the <b>nameif</b> command. Specifying an interface name removes all neighbor table entries that were learned through this interface.						
	ip-addr		nal) The IP or table.	address of the ne	eighbor you	want to remov	ve from the
Defaults Command Modes	soft		the security	y appliance to researcy.	synchroniz	e with the neig	hbor without
	If you do not specif the neighbor table. The following table						re removed from
			Firewall N	Iode	Security (	ontext	
			Firewall N	lode	Security C		
	Command Mode		Firewall N Routed	Node Transparent	-	Context Multiple Context	System
	<b>Command Mode</b> Privileged EXEC				-	Multiple	System —
Command History		Modifi	Routed •		Single	Multiple	System —
Command History	Privileged EXEC		Routed • cation		Single	Multiple	System —
Command History Usage Guidelines	Privileged EXEC Release	This co <b>ighbors</b> comm table. Only dy	Routed	Transparent — s introduced.	Single • ors defined	Multiple Context — l using the neignoved.	

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The following example removes all entries learned through the interface named "outside" from the EIGRP neighbor table:

hostname# clear eigrp neighbors outside

#### **Related Commands**

Command	Description
debug eigrp neighbors	Displays debug information for EIGRP neighbors.
debug ip eigrp	Displays debug information for EIGRP protocol packets.
show eigrp neighbors	Displays the EIGRP neighbor table.

# clear eigrp topology

To delete entries from the EIGRP topology table, use the **clear eigrp topology** command in privileged EXEC mode.

clear eigrp [as-number] topology ip-addr [mask]

Syntax Description	as-number	Because the securi	(Optional) Specifies the autonomous system number of the EIGRP process. Because the security appliance only supports one EIGRP routing process, you do not need to specify the autonomous system number.					
	<i>ip-addr</i> The IP address to clear from the topology table.							
	mask	(Optional) The net	work mask to ap	ply to the <i>i</i>	<i>p-addr</i> argume	ent.		
Defaults	No default behaviors	s or values.						
Command Modes	The following table	shows the modes in whic	ch you can enter	the comma	ind:			
		Firewall N	lode	Security (	Context			
					Multiple			
	Command Mode	Routed	Transparent	Single	Context	System		
	Privileged EXEC	•		•				
Command History	Release	Release Modification						
	8.0(2)	This command was	s introduced.					
Usage Guidelines		rs existing EIGRP entries mand to view the topolog		P topology	table. You can	use the <b>show</b>		
Examples	The following example removes entries in the 192.168.1.0 network from EIGRP topology table:							
	hostname# <b>clear ei</b>	igrp topology 192.168.	1.0 255.255.255	5.0				
Related Commands	Command	Description						

### clear failover statistics

To clear the failover statistic counters, use the **clear failover statistics** command in privileged EXEC mode.

clear failover statistics

- **Syntax Description** This command has no arguments or keywords.
- **Defaults** No default behavior or values.

**Command Modes** The following table shows the modes in which you can enter the command:

	Firewall N	lode	Security Context		
				Multiple	
Command Mode	Routed	Transparent	Single	Context	System
Privileged EXEC	•	•	•	•	•

Command History	Release	Modification
	Preexisting	This command was introduced.

Usage GuidelinesThis command clears the statistics displayed with the show failover statistics command and the<br/>counters in the Stateful Failover Logical Update Statistics section of the show failover command output.<br/>To remove the failover configuration, use the clear configure failover command.

**Examples** The following example shows how to clear the failover statistic counters:

hostname# clear failover statistics
hostname#

Related Commands	Command	Description
	debug fover	Displays failover debug information.
	show failover	Displays information about the failover configuration and operational statistics.

#### clear flow-export counters

To reset runtime counters that are associated with NetFlow data to zero, use the **clear flow-export counters** command in privileged EXEC mode.

#### clear flow-export counters

**Syntax Description** This command has no arguments or keywords.

**Defaults** No default behavior or values.

**Command Modes** The following table shows the modes in which you can enter the command:

	Firewall M	lode	Security Context		
				Multiple	
Command Mode	Routed	Transparent	Single	Context	System
Privileged EXEC	•	•	•	•	

Command History	Release	Modification
	8.1(1)	This command was introduced.

**Usage Guidelines** The runtime counters include statistical data as well as error data.

Examples The following example shows how to reset runtime counters that are associated with NetFlow data: hostname# clear flow-export counters

Related Commands	Commands	Description
	<b>flow-export destination</b> <i>interface-name ipv4-address</i> <i>hostname udp-port</i>	Specifies the IP address or hostname of the NetFlow collector, and the UDP port on which the NetFlow collector is listening.
	flow-export template timeout-rate minutes	Controls the interval at which the template information is sent to the NetFlow collector.
	logging flow-export-syslogs enable	Enables syslog messages after you have entered the <b>logging</b> <b>flow-export-syslogs disable</b> command, and the syslog messages that are associated with NetFlow data.
	show flow-export counters	Displays all runtime counters in NetFlow.

#### clear fragment

To clear the operational data of the IP fragment reassembly module, enter the **clear fragment** command in privileged EXEC mode. This command clears either the currently queued fragments that are waiting for reassembly (if the **queue** keyword is entered) or clears all IP fragment reassembly statistics (if the **statistics** keyword is entered). The statistics are the counters, which tell how many fragments chains were successfully reassembled, how many chains failed to be reassembled, and how many times the maximum size was crossed resulting in overflow of the buffer.

clear fragment {queue | statistics} [interface]

Syntax Description	interface	(Optional) Specifie	s the security ar	pliance in	terface	
	queue	Clears the IP fragm				
	statistics	Clears the IP fragm				
Defaults	If an <i>interface</i> is not sp	pecified, the command	applies to all int	erfaces.		
command Modes	The following table she	ows the modes in whic	h you can enter	the comma	and:	
		Firewall M	ode	Security (	Context	
					Multiple	
	Command Mode	Routed	Transparent	Single	Context	System
	Privileged EXEC	•	•	•	•	
	con	e command was separat figure fragment, to se rational data.			-	
xamples	This example shows he hostname# clear frag	ow to clear the operatio	nal data of the I	P fragmen	t reassembly m	nodule:
Related Commands	Command	Description				
	clear configure fragn	nent Clears the IP fr	agment reassem	bly config	uration and res	ets the default
	fragment	Provides additi compatibility w	onal managementith NFS.	nt of packe	t fragmentation	n and improve
	show fragment	Displays the op	erational data o	f the IP fra	igment reassem	bly module.
	show fragmentDisplays the operational data of the IP fragment reassembly moduleshow running-configDisplays the IP fragment reassembly configuration.					

### clear gc

To remove the garbage collection process statistics, use the **clear gc** command in privileged EXEC mode.

clear gc

**Syntax Description** This command has no arguments or keywords.

**Defaults** No default behaviors or values.

**Command Modes** The following table shows the modes in which you can enter the command:

	Firewall N	lode	Security C	ontext	
				Multiple	
Command Mode	Routed	Transparent	Single	Context	System
Privileged EXEC	•	•	•	_	•

Command History	Release	Modification
	7.0(1)	This command was introduced.

**Examples** The following example shows how to remove the garbage collection process statistics: hostname# clear gc

<b>Related Commands</b>	Command	Description
	show gc	Displays the garbage collection process statistics.

### clear igmp counters

To clear all IGMP counters, use the clear igmp counters command in privileged EXEC mode.

clear igmp counters [if\_name]

Syntax Description	if_name	The interface name interface name with interface to be clea	n this command c			
	This command has no	arguments or keyword	S.			
Defaults	No default behavior or	values.				
command Modes	The following table sh	ows the modes in whic	h you can enter	the comma	nd:	
		Firewall N	lode	Security C	ontext	
					Multiple	
	Command Mode	Routed	Transparent	Single	Context	System
	Privileged EXEC	•	—	•		—
Command History	Release	Modification				
command History	<b>Release</b> 7.0(1)	<b>Modification</b> This command was	introduced.			
Command History	7.0(1)	This command was e clears the IGMP stati				
	7.0(1) The following example	This command was e clears the IGMP stati				

Clears the IGMP traffic counters.

clear igmp traffic

		groups associated				
Defaults	No default behavior or v	values.				
Command Modes	The following table sho	ws the modes in whic	h you can enter	the comma	ind:	
		Firewall N	lode	Security (	Context	
					Multiple	
	Command Mode	Routed	Transparent	Single	Context	System
	Privileged EXEC	•	—	•		—
Command History	Release	Modification				
	Preexisting	This command was	s preexisting.			
Usage Guidelines	If you do not specify a g group, only the entries f interface are cleared. If specified interface are c This command does not	for that group are clea you specify both a gr leared.	ared. If you spec oup and an inter	ify an inter	face, then all g	roups on that
	This command does not	clear staticarry contra	guieu groups.			
Examples	The following example hostname# clear igmp		ll discovered IG	MP groups	from the IGM	P group cache:
Delete d Oceano d	<b>A</b>	Description				
Related Commands	Command clear igmp counters	Description Clears all IGMP co	untarg			
	clear igmp traffic	Clears the IGMP to				
	cical ignip trainc	Creats the following th	anne counters.			

#### clear igmp group

**Syntax Description** 

To clear discovered groups from the IGMP group cache, use the clear igmp command in privileged EXEC mode.

IGMP group address. Specifying a particular group removes the specified

Interface name, as specified by the namif command. When specified, all

clear igmp group [group | interface name]

group from the cache.

group

interface name

#### clear igmp traffic

To clear the IGMP traffic counters, use the clear igmp traffic command in privileged EXEC mode.

clear igmp traffic

**Syntax Description** This command has no arguments or keywords.

**Defaults** No default behavior or values.

**Command Modes** The following table shows the modes in which you can enter the command:

	Firewall N	lode	Security (	Context	
				Multiple	
Command Mode	Routed	Transparent	Single	Context	System
Privileged EXEC	•	—	•		_

 Release
 Modification

 7.0(1)
 This command was introduced.

**Examples** The following example clears the IGMP statistical traffic counters: hostname# clear igmp traffic

 Commands
 Command
 Description

 clear igmp group
 Clears discovered groups from the IGMP group cache.

 clear igmp counters
 Clears all IGMP counters.

### clear interface

To clear interface statistics, use the clear interface command in privileged EXEC mode.

clear interface [physical\_interface[.subinterface] | mapped\_name | interface\_name]

Syntax Description	interface_name	(Optional) Identifi	ies the interface r	name set wi	ith the <b>nameif</b>	command.
	mapped_name	(Optional) In mult assigned using the	-			name if it was
	physical_interface	(Optional) Identifi interface commar	ies the interface I	D, such as		et0/1. See the
	subinterface	(Optional) Identification (Optional) Identification (Optional) Identification (Optional)	-	ween 1 and	1 4294967293 0	lesignating a
Defaults	By default, this comm	and clears all interface	e statistics.			
Command Modes	The following table sh	nows the modes in whi	ch you can enter	the comma	und:	
		Firewall I	Vode	Security (	Context	
					Multiple	
	Command Mode	Denote d	-	Cinala	Context	System
	Command Would	Routed	Transparent	Single	Context	oystom
	Privileged EXEC	•	•	•	•	•
Command History			•			-
Command History	Privileged EXEC	•	•			-
Command History Usage Guidelines	Privileged EXEC          Release         Preexisting         If an interface is share appliance clears only s	• Modification	• Is preexisting.	• ommand w	• ithin a context,	• •
	Privileged EXEC          Release         Preexisting         If an interface is share appliance clears only s space, the security app You cannot use the int available within a con	• Modification This command wa ed among contexts, and statistics for the current	• Is preexisting. I you enter this context. If you en poined statistics. tem execution spa mapped the interf	• ommand winter this contact, becaus face, becaus	• ithin a context, mmand in the s se the <b>nameif</b> c a mapped name	the security ystem executior
	Privileged EXEC         Release         Preexisting         If an interface is share appliance clears only s space, the security app You cannot use the int available within a con allocate-interface con	Modification     This command wa ed among contexts, and statistics for the current pliance clears the comb eerface name in the sys text. Similarly, if you	• Is preexisting. I you enter this context. If you enterthis context. If you enter this context is the statistics. Item execution spatial the interfuse the mapped the interfuse the mapped not the statistics.	• ommand winter this contact, becaus face, becaus	• ithin a context, mmand in the s se the <b>nameif</b> c a mapped name	the security ystem executior

#### **Related Commands**

Command	Description
clear configure interface	Clears the interface configuration.
interface	Configures an interface and enters interface configuration mode.
show interface	Displays the runtime status and statistics of interfaces.
show running-config interface	Displays the interface configuration.

### clear ip audit count

To clear the count of signature matches for an audit policy, use the **clear ip audit count** command in privileged EXEC mode.

clear ip audit count [global | interface interface\_name]

Syntax Description	<b>global</b> (Default) Clears the number of matches for all interfaces.						
	interface	(Optional) Clears t	he number of ma	atches for t	he specified in	terface.	
	interface_name						
Defaults	If you do not specify a k	aeyword, this comma	nd clears the mat	tches for a	ll interfaces ( <b>g</b> l	obal).	
ommand Modes	The following table show	ws the modes in whic	ch you can enter	the comma	and:		
		Firewall N	lode	Security (	Context		
					Multiple		
	Command Mode	Routed	Transparent	Single	Context	System	
	Privileged EXEC	•	•	•	•		
ommand History	Release	Modification					
omnanu mstory	Preexisting	This command was	s preexisting.				
xamples	The following example of hostname# clear ip au		ll interfaces:				
elated Commands	Command	Description					
	ip audit interface	Assigns an audit p	olicy to an interf	ace.			
	ip audit name	Creates a named au matches an attack				e when a packe	
	show ip audit count	Shows the count of	f signature match	nes for an a	audit policy.		
	show running-config	Shows the configur					

# clear ip verify statistics

To clear the Unicast RPF statistics, use the **clear ip verify statistics** command in privileged EXEC mode. See the **ip verify reverse-path** command to enable Unicast RPF.

clear ip verify statistics [interface interface\_name]

Syntax Description	<b>interface</b> interface_name	Sets the interface of	n which you wa	nt to clear	Unicast RPF st	atistics.		
Defaults	No default behavior or	values.						
command Modes	The following table she	ows the modes in whic	h you can enter	the comma	ınd:			
		Firewall N	ode	Security (	Context			
					Multiple			
	Command Mode	Routed	Transparent	Single	Context	System		
	Privileged EXEC	•		•	•			
ommand History	Release Modification							
	Preexisting	This command was	preexisting.					
xamples	The following example hostname# clear ip v		F statistics:					
elated Commands	Command	Description						
	clear configure ip verify reverse-path	Clears the <b>ip verif</b> y	reverse-path o	configuratio	on.			
	ip verify reverse-path	• Enables the Unicas	t Reverse Path F	orwarding	feature to prev	ent IP spoofing		
	show ip verify statistics	Shows the Unicast	RPF statistics.					
	show running-config	Shows the <b>ip verif</b>	noverce noth	configuratio	on			

### clear ipsec sa

To clear IPSec SAs entirely or based on specified parameters, use the **clear ipsec sa** command in privileged EXEC mode. You can also use an alternate form: **clear crypto ipsec sa**.

clear ipsec sa [counters | entry peer-addr protocol spi | peer peer-addr | map map-name]

Syntax Description	counters	(Optional) Clears a	(Optional) Clears all counters. (Optional) Clears IPSec SAs for a specified IPSec peer, protocol and SPI.				
	entry	(Optional) Clears I	PSec SAs for a	specified IF	PSec peer, prot	ocol and SPI.	
	map map-name	(Optional) Clears I	PSec SAs for th	e specified	crypto map.		
	peer	(Optional) Clears I	PSec SAs for a	specified pe	eer.		
	peer-addr	Specifies the IP address of an IPSec peer.					
	protocol	Specifies an IPSec protocol: esp or ah.					
	spi	Specifies an IPSec	SPI.				
Defaults	No default behavior o	or values.					
Command Modes	The following table sl	hows the modes in whic	the comma	nd:			
				0 7 0			
		Firewall N	lode	Security C	I		
		Firewall N			Context Multiple		
	Command Mode	Firewall N Routed	lode Transparent	Security C Single	I	System	
	<b>Command Mode</b> Privileged EXEC				Multiple	System —	
Command History		Routed	Transparent	Single	Multiple	System 	
Command History	Privileged EXEC	Routed •	Transparent •	Single	Multiple	System —	
Command History Examples	Privileged EXEC Release Preexisting	Routed  •  Modification  This command was le, entered in global com	Transparent  • s preexisting.	Single •	Multiple Context —		
Examples	Privileged EXEC          Release         Preexisting         The following example         hostname#         clear ips         hostname#	Routed  •  Modification  This command was  le, entered in global con sec sa counters	Transparent  • s preexisting.	Single •	Multiple Context —		
	Privileged EXEC          Release         Preexisting         The following example         hostname# clear ips	Routed  •  Modification  This command was le, entered in global com	Transparent  Transparent  s preexisting.	Single •	Multiple Context — IPSec SA cour		

# clear ipv6 access-list counters

To clear the IPv6 access list statistical counters, use the **clear ipv6 access-list counters** command in privileged EXEC mode.

clear ipv6 access-list *id* counters

ntax Description	<i>id</i> The IPv6 access list identifier.						
efaults	No default behavior or v	values.					
mmand Modes	The following table sho	ws the modes in whic	h you can enter	the comma	ind:		
		Context					
					Multiple		
	Command Mode	Routed	Transparent	Single	Context	System	
	Privileged EXEC	•	—	•	•		
ommand History	Release Modification						
	7.0(1)	This command was	s introduced.				
xamples	The following example hostname# clear ipv6 hostname#			a for the IP	v6 access list 2	:	
lelated Commands	Command	Description					
	clear configure ipv6	Clears the <b>ipv6 access-list</b> commands from the current configuration.					
	ipv6 access-list	<b>pv6 access-list</b> Configures an IPv6 access list.					

### clear ipv6 neighbors

To clear the IPv6 neighbor discovery cache, use the **clear ipv6 neighbors** command in privileged EXEC mode.

#### clear ipv6 neighbors

**Syntax Description** This command has no arguments or keywords.

**Defaults** No default behavior or values.

**Command Modes** The following table shows the modes in which you can enter the command:

	Firewall Mod	rewall Mode		Security Context		
				Multiple		
Command Mode	Routed	Transparent	Single	Context	System	
Privileged EXEC	•	—	•	•	—	

Command History	Release	Modification
	7.0(1)	This command was introduced.

**Usage Guidelines** This command deletes all discovered IPv6 neighbor from the cache; it does not remove static entries.

Examples The following example deletes all entries, except static entries, in the IPv6 neighbor discovery cache:
hostname# clear ipv6 neighbors
hostname#

<b>Related Commands</b>	Command	Description
	ipv6 neighbor	Configures a static entry in the IPv6 discovery cache.
	show ipv6 neighbor	Displays IPv6 neighbor cache information.

#### clear ipv6 traffic

To reset the IPv6 traffic counters, use the clear ipv6 traffic command in privileged EXEC mode.

clear ipv6 traffic

**Syntax Description** This command has no arguments or keywords.

**Defaults** No default behavior or values.

**Command Modes** The following table shows the modes in which you can enter the command:

	Firewall N	Firewall Mode		Security Context		
				Multiple		
Command Mode	Routed	Transparent	Single	Context	System	
Privileged EXEC	•		•	•	_	

 Release
 Modification

 7.0(1)
 This command was introduced.

**Usage Guidelines** Using this command resets the counters in the output from the **show ipv6 traffic** command.

Examples

The following example resets the IPv6 traffic counters. The output from the **ipv6 traffic** command shows that the counters are reset:

	# clear ipv6 traffic
	# show ipv6 traffic
IPv6 sta	tistics:
Rcvd:	1 total, 1 local destination
	0 source-routed, 0 truncated
	0 format errors, 0 hop count exceeded
	0 bad header, 0 unknown option, 0 bad source
	0 unknown protocol, 0 not a router
	0 fragments, 0 total reassembled
	0 reassembly timeouts, 0 reassembly failures
Sent:	1 generated, 0 forwarded
	0 fragmented into 0 fragments, 0 failed
	0 encapsulation failed, 0 no route, 0 too big
Mcast:	0 received, 0 sent
ICMP sta	tistics:
Rcvd:	1 input, 0 checksum errors, 0 too short
	0 unknown info type, 0 unknown error type
	unreach: 0 routing, 0 admin, 0 neighbor, 0 address, 0 port
	parameter: 0 error, 0 header, 0 option
	0 hopcount expired, 0 reassembly timeout,0 too big

0 echo request, 0 echo reply 0 group query, 0 group report, 0 group reduce 0 router solicit, 0 router advert, 0 redirects 0 neighbor solicit, 1 neighbor advert Sent: 1 output unreach: 0 routing, 0 admin, 0 neighbor, 0 address, 0 port parameter: 0 error, 0 header, 0 option 0 hopcount expired, 0 reassembly timeout,0 too big 0 echo request, 0 echo reply 0 group query, 0 group report, 0 group reduce 0 router solicit, 0 router advert, 0 redirects 0 neighbor solicit, 1 neighbor advert UDP statistics: Rcvd: 0 input, 0 checksum errors, 0 length errors 0 no port, 0 dropped Sent: 0 output TCP statistics: Rcvd: 0 input, 0 checksum errors Sent: 0 output, 0 retransmitted

<b>Related Commands</b>	Command	Description
	show ipv6 traffic	Displays IPv6 traffic statistics.

#### clear isakmp sa

To remove all of the IKE runtime SA database, use the **clear isakmp sa** command in global configuration or privileged EXEC mode.

clear isakmp sa

- **Syntax Description** This command has no keywords or arguments.
- **Defaults** No default behavior or values.

**Command Modes** The following table shows the modes in which you can enter the command:

	Firewall Mode		Security Context		
				Multiple	
Command Mode	Routed	Transparent	Single	Context	System
Privileged EXEC	•	_	•		

# Release Modification 7.0(1) This command was introduced. 7.2(1) The clear isakmp sa command was changed to clear crypto isakmp sa.

Examples

The following example removes the IKE runtime SA database from the configuration:

hostname# **clear isakmp sa** hostname#

Related Commands	Command	Description
	clear isakmp	Clears the IKE runtime SA database.
	isakmp enable	Enables ISAKMP negotiation on the interface on which the IPSec peer communicates with the security appliance.
	show isakmp stats	Displays runtime statistics.
	show isakmp sa	Displays IKE runtime SA database with additional information.
	show running-config isakmp	Displays all the active ISAKMP configuration.

## clear local-host

To release network connections from local hosts displayed by entering the **show local-host** command, use the **clear local-host** command in privileged EXEC mode.

clear local-host [ip\_address] [all]

Syntax Description	all	(Optional) Spec security applian		he local hosts st ne security appli		onnections, ind	cluding to the	
	<i>ip_address</i> (Optional) Specifies the local host IP address.							
Defaults	No default be	haviors or values.						
ommand Modes	The following	g table shows the 1	modes in whic	h you can enter	the comma	ind:		
			Firewall Mode			Security Context		
					Multiple			
	Command Mo	ode	Routed	Transparent	Single	Context	System	
	Privileged E2	XEC	•	•	•	•		
command History	Release	Modi	fication					
	Preexisting This command was preexisting.							
Usage Guidelines <u>^</u> Caution	of hosts that a	al-host command are counted toward network state of a hosts.	the license li	mit by entering	the show lo	ocal-host com	mand.	

## **Examples** The following example shows how the **clear local-host** command clears the information about the local hosts:

hostname# clear local-host 10.1.1.15

After the information is cleared, nothing more displays until the hosts reestablish their connections.

Related Commands	Command	Description
	show local-host	Displays the network states of local hosts.

## clear logging asdm

To clear the ASDM logging buffer, use the clear logging asdm command in privileged EXEC mode.

	clear logging asdm					
Syntax Description	This command has no argu	ments or keyword	s.			
Defaults	No default behavior or valu	ies.				
Command Modes	The following table shows	the modes in whic	h you can enter	the comma	und:	
		Firewall N	lode	Security (	Context	
					Multiple	
	Command Mode	Routed	Transparent	Single	Context	System
	Privileged EXEC	•	•	•	•	•
Command History Usage Guidelines	7.0(1) ASDM system log message messages. Clearing the AS	DM logging buffe	mmand. eparate buffer fr r only clears the	om the sec ASDM sys	urity appliance stem log messa	system log ges; it does not
	clear the security appliance asdm log command.	system log messa	ges. To view the	ASDM syst	tem log messag	es, use the <b>show</b>
Examples	The following example cle	ars the ASDM log	ging buffer:			
	<pre>hostname(config)# clear hostname(config)#</pre>	logging asdm				
Related Commands	Command	Descrip	tion			
	show asdm log_sessions	•	s the contents of	the ASDN	l logging buffe	r.
		=r ····j			66 6 - 110	

#### clear logging buffer

To clear the logging buffer, use the clear logging buffer command in privileged EXEC mode.

clear logging buffer **Syntax Description** This command has no arguments or keywords. Defaults No default behavior or values. **Command Modes** The following table shows the modes in which you can enter the command: **Firewall Mode Security Context Multiple Command Mode** Routed Transparent Single Context System Privileged EXEC • • • • **Command History** Release Modification 7.0(1) This command was introduced. Examples This example shows how to clear the contents of the log buffer: hostname# clear logging buffer **Related Commands** Command Description logging buffered Configures the logging buffer. show logging Displays logging information.

### clear mac-address-table

To clear dynamic MAC address table entries, use the **clear mac-address-table** command in privileged EXEC mode.

clear mac-address-table [interface\_name]

yntax Description	<i>interface_name</i> (Optional) Clears the MAC address table entries for the selected interface.							
efaults	No default behavior o	r values.						
Command Modes	The following table sl	hows the modes in which	ch you can enter	the comma	nd:			
		Firewall N	Node	Security (	Context			
					Multiple			
	Command Mode	Routed	Transparent	Single	Context	System		
	Privileged EXEC	_	•	•	•			
Command History	Release Modification							
	7.0(1)This command was introduced.							
Examples Related Commands	The following exampl hostname# clear mac		IAC address tabl	e entries:				
	arp	Add	Adds a static ARP entry.					
	firewall transparent	Sets	the firewall mod	le to transp	arent.			
	mac-address-table a	ging-time Sets	the timeout for a	lynamic M	AC address en	tries.		
	mac-learn	Disables MAC address learning.						
	mac-rearm	Dist	bles MAC addre	ss icuming	•			

#### clear memory delayed-free-poisoner

To clear the delayed free-memory poisoner tool queue and statistics, use the **clear memory delayed-free-poisoner** command in privileged EXEC mode.

clear memory delayed-free-poisoner

**Syntax Description** This command has no arguments or keywords.

#### **Defaults** No default behaviors or values.

**Command Modes** The following table shows the modes in which you can enter the command:

	Firewall N	Firewall Mode		Security Context		
		Multiple				
Command Mode	Routed	Transparent	Single	Context	System	
Privileged EXEC	•	•	•		•	

# Command History Release Modification 7.0(1) This command was introduced.

**Usage Guidelines** The **clear memory delayed-free-poisoner** command returns all memory held in the delayed free-memory poisoner tool queue to the system without validation and clears the related statistical counters.

 Examples
 The following example clears the delayed free-memory poisoner tool queue and statistics:

 hostname# clear memory delayed-free-poisoner

Related Commands	Command	Description
	memory delayed-free-poisoner enable	Enables the delayed free-memory poisoner tool.
	memory delayed-free-poisoner validate	Forces validation of the delayed free-memory poisoner tool queue.
	show memory delayed-free-poisoner	Displays a summary of the delayed free-memory poisoner tool queue usage.

## clear memory profile

To clear the memory buffers held by the memory profiling function, use the **clear memory profile** command in privileged EXEC mode.

clear memory profile [peak]

Syntax Description	peak	<b>peak</b> (Optional) Clears the contents of the peak memory buffer.											
Defaults	Clears the current "in u	se" profile buffer by d	lefault.										
Command Modes	The following table sho	ows the modes in whic	h you can enter	the comma	ind:								
		Firewall N	lode	Security C	Context								
					Multiple								
	Command Mode	Routed	Transparent	Single	Context	System							
	Privileged EXEC	•	•		•	•							
Command History	Release Modification												
	7.0(1)This command was introduced.												
Usage Guidelines	The <b>clear memory pro</b> therefore requires that p			iffers held b	by the profiling	g function and							
Examples	The following example clears the memory buffers held by the profiling function:												
	hostname# <b>clear memo</b>	ry profile											
Related Commands	Command	Description											
	memory profile enable	e Enables the monito	oring of memory	usage (me	mory profiling	<b>memory profile enable</b> Enables the monitoring of memory usage (memory profiling).							
	memory profile text         Configures a text range of memory to profile.												
	memory prome text	Configures a text r	ange of memory	to profile.		).							

## clear mfib counters

To clear MFIB router packet counters, use the clear mfib counters command in privileged EXEC mode.

clear mfib counters [group [source]]

ntax Description	group	(Optional) IP addre	ess of the multic	ast group.					
	source	(Optional) IP addre			ource. This is a	unicast IP			
		address in four-par	t dotted-decimal	notation.					
efaults	When this command i	s used with no argumer	nts, route counter	rs for all ro	utes are cleare	d.			
mmand Modes	The following table sl	nows the modes in whic	eh you can enter	the comma	nd:				
		Firewall N	lode	Security C	Context				
					Multiple				
	Command Mode	Routed	Transparent	Single	Context	System			
	Privileged EXEC	•		•	—				
mmand History	Release Modification								
	7.0(1)	This command was	s introduced.						
xamples	The following exampl hostname# clear mfi	le clears all MFIB route b counters	er packet counter	s:					
elated Commands	Command	Description							

## clear module recover

To clear the AIP SSM recovery network settings set in the **hw-module module recover** command, use the **clear module recover** command in privileged EXEC mode.

clear module 1 recover

Syntax Description	1Specifies the slot number, which is always 1.							
Defaults	No default behavior or values.							
Command Modes	The following table shows the n	nodes in whic	h you can enter	the comma	ind:			
		Firewall N	lode	Security (	Context			
					Multiple			
	Command Mode	Routed	Transparent	Single	Context	System		
	Privileged EXEC	•	•	•	—	•		
Command History	ReleaseModification7.0(1)This command was introduced.							
Examples	The following example clears th hostname# clear module 1 rec	•	ttings for the Al	IP SSM:				
Related Commands	Command	Descriptio	n					
	hw-module module recover		an AIP SSM by	loading a re	ecovery image	from a TFTP		
	hw-module module reset	Shuts dow	n an SSM and p	erforms a h	ardware reset.			
	hw-module module reload	Reloads th	e AIP SSM soft	ware.				
	hw-module module shutdown							
		without io	sing configuration	on data.				

#### clear nac-policy

To reset NAC policy usage statistics, use the clear nac-policy command in global configuration mode.

clear nac-policy [nac-policy-name]

Syntax Description	<i>nac-policy-name</i> (Optional) Name of the NAC policy for which to reset usage statistics.							
Defaults	If you do not specify a nam	e, the CLI resets	he usage statisti	cs for all N	AC policies.			
command Modes	The following table shows	the modes in whic	h you can enter	the comma	nd:			
		Firewall N	lode	Security (	Context			
					Multiple			
	Command Mode	Routed	Transparent	Single	Context	System		
	Global configuration	•	•	_		•		
Command History		dification is command was i	ntroduced.					
xamples	The following command resets the usage statistics for the NAC policy named framework1:							
	<pre>hostname(config)# clear nac-policy framework1</pre>							
	The following command resets all NAC policy usage statistics:							
	<pre>hostname(config)# clear</pre>	nac-policy						
Related Commands	Command	Descriptio	n					
	<b>show nac-policy</b> Displays NAC policy usage statistics on the security appliance.							
						appnunce.		

show vpn-session.db

Displays information about VPN sessions, including NAC results.

## clear ospf

To clear OSPF process information, use the clear ospf command in privileged EXEC mode.

**clear ospf** [*pid*] {**process** | **counters** [**neighbor** [*neighbor-intf*] [*neighbr-id*]]}

counters	Clears	the OSPF co	ounters					
			•		esignation.			
					-			
						SPF routing		
1						U		
process	Clears	the OSPF ro	outing process.					
No default behavior	or values.							
The following table	shows the mo	odes in whic	h you can enter	the comma	nd:			
		Firewall M	lode	Security Context				
					Multiple			
Command Mode		Routed	Transparent	Single	Context	System		
Privileged EXEC		•	_	•		—		
Release Modification								
Preexisting	This co	ommand was	preexisting.					
commands to clear s	specific comn	nands from t	he configuration	n or use the	clear configu			
				DE commo	nda antanad in			
The clean configure	> monton ognt		and not aloon ()			intorfood		
The <b>clear configure</b> configuration mode.	-	command d	oes not clear OS			interface		
	No default behavior The following table Command Mode Privileged EXEC Release Preexisting This command does commands to clear s	neighborClearsneighbor-intf(Optioneighbr-id(Optiopid(OptioprocessClearsprocessClearsNo default behavior or values.The following table shows the mediateCommand ModePrivileged EXECReleaseModifiPreexistingThis command does not remove a commands to clear specific commands	neighborClears the OSPF not neighbor-intfneighbor-intf(Optional) Clears the (Optional) Clears the process the OSPF received of the option of the opt	neighbor       Clears the OSPF neighbor counters         neighbor-intf       (Optional) Clears the OSPF neighbor         neighbr-id       (Optional) Clears the OSPF neighbor         pid       (Optional) Internally used identific         process       Clears the OSPF routing process.         No default behavior or values.       Iterwall walues are from 1 to         process       Clears the OSPF routing process.         No default behavior or values.       Iterwall Mode         Command Mode       Routed       Transparent         Privileged EXEC       •       —         Release       Modification       Preexisting         This command does not remove any part of the configuration commands to clear specific commands from the configuration       Item configuration	neighbor       Clears the OSPF neighbor counters.         neighbor-intf       (Optional) Clears the OSPF interface router deneighbr-id         (Optional) Clears the OSPF neighbor router II       pid         pid       (Optional) Internally used identification parameters         process       Clears the OSPF routing process.         Process       Clears the OSPF routing process.         No default behavior or values.       Iterastic for the command         The following table shows the modes in which you can enter the command       Security O         Command Mode       Routed       Transparent       Single         Privileged EXEC       •       -       •         Release       Modification       Prexisting       This command was preexisting.         This command does not remove any part of the configuration. Use the m commands to clear specific commands from the configuration or use the	neighbor       Clears the OSPF neighbor counters.         neighbor-intf       (Optional) Clears the OSPF interface router designation.         neighbr-id       (Optional) Clears the OSPF neighbor router ID.         pid       (Optional) Internally used identification parameter for an OS process; valid values are from 1 to 65535.         process       Clears the OSPF routing process.         No default behavior or values.       Iterwall Mode         Firewall Mode       Security Context         Multiple       Context         Privileged EXEC       •       -         Release       Modification		

<b>Related Commands</b>	Command	Description
	clear configure router	Clears all global router commands from the running configuration.

To clear connection, xlate, or local-host information maintained on the PC, use the **clear pc** command in privileged EXEC mode.

clear pc

**Syntax Description** This command has no arguments or keywords.

**Defaults** No default behavior or values.

**Command Modes** The following table shows the modes in which you can enter the command:

Command Mode	Firewall Mode		Security Context			
	Routed			Multiple	Multiple	
		Transparent		Context	System	
Privileged EXEC	•	•	•	•	_	

Command History	Release	Modification
	7.0(1)	This command was introduced.

**Examples** The following example clears PC information:

hostname# **clear pc** 

<b>Related Commands</b>	Command	Description
	clear pclu	Clears PC logical update statistics.

## clear pclu

To clear PC logical update statistics, use the **clear pclu** command in privileged EXEC mode.

clear pclu

Syntax Description This command has no argument	nts or keywords.
---	------------------

**Defaults** No default behavior or values.

**Command Modes** The following table shows the modes in which you can enter the command:

	Firewall N	Security Context			
	Routed	Transparent		Multiple	
Command Mode			Single	Context	System
Privileged EXEC	•	•	•	•	—

 Release
 Modification

 7.0(1)
 This command was introduced.

**Examples** The following example clears PC information: hostname# clear pclu

Related Commands Command		Description
	clear pc	Clears connection, xlate, or local-host information maintained on PC.

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## clear pim counters

To clear the PIM traffic counters, use the clear pim counters command in privileged EXEC mode.

clear pim counters

**Syntax Description** This command has no arguments or keywords.

**Defaults** No default behavior or values.

**Command Modes** The following table shows the modes in which you can enter the command:

	Firewall Mode		Security Context		
	Routed	Transparent		Multiple	
Command Mode			Single	Context	System
Privileged EXEC	•	—	•		—

Command History	Release	Modification			
	7.0(1)	This command was introduced.			
Usage Guidelines	This command only cle <b>topology</b> command.	ears the traffic counters. To clear the PIM topology table, use the clear pim			
Examples	The following example clears the PIM traffic counters:				
	hostname# <b>clear pim</b>	counters			
Related Commands	Command	Description			
	clear pim reset	Forces MRIB synchronization through reset.			
	clear pim topology	Clears the PIM topology table.			
	show pim traffic	Displays the PIM traffic counters.			

#### clear pim reset

To force MRIB synchronization through reset, use the **clear pim reset** command in privileged EXEC mode.

clear pim reset

- **Syntax Description** This command has no arguments or keywords.
- **Defaults** No default behavior or values.

**Command Modes** The following table shows the modes in which you can enter the command:

	Firewall N	Firewall Mode		Security Context		
			Single	Multiple		
Command Mode	Routed	Transparent		Context	System	
Privileged EXEC	•	—	•	_	—	

Command History	Release	Modification
	7.0(1)	This command was introduced.

**Usage Guidelines** All information from the topology table is cleared and the MRIB connection is reset. This command can be used to synchronize state between the PIM topology table and the MRIB database.

**Examples** The following example clears the topology table and resets the MRIB connection: hostname# clear pim reset

<b>Related Commands</b>	Command	Description
	clear pim counters	Clears PIM counters and statistics.
	clear pim topology	Clears the PIM topology table.
	clear pim counters	Clears PIM traffic counters.

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## clear pim topology

To clear the PIM topology table, use the clear pim topology command in privileged EXEC mode.

clear pim topology [group]

Syntax Description Defaults Command Modes	<i>group</i> Without the optional <i>group</i> The following table sho		ies are cleared f	rom the top	pology table.	e deleted from	
		Firewall N		Security (			
					Multiple		
	Command Mode	Routed	Transparent	Single	Context	System	
	Privileged EXEC	•	_	•	_	—	
Command History	ReleaseModification7.0(1)This command was introduced.						
Jsage Guidelines	This command clears ex MRIB table, such as IG group entries are cleared	MP local membership					
xamples	The following example clears the PIM topology table:						
	hostname# <b>clear pim t</b>	copology					
Related Commands	Command	Description					
	clear pim counters	Clears PIM counter	rs and statistics.				
	clear pim reset	Forces MRIB sync		ugh reset.			
	clear pim counters	Clears PIM traffic	counters.				

### clear priority-queue statistics

To clear the priority-queue statistics counters for an interface or for all configured interfaces, use the **clear priority-queue statistics** command in either global configuration or privileged EXEC mode.

clear priority-queue statistics [interface-name]

Syntax Description	<i>interface-name</i> (Optional) Specifies the name of the interface for which you wa best-effort and low-latency queue details.							
Defaults	If you omit the interface name, this command clears the priority-queue statistics for all configured interfaces.							
Command Modes	The following table shows	the modes in whic	h you can enter	the comma	nd:			
		Firewall N	lode	Security (	Context			
					Multiple			
	Command Mode	Routed	Transparent	Single	Context	System		
	Privileged EXEC	•	•	•	•			
Command History	Release Modification							
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	7.0(1)     This command was introduced.							
Examples	This example shows the use of the <b>clear priority-queue statistics</b> command in privileged EXEC more to remove the priority queue statistics for the interface named "test". hostname# <b>clear priority-queue statistics test</b> hostname#							
Related Commands	Command	Description						
	clear configure priority queue	Removes the pri-	ority-queue conf	iguration f	rom the named	l interface.		
	priority-queue	Configures prior	ity queueing on	an interfac	e.			
	<b>show priority-queue</b> Shows the priority queue statistics for a specified interface or for all							
	show priority queue statisticsinterfaces.show running-configShows the current priority-queue configuration on the named interface.							

#### clear resource usage

To clear resource usage statistics, use the **clear resource usage** command in privileged EXEC mode.

clear resource usage [context context\_name | all | summary | system] [resource {[rate]
 resource\_name | all}]

Syntax Description	<pre>context context_name</pre>	(Multiple mode only) Specifies the context name for which you want to clear statistics. Specify <b>all</b> (the default) for all contexts.
	resource [rate]	Clears the usage of a specific resource. Specify <b>all</b> (the default) for all resources. Specify <b>rate</b> to clear the rate of usage of a resource. Resources that are measured by rate include <b>conns</b> , <b>inspects</b> , and <b>syslogs</b> . You must specify the <b>rate</b> keyword with these resource types. The conns resource is also measured as concurrent connections; only use the <b>rate</b> keyword to view the connections per second.
		Resources include the following types:
		• asdm—ASDM management sessions.
		• <b>conns</b> —TCP or UDP connections between any two hosts, including connections between one host and multiple other hosts.
		• <b>inspects</b> —Application inspections.
		• <b>hosts</b> —Hosts that can connect through the security appliance.
		• <b>mac-addresses</b> —For transparent firewall mode, the number of MAC addresses allowed in the MAC address table.
		• <b>ssh</b> —SSH sessions.
		• syslogs—System log messages.
		• <b>telnet</b> —Telnet sessions.
		• <b>xlates</b> —NAT translations.
	summary	(Multiple mode only) Clears the combined context statistics.
	system	(Multiple mode only) Clears the system-wide (global) usage statistics.
Defaults	For multiple context mo	de, the default context is <b>all</b> , which clears resource usage for every context. F
	The default resource nar	ne is all, which clears all resource types.

**Command Modes** The following table shows the modes in which you can enter the command:

		Firewall M	ode	Security Context				
	Command Mode				Multiple			
		Routed	Transparent	Single	Context	System		
	Privileged EXEC	•	•	•		•		
Command History	Release	Modification						
	7.2(1)	This command was	introduced.					
	hostname# clear resource usage The following example clears the system-wide usage statistics:							
	hostname# <b>clear resou</b>	irce usage system						
Related Commands	Command	Description						
	context	Adds a security con	text.					
	show resource types	Shows a list of reso	urce types					

ne resource usage of the security appliance.

#### clear route

To remove dynamically learned routes from the configuration, use the **clear route** command in privileged EXEC mode.

clear route [interface\_name]

Syntax Description	interface_name (Optional) In	nternal or exter	nal network inte	rface name				
Defaults	No default behavior or values.							
Command Modes	The following table shows the	modes in whic	ch you can enter	the comma	nd:			
		Firewall N	lode	Security (	Context			
					Multiple			
	Command Mode	Routed	Transparent	Single	Context	System		
	Privileged EXEC	•	•	•	•			
Command History	Release Modification							
	Preexisting This command was preexisting.							
Examples Related Commands	The following example shows hostname# clear route	how to remove		arned route	s:			
neialea commands		•						
	route		static or default		ne an interface	•		
	show route	Displays route information.						
		show running-config route Displays configured routes.						

## clear service-policy

To clear operational data or statistics (if any) for enabled policies, use the **clear service-policy** command in privileged EXEC mode. To clear service policy startistics for inspection engines, see the **clear service-policy inspect** commands.

clear service-policy [global | interface intf ]

Syntax Description	global	(Optional) Clears t	he statistics of the	global (Optional) Clears the statistics of the global service policy.						
	interface intf	(Optional) Clears t	he service policy	y statistics of	of a specific in	terface.				
Defaults	By default, this comma	nd clears all the statist	tics for all enabl	ed service j	policies.					
Command Modes	The following table sho	ws the modes in whic	h you can enter	the comma	nd:					
		Firewall M	ode	Security C	ontext					
					Multiple					
	Command Mode	Routed	Transparent	Single	Context	System				
	Privileged EXEC	•	•	•	•					
Command History	Release Modification									
	7.0(1)This command was introduced.									
Examples	• •	e shows the syntax of the <b>clear service-policy</b> command: rice-policy outside_security_map interface outside								
Related Commands	Command		security_map in							
Related Commands	<b>Command</b> clear service-policy	Description Clears service polic		he GTP ins	spection engine	2.				
Related Commands	clear service-policy inspect gtp	<b>Description</b> Clears service polic	cy statistics for t							
Related Commands	clear service-policy	Description	cy statistics for t							
Related Commands	clear service-policy inspect gtp clear service-policy inspect	Description Clears service polic Clears service polic	cy statistics for t							
Related Commands	clear service-policy inspect gtp clear service-policy inspect radius-accounting	Description Clears service polic Clears service polic engine.	cy statistics for t cy statistics for t e policy.	he RADIU	S accounting i	nspection				
Related Commands	clear service-policy inspect gtp clear service-policy inspect radius-accounting show service-policy show running-config	Description         Clears service police         Clears service police         engine.         Displays the service	cy statistics for t cy statistics for t e policy. e policies config	he RADIU gured in the	S accounting i	nspection				

### clear service-policy inspect gtp

To clear global GTP statistics, use the **clear service-policy inspect gtp** command in privileged EXEC mode.

clear service-policy inspect gtp {pdp-context [all | apn ap\_name | imsi IMSI\_value | ms-addr IP\_address | tid tunnel\_ID | version\_version\_num ] | requests | statistics [gsn IP\_address] }

Syntax Description.	all		all GTP PD					
	apn							
	ap_name	Identifies the specific access point name.						
	gsn	(Optional) Identifies the GPRS support node, which is the interface between the GPRS wireless data network and other networks.						
	gtp	(Option	nal) Clears t	he service polic	y for GTP.			
	imsi	(Optional) Clears the PDP contexts based on the IMSI specified.						
	IMSI_value	<i>IMSI_value</i> Hexadecimal value that identifies the specific IMSI.						
	interface	(Option	nal) Identifie	es a specific inte	rface.			
	int	<i>int</i> Identifies the interface for which information will be cleared.						
	IP_address	<i>IP_address</i> IP address for which statistics will be cleared.						
	ms-addr	(Optional) Clears PDP contexts based on the MS Address specified.						
	pdp-context	(Optional) Identifies the Packet Data Protocol context.						
	requests	(Optional) Clears GTP requests.						
	statistics	(Optional) Clears GTP statistics for the inspect gtp command.						
	tid	tid (Optional) Clears the PDP contexts based on the TID specified.						
	<i>tunnel_ID</i> Hexadecimal value that identifies the specific tunnel.							
	version	(Optional) Clears the PDP contexts based on the GTP version.						
	version_num	Specifi	es the versio	on of the PDP co	ontext. The	valid range is	0 to 255.	
Defaults	No default behavior o	r values.						
Command Modes	The following table sl	hows the mo	odes in whic	eh you can enter	the comma	ind:		
			Firewall M	lode	Security C	Context		
						Multiple		
	Command Mode		Routed	Transparent	Single	Multiple Context	System	
	<b>Command Mode</b> Privileged EXEC		Routed	Transparent •	Single •		System —	
Command History		Modific	•		-	Context	System —	

Usage Guidelines	The Packet Data Protocol context is identified by the tunnel ID, which is a combination of IMSI and
	NSAPI. A GTP tunnel is defined by two associated PDP Contexts in different GSN nodes and is
	identified with a tunnel ID. A GTP tunnel is necessary to forward packets between an external packet
	data network and a mobile station (MS) user.

#### **Examples** The following example clears GTP statistics: hostname# clear service-policy inspect gtp statistics

<b>Related Commands</b>	Commands	Description
	debug gtp	Displays detailed information about GTP inspection.
	gtp-map	Defines a GTP map and enables GTP map configuration mode.
	inspect gtp	Applies a GTP map to use for application inspection.
	show service-policy inspect gtp	Displays the GTP configuration.
	show running-config gtp-map	Shows the GTP maps that have been configured.

## clear service-policy inspect radius-accounting

To clear RADIUS accounting users, use the **clear service-policy inspect radius-accounting** command in privileged EXEC mode.

**clear service-policy inspect radius-accounting users** {**all** | *ip\_address* | *policy\_map*}

Syntax Description.	all	Clears all users.						
	<i>ip_address</i> Clears a user with this IP address.							
	policy_map	Clears users associ	ated with this po	olicy map.				
Defaults	No default behavior or	values.						
				.1				
Command Modes	The following table sho	ows the modes in which	ch you can enter	the comma	nd:			
				0 1 0				
		Firewall N	Firewall Mode		Security Context			
					Multiple			
	Command Mode	Routed	Transparent	Single	Multiple Context	System		
	<b>Command Mode</b> Privileged EXEC	Routed •	Transparent	Single •	-	System —		
					Context	System —		
Command History					Context	System —		
Command History	Privileged EXEC	•	•		Context	System —		
Command History	Privileged EXEC Release	• Modification	•		Context	System —		
Command History	Privileged EXEC Release	• Modification	•		Context	System —		
Command History Examples	Privileged EXEC Release	• Modification This command was	• s introduced.		Context	System —		

### clear shun

To disable all the shuns that are currently enabled and clear the shun statistics, use the **clear shun** command in privileged EXEC mode.

clear shun [statistics]

Syntax Description	statistics	(Optional) Clears t	he interface cou	nters only.				
Defaults	No default behavior o	r values.						
ommand Modes	The following table sh	nows the modes in whic	h you can enter	the comma	ind:			
		Firewall N	lode	Security (	Context			
					Multiple			
	Command Mode	Routed	Transparent	Single	Context	System		
	Privileged EXEC	•	•	•	•	—		
Command History	Release Modification							
	7.0(1)	This command was	introduced.					
xamples	The following exampl statistics:	e shows how to disable	all the shuns tha	at are curre	ntly enabled an	d clear the shu		
	hostname(config)# <b>clear shun</b>							
Related Commands	Command	Description						
	shunEnables a dynamic response to an attacking host by preventing new connections and disallowing packets from any existing connection.							
	show shun         Displays the shun information.							

#### clear startup-config errors

To clear configuration error messages from memory, use the **clear startup-config errors** command in privileged EXEC mode.

#### clear startup-config errors

**Syntax Description** This command has no arguments or keywords.

**Defaults** No default behavior or values.

**Command Modes** The following table shows the modes in which you can enter the command:

	Firewall N	Firewall Mode		Security Context		
				Multiple	Multiple	
Command Mode	Routed	Transparent	Single	Context	System	
Privileged EXEC	•	•	•	_	•	

Command History	Release	Modification
7.0(1) Th		This command was introduced.

**Usage Guidelines** To view configuration errors generated when the security appliance loaded the startup configuration, use the **show startup-config errors** command.

**Examples** The following example clears all configuration errors from memory: hostname# clear startup-config errors

<b>Related Commands</b>	Command	Description	
	show startup-config	Shows configuration errors generated when the security appliance loaded the	
	errors	startup configuration.	

#### clear sunrpc-server active

To clear the pinholes opened by Sun RPC application inspection, use the **clear sunrpc-server active** command in privileged EXEC mode.

clear sunrpc-server active

#### **Defaults** No default behavior or values.

**Command Modes** The following table shows the modes in which you can enter the command:

	Firewall Mode		Security Context			
				Multiple	Multiple	
Command Mode	Routed	Transparent	Single	Context	System	
Privileged EXEC	•	•	•	•	_	

Command History	Release	Modification
	Preexisting	This command was preexisting.

## **Usage Guidelines** Use the **clear sunrpc-server active** command to clear the pinholes opened by Sun RPC application inspection that allow service traffic, such as NFS or NIS, to pass through the security appliance.

#### **Examples** The following example shows how to clear the SunRPC services table: hostname# clear sunrpc-server

<b>Related Commands</b>	Command	Description
	clear configure sunrpc-server	Clears the Sun remote processor call services from the security appliance.
	inspect sunrpc	Enables or disables Sun RPC application inspection and configures the port used.
	show running-config sunrpc-server	Displays information about the SunRPC services configuration.
	show sunrpc-server active	Displays information about active Sun RPC services.

## clear threat-detection rate

When you enable basic threat detection using the **threat-detection basic-threat** command, you can clear statistics using the **clear threat detection rate** command in privileged EXEC mode.

#### clear threat-detection rate

**Syntax Description** This command has no arguments or keywords.

**Defaults** No default behavior or values.

**Command Modes** The following table shows the modes in which you can enter the command:

	Firewall Mode		Security Context		
				Multiple	
Command Mode	Routed	Transparent	Single	Context	System
Privileged EXEC	•	•	•	_	

Command History	Release	Modification
	8.0(2)	This command was introduced.

**Examples** The following example clears the rate statistics:

hostname# clear threat-detection rate

<b>Related Commands</b>	Command	Description
	show running-config all threat-detection	Shows the threat detection configuration, including the default rate settings if you did not configure them individually.
	show threat-detection rate	Shows basic threat detection statistics.
	threat-detection basic-threat	Enables basic threat detection.
	threat-detection rate	Sets the threat detection rate limits per event type.
	threat-detection scanning-threat	Enables scanning threat detection.

### clear threat-detection shun

If you enable scanning threat detection with the **threat-detection scanning-threat** command, and you automatically shun attacking hosts, then release the currently shunned hosts using the **clear threat-detection shun** command in privileged EXEC mode.

clear threat-detection shun [ip\_address [mask]]

Syntax Description	<i>ip_address</i> (Optional) Releases a specific IP address from being shunned.						
	mask (Optional) Sets the subnet mask for the shunned host IP address.						
Defaults Command Modes	If you do not specify an The following table show			the comma	nd:		
		Firewall M	lode	Security (	Context		
					Multiple		
	Command Mode	Routed	Transparent	Single	Context	System	
	Privileged EXEC	•	•	•			
Command History	Release Modification						
	8.0(2)	This command was	introduced.				
Jsage Guidelines Examples	To view currently shunn					s <b>hun</b> command	
LXamples	The following example views currently shunned hosts with the <b>show threat-detection shun</b> command, and then releases host 10.1.1.6 from being shunned:						
	hostname# <b>show threat</b> Shunned Host List: 10.1.1.6 198.1.6.7 hostname# <b>clear threa</b>		) 1 1 6 255 251	- 255 255			
Related Commands	Command		Description				
	show threat-detection		Shows currently		osts.		
	show threat-detection		Shows the host s				
	show threat-detection statistics protocol Shows the protocol statistics.						

Command	Description
show threat-detection statistics top	Shows the top 10 statistics.
threat-detection scanning-threat	Enables scanning threat detection.

### clear threat-detection statistics

If you enable TCP Intercept statistics with the **threat-detection statistics tcp-intercept** command, then clear the statistics using the **clear threat-detection scanning-threat** command in privileged EXEC mode.

clear threat-detection statistics [tcp-intercept]

Syntax Description	tcp-intercept	(Optional) Clears	TCP Intercept st	atistics. Th	is is the defaul	t.	
Defaults	Clears TCP Intercep	ot statistics.					
Command Modes	The following table	shows the modes in wh	ich you can enter	the comma	and:		
		Firewall	Mode	Security (	Context		
				-	Multiple		
	Command Mode	Routed	Transparent	Single	Context	System	
	Privileged EXEC	•	•	•			
			L				
Command History	Release	Release Modification					
	8.0(4)/8.1(2)This command was introduced.						
Usage Guidelines Examples	The following exam	ept statistics, enter the s ple shows TCP Intercep and and then clears all	ot statistics with th		_		
	<b>tcp-intercept</b> command, and then clears all statistics: hostname# <b>show threat-detection statistics top tcp-intercept</b>						
	Monitoring Window	Servers under Attack Size: 30 mins Sam Port> <interface> <a< th=""><th>pling Interval:</th><th>30 secs</th><th>al&gt; <source i<="" th=""/><th>? (Last Attack</th></th></a<></interface>	pling Interval:	30 secs	al> <source i<="" th=""/> <th>? (Last Attack</th>	? (Last Attack	
	2 192.168.1.3:5 3 192.168.1.4:5 4 192.168.1.5:5 5 192.168.1.6:5 6 192.168.1.7:5 7 192.168.1.8:5 8 192.168.1.9:5 9 192.168.1.10:5 9 192.10:5 9 192.168.1.10:5 9 192.10:5 9 192.10:5 192.10:	5000 inside 1249 9503 5000 inside 10 10 608 5000 inside 2 6 560 1 5000 inside 1 5 560 1 5000 inside 1 4 560 1 5000 inside 0 3 560 1 5000 inside 0 2 560 1 5000 inside 0 1 560 1 5000 inside 0 0 550	0 10.0.0.200 (0 0.0.0.200 (59 s 0.0.0.200 (59 s 0.0.0.200 (59 s 0.0.0.200 (59 s 0.0.0.200 (59 s 0.0.0.200 (59 s 10.0.0.200 (2 m	secs ago) ecs ago) ecs ago) ecs ago) ecs ago) ecs ago) ecs ago) ins ago)		secs ago)	

hostname# clear threat-detection statistics

**Related Commands** 

s	Command	Description
	show threat-detection statistics top	Shows the top 10 statistics.
	threat-detection statistics	Enables threat detection statistics.

#### clear traffic

To reset the counters for transmit and receive activity, use the **clear traffic** command in privileged EXEC mode.

clear traffic

- **Syntax Description** This command has no arguments or keywords.
- **Defaults** No default behavior or values.

**Command Modes** The following table shows the modes in which you can enter the command:

	Firewall N	Firewall Mode Security Co			ntext	
		Transparent	Single	Multiple		
Command Mode	Routed			Context	System	
Privileged EXEC	•	•	•	•		

Command History	Release	Modification
	Preexisting	This command was preexisting.

**Usage Guidelines** The clear traffic command resets the counters for transmit and receive activity that is displayed with the show traffic command. The counters indicate the number of packets and bytes moving through each interface since the last clear traffic command was entered or since the security appliance came online. And the number of seconds indicate the duration the security appliance has been online since the last reboot.

#### **Examples** The following example shows the **clear traffic** command:

hostname# clear traffic

<b>Related Commands</b>	Command	Description
	show traffic	Displays the counters for transmit and receive activity.

### clear uauth

To delete all the cached authentication and authorization information for a user or for all users, use the **clear uauth** command in privileged EXEC mode.

clear uauth [username]

Syntax Description	<i>username</i> (Optional) Specifies, by username, the user authentication information to remove.						
Defaults	Omitting usern	ame deletes the a	uthentication	and authorizati	on informat	tion for all use	rs.
Command Modes	The following t	able shows the n	nodes in whic	h you can enter	the comma	nd:	
			Firewall N	lode	Security Context		
						Multiple	
	Command Mod	e	Routed	Transparent	Single	Context	System
	Privileged EXI	EC	•	•		_	•
Command History	Release	Modification					
	Preexisting This command was preexisting.						
Jsage Guidelines	The <b>clear uauth</b> command deletes the AAA authorization and authentication caches for one user or for all users, which forces the user or users to reauthenticate the next time that they create a connection. This command is used with the <b>timeout</b> command.						
	Each user host IP address has an authorization cache attached to it. If the user attempts to access a service that has been cached from the correct host, the security appliance considers it preauthorized and immediately proxies the connection. Once you are authorized to access a website, for example, the authorization server is not contacted for each image as it is loaded (assuming the images come from the same IP address). This process significantly increases performance and reduces the load on the authorization server.						
	The cache allow	ws up to 16 addre	ss and servic	e pairs for each	user host.		
		*		-			
 Note	for the IP addre feature in Netw users behind th cannot be create you can enable	ble Xauth, an entr ess that is assigne fork Extension M e firewall cannot ed upon completi the AAA authen AAA authentica	d to the client ode, the IPSe be associated on of Xauth. tication proxy	. However, when the tunnel is creat with a single II If AAA authoriz to authenticate	n using Xau ted from ne P address. F zation or acc users behin	ith with the Ea twork to netwo For this reason counting servi	sy VPN Remote ork, so that the , a uauth entry ces are required

Use the **timeout uauth** command to specify how long the cache should be kept after the user connections become idle. Use the **clear uauth** command to delete all the authorization caches for all the users, which will cause them to have to reauthenticate the next time that they create a connection.

#### **Examples** This example shows how to cause the user to reauthenticate: hostname(config)# clear uauth user

<b>Related Commands</b>	Command	Description
	aaa authentication	Enable, disable, or view LOCAL, TACACS+ or RADIUS user authentication (on a server designated by the <b>aaa-server</b> command).
	aaa authorization	Enable, disable, or view TACACS+ or RADIUS user authorization (on a server designated by the <b>aaa-server</b> command).
	show uauth	Display current user authentication and authorization information.
	timeout	Set the maximum idle time duration.

### clear url-block block statistics

To clear the block buffer usage counters, use the **clear url-block block statistics** command in privileged EXEC mode.

clear url-block block statistics

**Syntax Description** This command has no arguments or keywords.

**Defaults** No default behavior or values.

**Command Modes** The following table shows the modes in which you can enter the command:

	Firewall M	lode	Security Context		
Command Mode	Routed		Single	Multiple	
		Transparent		Context	System
Privileged EXEC	•	•	•	•	—

Command History	Release	Modification
	Preexisting	This command was preexisting.

Usage Guidelines The clear url-block block statistics command clears the block buffer usage counters, except for the Current number of packets held (global) counter.

**Examples** The following example clears the URL block statistics and displays the status of the counters after clearing:

hostname# clear url-block block statistics hostname# show url-block block statistics

**Related Commands** 

Commands	Description			
filter url	Directs traffic to a URL filtering server.			
show url-block	Displays information about the URL cache, which is used for buffering URLs while waiting for responses from an N2H2 or Websense filtering server.			
url-block	Manage the URL buffers used for web server responses.			
url-cache	Enables URL caching while pending responses from an N2H2 or Websense server and sets the size of the cache.			
url-server	Identifies an N2H2 or Websense server for use with the filter command.			

### clear url-cache statistics

To remove **url-cache** command statements from the configuration, use the **clear url-cache** command in privileged EXEC mode.

clear url-cache statistics

**Syntax Description** This command has no arguments or keywords.

**Defaults** No default behavior or values.

**Command Modes** The following table shows the modes in which you can enter the command:

	Firewall M	ewall Mode Security Context			
				Multiple	
Command Mode	Routed	Transparent	Single	Context	System
Privileged EXEC	•	•	•	•	—

Command History	Release	Modification
	Preexisting	This command was preexisting.

Usage Guidelines The clear url-cache command removes url-cache statistics from the configuration.

Using the URL cache does not update the Websense accounting logs for Websense protocol Version 1. If you are using Websense protocol Version 1, let Websense run to accumulate logs so you can view the Websense accounting information. After you get a usage profile that meets your security needs, enter the l **url-cache** command to increase throughput. Accounting logs are updated for Websense protocol Version 4 and for N2H2 URL filtering while using the **url-cache** command.

**Examples** The following example clears the URL cache statistics: hostname# clear url-cache statistics

<b>Related Commands</b>	Commands	Description
	filter url	Directs traffic to a URL filtering server.
	show url-cache statistics	Displays information about the URL cache, which is used for buffering URLs while waiting for responses from an N2H2 or Websense filtering server.
	url-block	Manages the URL buffers used for web server responses while waiting for a filtering decision from the filtering server.

url-cache	Enables URL caching while pending responses from an N2H2 or Websense server and sets the size of the cache.
url-server	Identifies an N2H2 or Websense server for use with the filter command.

## clear url-server

To clear URL filtering server statistics, use the clear url-server command in privileged EXEC mode.

	clear url-server	statistics						
Syntax Description	This command has no arguments or keywords.							
Defaults	No default behavior or values.							
Command Modes	The following table s	The following table shows the modes in which you can enter the command:						
			Firewall Mode		Security Context			
		-				Multiple		
	Command Mode		Routed	Transparent		Context	System	
	Privileged EXEC		•	•	•	•	_	
		L			Ц		I.	
Command History	Release Modification							
	Preexisting This command was preexisting.							
Usage Guidelines	The clear url-server	command rer	noves URL	. filtering server	statistics f	rom the config	uration.	
Examples	The following examp	le clears the U	JRL server	statistics:				
	hostname# <b>clear url</b>	-server stat	istics					
Related Commands	Commands	Descript	ion					
Related Commands	Commands filter url	-		URL filtering se	erver.			
Related Commands		Directs t Displays	raffic to a information	URL filtering se on about the UR g for responses	L cache, w		-	
Related Commands	filter url	Directs t Displays URLs wl server. Manages	raffic to a information nile waiting	on about the UR	L cache, w from an N2 web server	H2 or Websen	se filtering	
Related Commands	filter url show url-server	Directs t Displays URLs wl server. Manages a filterin Enables	raffic to a information nile waiting the URL I g decision URL cachi	on about the UR g for responses	L cache, w from an N2 web server ng server. g responses	H2 or Websen responses whi	se filtering le waiting for	

## clear wccp

To reset WCCP information, use the **clear wccp** command in privileged EXEC mode.

clear wccp [web-cache | service\_number]

Syntax Description	web-cache	Specifies the web-	cache service.					
	service-number	······································						
	by the cache. The dynamic service number can be from 0 to 254 and up to							
	255. There is a maximum allowable number of 256 that includes the web-cache service specified with the <b>web-cache</b> keyword.							
Defaults	No default behavior or values.							
Command Modes	The following table s	hows the modes in whic	ch you can enter	the comma	ınd:			
		Firewall Mode		Security Context				
					Multiple			
	Command Mode	Routed	Transparent	Single	Context	System		
	Privileged EXEC	•	•	•	•	_		
Command History	Release	Modification						
	7.2(1) This command was introduced.							
Command History Examples								
	hostname# <b>clear wcc</b>							
Related Commands	Command	Description						

ated Commands	Command	Description
	show wccp	Displays the WCCP configuration.
	wccp redirect	Enables support of WCCP redirection.

### clear webvpn sso-server statistics

To reset the statistics from the webvpn Single Sign-On (SSO) server, use the **clear webvpn sso-server statistics** command in privileged EXEC mode.

clear webvpn sso-server statistics servername

Syntax Description							
	servername	Specifies the na	me of the SSO serv	ver to be rev	voked.		
Defaults	No default behavior o	or values.					
Command Modes	The following table s		ode in which you can enter t		the command: Security Context		
					Multiple		
	Command Mode	Routed	Transparent	Single	Context	System	
	Privileged EXEC	•	•	•	—	_	
Command History	Release	Modification					
Johnnana mistory	8.0(2)	This command	was introduced				
Usage Guidelines Examples	This does not reset the "pending requests" statistic. The following example entered in privileged EXEC mode, displays crypto accelerator statistics: hostname # clear webvpn sso-server statistics hostname #						
Related Commands	Command	Descrip	tion				
	clear crypto acceler statistics		he global and accel tor MIB.	lerator-specific statistics in the crypto			
	clear crypto protoco	tocol statistics Clears the protocol-specific statistics in the crypto accelerator MII					
	show crypto acceler	ator Display	Displays the global and accelerator-specific statistics in the crypto accelerator MIB.				
	statistics					s in the crypte	

## clear xlate

To clear current translation and connection information, use the **clear xlate** command in privileged EXEC mode.

clear xlate [global ip1[-ip2] [netmask mask]] [local ip1[-ip2] [netmask mask]]
[gport port1[-port2]] [lport port1[-port2]] [interface if\_name] [state state]

	<b>Command Mode</b> Privileged EXEC	Firewall M Routed •	lode Transparent •	Security C Single •	Context Multiple Context  •	System •	
		Routed	Transparent	Single	Multiple Context	-	
				-	Multiple		
		Firewall N	lode	Security C	1		
		Eirowall M	امطم	Coourity (	antaut		
Command Modes	The following table sho	ows the modes in whic	h you can enter	the comma	nd:		
Defaults	No default behavior or	values.					
				iie, sepuruu		n u spuce.	
	• <b>identity</b> —specifies <b>nat 0</b> identity address translations. When specifying more than one state, separate the states with a space.						
	<ul> <li>norandomseq—specifies a nat or static translation with the norondomseq setting.</li> <li>identity expecifies not 0 identity address translations.</li> </ul>						
			•			, the	
	<ul> <li>static—specifies static translations.</li> <li>portmap—specifies PAT global translations.</li> </ul>						
	of the following states:						
	state state         (Optional) Clears the active translations by state. You can enter one or more						
	netmask mask	(Optional) Specifies the network mask to qualify the global or local IP addresses.					
	<pre>lport port1[-port2]</pre>	(Optional) Clears the active translations by local port or range of ports.					
	local ip1[-ip2]	(Optional) Clears the active translations by local IP address or range of addresses.					
	<pre>interface if_name</pre>	(Optional) Displays the active translations by interface.					
	<pre>gport port1[-port2]</pre>	(Optional) Clears th	ne active translat	ions by the	global port or	range of ports	
		(Optional) Clears the active translations by global IP address or rang addresses.					

#### Usage Guidelines

The **clear xlate** command clears the contents of the translation slots ("xlate" refers to the translation slot). Translation slots can persist after key changes have been made. Always use the **clear xlate** command after adding, changing, or removing the **aaa-server**, **access-list**, **alias**, **global**, **nat**, **route**, or **static** commands in your configuration.

An xlate describes a NAT or PAT session. These sessions can be viewed with the **show xlate** command with the **detail** option. There are two types of xlates: static and dynamic.

A static xlate is a persistent xlate that is created using the **static** command. The **clear xlate** command does not clear for a host in a static entry. Static xlates can only be removed by removing the **static** command from the configuration; the **clear xlate** command does not remove the static translation rule. If you remove a static command from the configuration, preexisting connections that use the static rule can still forward traffic. Use the **clear local-host** command to deactivate these connections.

A dynamic xlate is an xlate that is created on demand with traffic processing (through the **nat** or **global** command). The **clear xlate** command removes dynamic xlates and their associated connections. You can also use the **clear local-host** command to clear the xlate and associated connections. If you remove a **nat** or a **global** command from the configuration, the dynamic xlate and associated connections may remain active. Use the **clear xlate** command or the **clear local-host** command to remove these connections.

#### Examples

The following example shows how to clear the current translation and connection slot information: hostname# clear xlate global

<b>Related Commands</b>	Command	Description		
	clear local-host	Clears local host network information.		
	clear uauth	Clears cached user authentication and authorization information.		
show conn		Displays all active connections.		
	show local-host	Displays the local host network information.		
	show xlate	Displays the current translation information.		