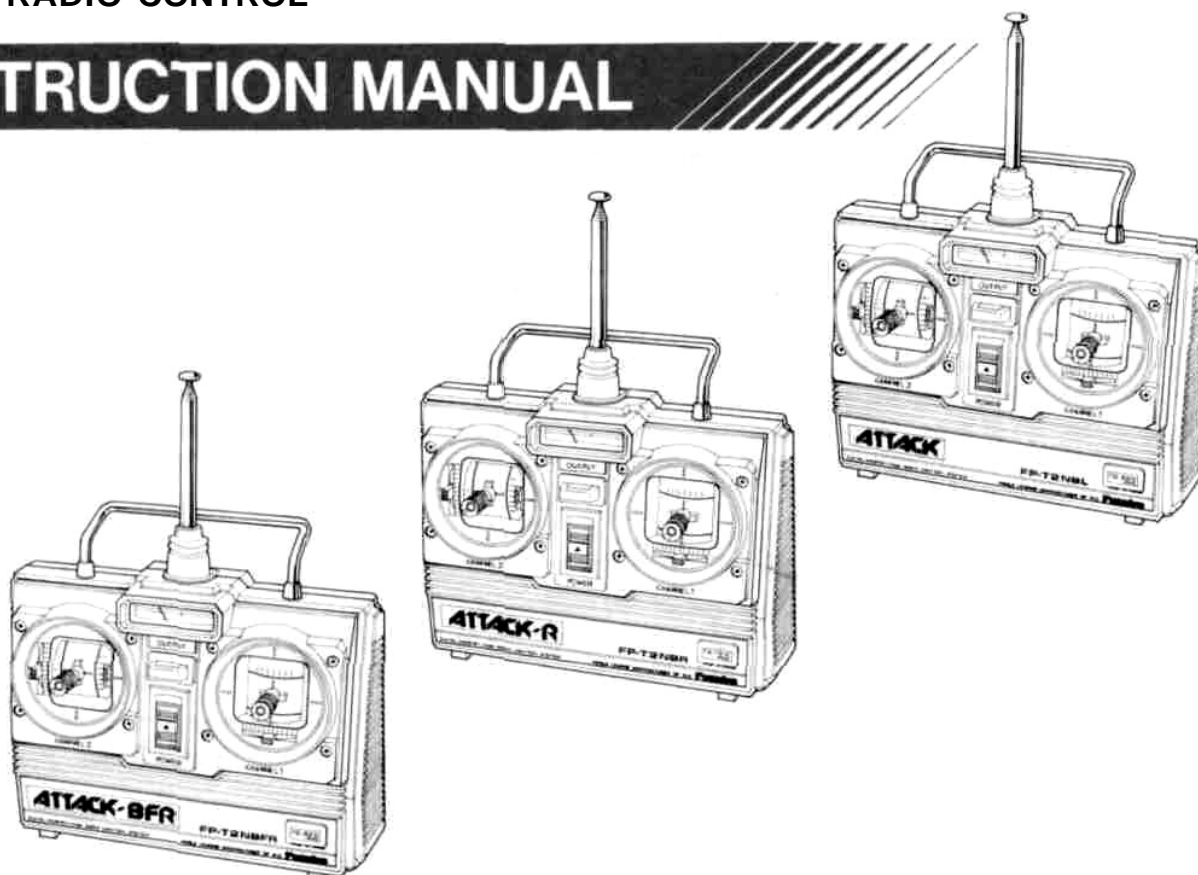


Futaba

DIGITAL PROPORTIONAL
RADIO CONTROL

INSTRUCTION MANUAL



New ATTACK **BEC** SYSTEM

New ATTACK-R **BEC** SYSTEM

New ATTACK-BFR **BEC** & ASP SYSTEM

- The NEW ATTACK, NEW ATTACK-R is a high performance 2 channel digital proportional R/C set based on the acclaimed ATTACK and has a built-in BEC (Battery Eliminator Circuitry) system.

Since the power receiver and servo power is supplied from the running Nicd battery, there is no troublesome wiring and the vehicle can be made lighter.

- The NEW ATTACK-BFR is the newest 2 channel digital proportional R/C set with a built-in ASP (Adjustable Safety Position) system, plus the functions of the NEW ATTACK.

It is a safety system which protects the vehicle against loss of control due to a discharged Nicd by detecting a drop in the voltage of the running Nicd battery which is a shared power supply and stops the vehicle.

*Thank you for purchasing a Futaba digital proportional radio control set.
Please read this manual carefully before using your set.*

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FEATURES OF NEW ATTACK NEW ATTACK-R AND NEW ATTACK-BFR

The NEW ATTACK, NEW ATTACK-R has a BEC function.

The NEW ATTACK-BFR has BEC & ASP functions.

- The BEC (Battery Eliminator Circuitry) system is a high performance constant voltage circuit (regulator). Since the running Nicd battery can also be used as the receiver servo power supply, there is no troublesome wiring and the vehicle can be made lighter. (Installed in NEW ATTACK, NEW ATTACK-R and NEW ATTACK-BFR.)
- The ASP (Adjustable Safety Position) system prevents loss of steering control. It is a safety system which protects the vehicle against loss of control due to a discharged Nicd by detecting a drop in the voltage of the shared power supply Nicd battery and automatically sets the throttle servo to the drive motor off position preset at the transmitter then allows steering with the remaining power before steering control is lost. When the voltage of the running Nicd battery recovers, ASP is automatically reset and the normal running functions are recovered by turning on the transmitter power switch. (Installed in NEW ATTACK-BFR)

World's first safety system that allows running of the vehicle up to the finish line while using the capacity of the power supply to the fullest without a loss of steering control even when the voltage of the running Nicd battery drops.

- Transmitter is Built-in servo reverse switches. (New ATTACK-R, NEW ATTACK-BFR)

TRANSMITTER FP-T2NBL/T2NBR/T2NBFR

- ASP (Adjustable Safety Position) system allows safe recovery without a loss of steering control. (T2NBFR only)
- New swivel stick system that allows selection of the stick lever operating direction over a range of 10°.
- Racing specification short aluminum stick lever makes operation extremely easy.
- New neutral lever allows setting of the neutral position of the throttle stick in two stages. Perfectly matched to the throttle position of motor and engine cars. The stick can be changed to a ratchet system by installing an optional slider.
- Servo reverse switches (steering & throttle). Since each servo can be switched between forward and reverse from the outside of the transmitter, linkage hookup is extremely easy. (T2NBR, T2NBFR)
- Level meter shows the state of the battery at a glance.
- Crystal can be changed from the outside. (Except 72.1 75MHz)
- Hook. Optional neck strap can be used.

RECEIVER FP-R102GF

- BEC (Battery Eliminator Circuitry) system allows sharing of the running Nicd battery and eliminates the need for a regulator and diode.
- High performance 2 channel receiver with ASP system when used with the proper transmitter.
- Crystal socket uses a new type of highly reliable sub-miniature pins. Reliability is increased and the crystal can be changed from the outside.

SERVO FP-S128

SMALL, RUGGED, HIGH NEUTRAL SERVO

- Skew type armature motor. Movement of the trimmer by even one notch is tracked by a skew type motor which displays a performance near that of a coreless motor.
- New indirect drive potentiometer improves vibration and shock resistance and neutral accuracy.
- Futaba low-power custom 1C provides extremely high torque, narrow dead band, and superior tracking.
- Fiberglass reinforced PBT (polybutylene terephthalate) injection molded servo case is mechanically strong and invulnerable to glow fuel.
- Strong polyacetal resin ultra-precision servo gear features smooth operation, positive neutral, and very little backlash.
- Fiberglass reinforced epoxy resin PC board with thru-the-hole plating improves servo amp vibration and shock resistance.
- Three pin connector eliminates faulty contact and improves reliability against vibration and shock. Housing has a reverse insertion prevention mechanism.
- Special grommet simplifies mounting of the servo and has an excellent cushioning effect.
- Six special adjustable splined horns.
- High 48.7oz.in (3.5kg-cm) maximum output torque allows use in almost any model.

CONTENTS AND RATINGS

	ATTACK	ATTACK-R	ATTACK-BFR
Transmitter	FP-T2NBL x 1	FP-T2NBR x 1	FP-T2NBFR x 1
Receiver	FP-R102GFx1	FP-R102GF x 1	FP-R102GF x 1
Servo	FP-S128x2	FP-S128x2	FP-S128x 2
Battery holder	R2-BSS-N x 1	R2-BSS-N x 1	R2BSS-N x 1
Others	Switch, frequency flag, spare horn		

Ratings are subject to change without prior notice.

Transmitter FP-T2NBL/T2NBR T2NBFR	
Operating system	2 nick
Transmitting frequency	27MHz, bands 1 to 6 72, 75MHz
Modulation	AM (Amplitude Modulation)
Power requirement	12.0V, penlight battery x 8
Current drain	170mA

Receiver FP-R102GF	
Receiving frequency	27MHz band, bands 1 to 6 72, 75MHz
Intermediate frequency	455kHz
Selectivity	3kHz/-3dB
Receiving range	550 yards (500m) on the ground when used with FP T2NBIA1 the best radio wave condition of environment)
Power supply	4.8V to 8 4V 7.2V/13mA. 4 8V/33mA
Dimensions	1.46 x 2.19 x 0.75 in (37 x 55.5 x 19mm)
Weight	1.34 oz 138g BEC & ASP functions

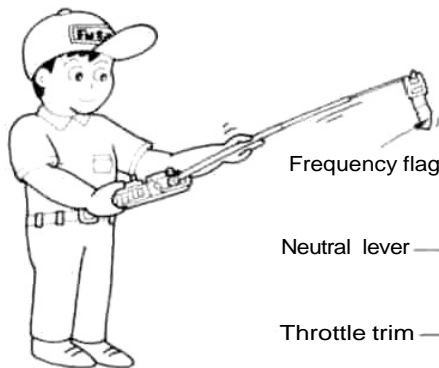
SERVO FP-S128	
Control system	pulse width control
Operating angle	One side 45° or more
Power requirement	4.8V — 6
Current drain (IDLE)	6.0V, 8mA (at Idle)
Output torque	48.7 oz.in. 13.5 kg-cm)
Operating speed	0.24 sec/60
Dimensions	1 6 x 0 8 x 1 6 in. (40.5 x 20 x 40.5mm)
Weight	1.92oz. 153g)

TRANSMITTER FP-T2NBL/T2NBR/T2NBFR

• Nomenclature

- The name of each part of the transmitter is shown in the figure. Learn them before operating your set.

When running the vehicle, extend the antenna fully.



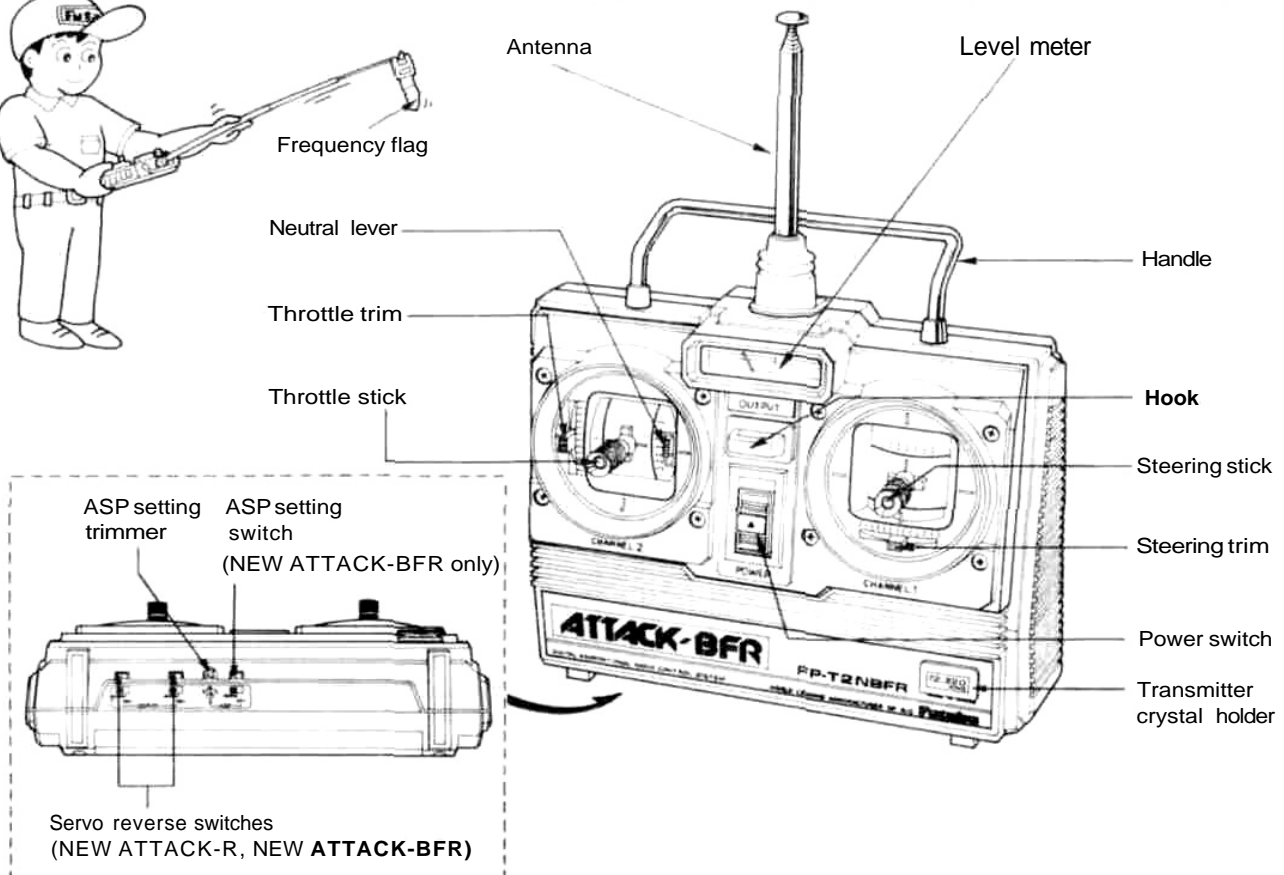
Before using the set, check the remaining battery capacity by checking the level meter.

Good

Caution

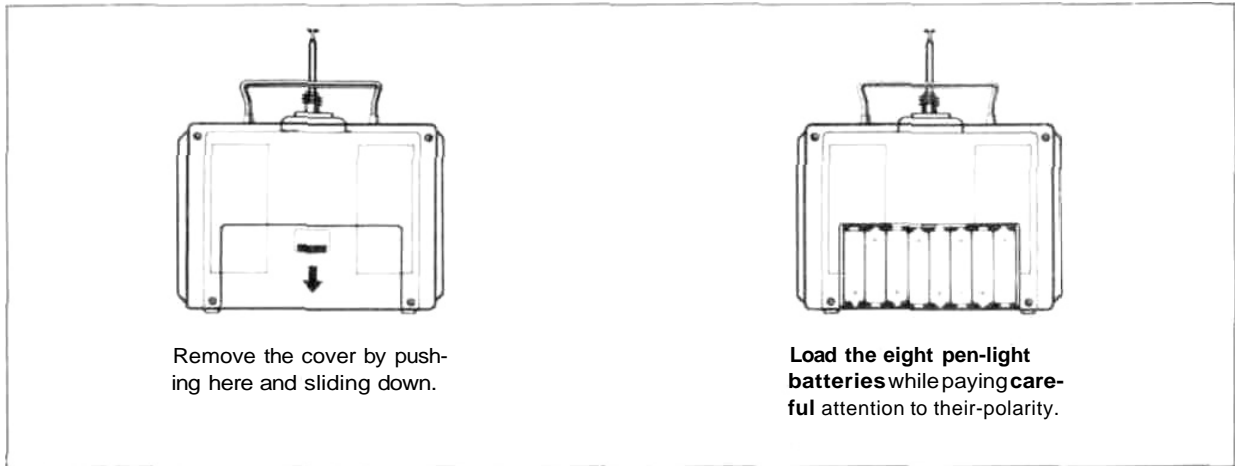
No good

Change the battery.

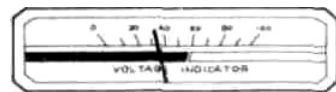
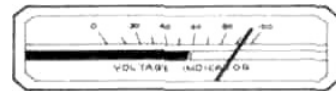


•LOADING THE PENLIGHT BATTERIES

- Remove the battery cover at the rear and insert eight penlight batteries in the correct polarity.

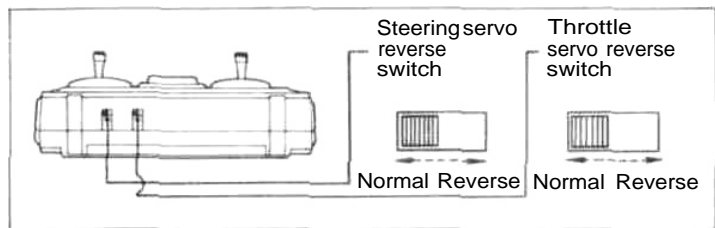


- Extend the antenna fully and set the power switch to ON.
The level meter pointer should deflect to the silver zone. If the pointer does not move, or moves very little, check for poor battery contact, incorrect battery polarity, or faulty batteries.
- If the pointer of the level meter deflects to the red **zone**, the **range** of the radio waves will become short. When the pointer drops to **the** boundary between the silver and red zones, change the batteries.
- The trim levers are used to fine adjust the steering angle. They are used to adjust the neutral position and for correcting the running posture after the mechanism is mounted. After test running, make corrections with the rod adjuster, etc. and operate the set with the trim levers in the neutral position as much **as possible**.

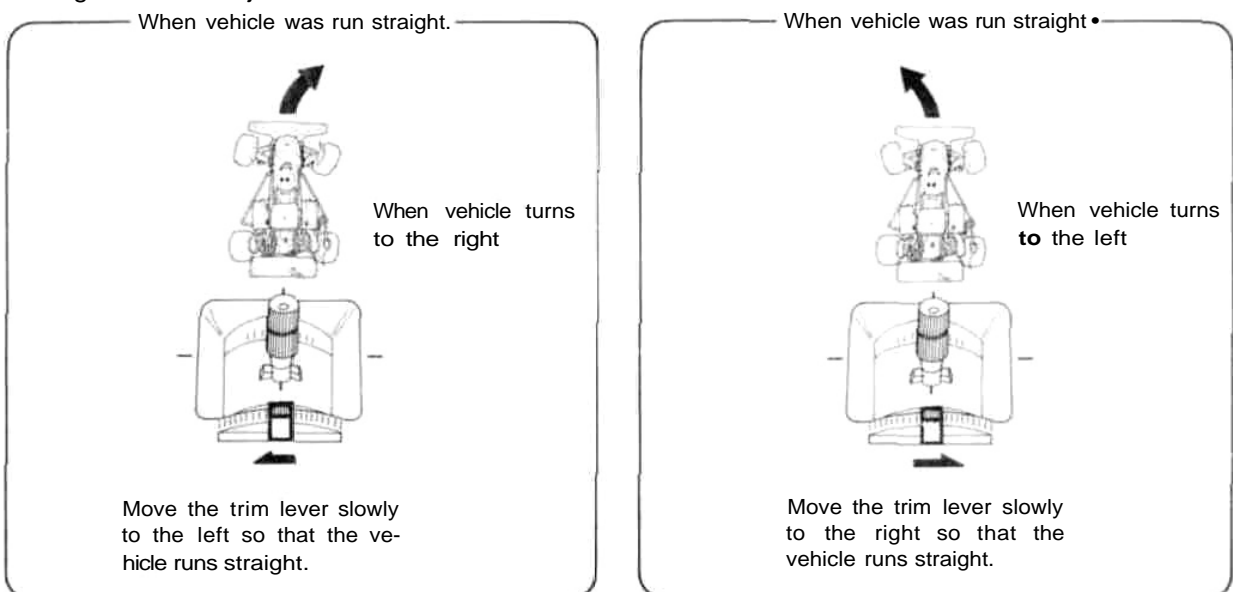


•Servo reverse switches (NEW ATTACK-R. NEW ATTACK-BFR)

- This switch makes servo rotation to another-direction.
- After fixed servos onto your model, and found that rotation is wrong-way, switch to another direction.
- Servo reverse switches are located at bottom of Transmitter case like drawing below:



•Steering trim lever adjustment

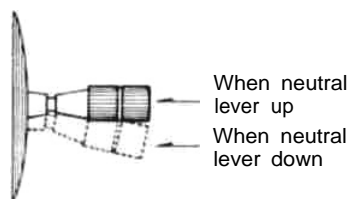


- Adjust the trim lever so that the vehicle runs straight on a smooth road.

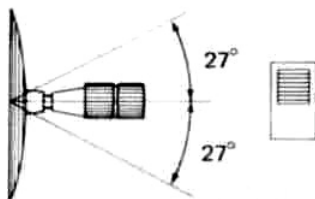
The throttle trim lever is used to fine adjust the speed controller stop position, etc.

•THROTTLE STICK NEUTRAL LEVER OPERATION

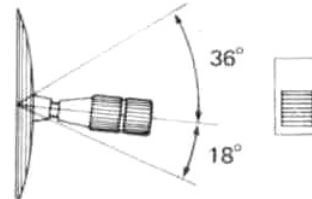
- The neutral position of the throttle stick (engine control stick) at the left side can be selected in two stages by moving the neutral lever as shown in the figure.



If the neutral lever is moved, the neutral position of the stick lever can be adjusted in two steps as shown in the figure.



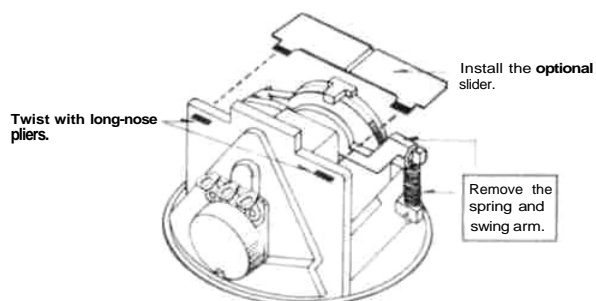
When the neutral lever is up, the throttle stick can be adjusted to a total of 54°, 27° up and 27° down, from the neutral position. This position is best for electric cars and other models with which the center of the speed controller is the neutral position.



When the neutral lever is down, the throttle stick can be adjusted to a total of 54°, 36° up and 18° down (2-to-1), from the neutral position. This position is best for engine-drive cars or other models with which the speed controller neutral position is offset.

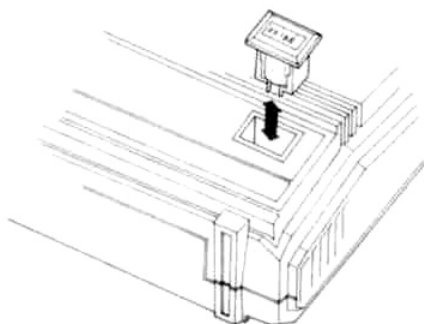
•CHANGING THE THROTTLE STICK FROM A SELF NEUTRAL SYSTEM TO A RATCHET SYSTEM

- When changing the throttle stick from a self-neutral system to a ratchet system, install the optional slider. Then, remove the spring and swing arm.



•CRYSTAL REPLACEMENT

- When changing the band, remove the crystal holder and change the crystal. (Except 72. 75MHZ)



•Futaba Digital Proportional Frequencies (FOR U.S.A.)

- The frequency of Futaba digital proportional sets can be changed among bands (1) ~ (6) on the 27MHz band only.
- However, a 27MHz band set cannot be changed to 72MHz band, and vice versa.
- Therefore, always, attach the correct frequency flag to the end of the transmitter antenna. Each frequency band has its own designated color, as stated above. The frequency flag is intended for identification purposes.
- Also change the frequency flag when frequency is changed.
- Futaba paired crystals are precisely matched. Always use a Futaba crystal set (transmitter, receiver) when changing the frequency.
- It is illegal to change crystals of transmitter on the 72-75 MHz bands in the U.S.A.

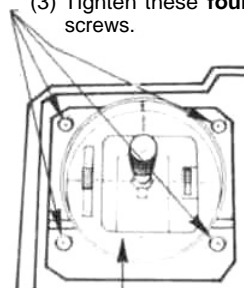
Frequency Channel No. Flag Color

26-27MHz - Aircraft/Car/Boat		75MHz - Car & Boat only	
26.995	- Brown	75.430	62 Blue-Red (Top Flag/Ribbon Bottom Flag/Ribbon)
27.045	- Red		
27.095	- Orange	75.470	64 Blue-Yellow
27.145	- Yellow	75.510	66 Blue-Blue
27.195	- Green	75.550	68 Blue-Gray
27.255	- Blue	75.590	70 Purple-Black
		75.670	74 Purple-Yellow
		75.710	76 Purple-Blue
		75.750	78 Purple-Gray
		75.790	80 Grey-Black
		75.830	82 Grey-Red
		75.870	84 Grey-Yellow
72/75MHz - Aircraft only *Shared		53MHz - Aircraft/Car/Boat - FCC Amateur License Required	
72.030	12 Brown-Red (Top Flag/Ribbon- Bottom Flag/Ribbon)	53.100	- Black/Brown
72.080	- White/Brown	53.200	- Black/Red
72.160*	- White/Blue	53.300	- Black/Orange
72.240	- White/Red	53.400	- Black/Yellow
72.320*	- White/Purple	53.500	- Black/Green
72.400	- White/Orange		
72.550	38 Orange-Gray	53.600	- Black/Blue } Not
72.590	40 Yellow-Black	53.700	- Black/Purple } generally
72.630	42 Yellow-Red	53.800	- Black/Gray } in use
72.670	44 Yellow-Yellow		
72.710	46 Yellow-Blue		
72.750	48 Yellow-Grey		
72.790	50 Green-Black		
72.830	52 Green-Red		
72.870	54 Green-Yellow		
72.910	56 Green-Blue		
72.950*	- White/Yellow		
75.640	- White/Green		

•SWIVEL STICK SETTING

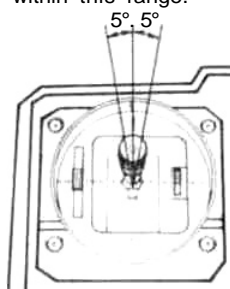
- To adjust the operating direction of the stick lever, loosen the four screws shown in the figure and turn the stick body and set it to the best position. After setting the stick, retighten the four screws.

- (1) Loosen these four screws.
- (3) Tighten these four screws.



- (2) Select the angle by turning the stick body.

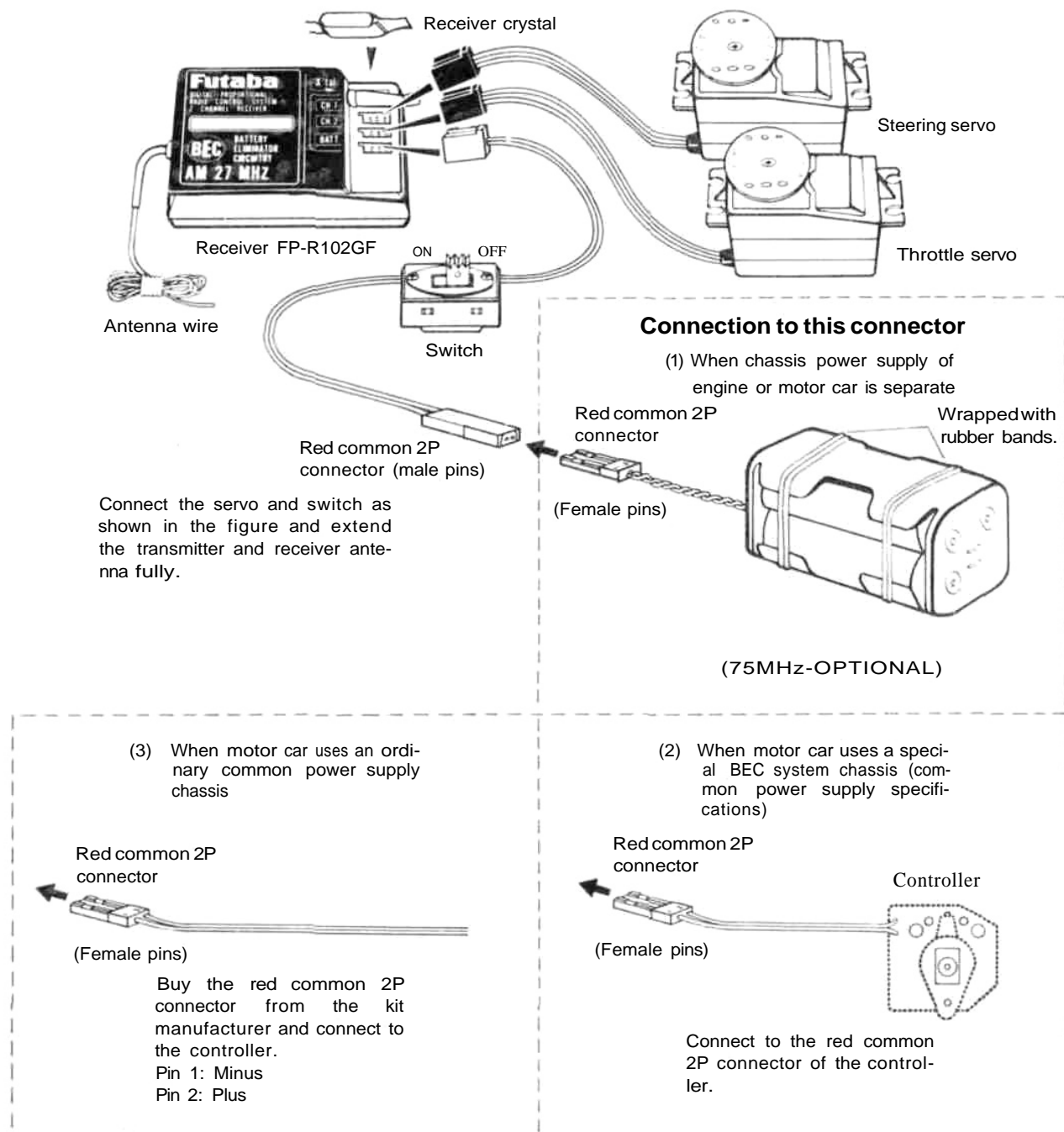
Stick lever can be set within this range.





The **BEC** mark is displayed on the front of the receiver of BEC system sets with a receiver with shared power supply regulator.

RECEIVER FP-R102GF AND SERVO FP-S128

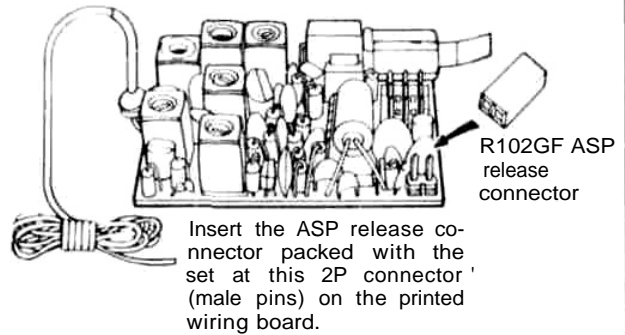


The Futaba BEC system and BEC & ASP system can also use a common power supply with the conventional four penlight batteries system (separate power supply).

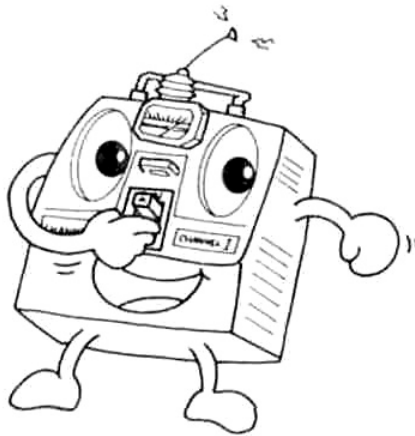
- A common power supply regulator and diode may also be supplied with the speed controller, depending on the vehicle kit. Since they cause a voltage drop, always remove them.

TO BUYERS OF THE NEW ATTACK-BFR (FP-R102GF)

When using a Futaba motor control amp (MC-106, 106B, 108, 109, 110, etc.) instead of the speed controller supplied with the vehicle, turn off the ASP system as shown in the figure.



- Set the transmitter power switch to ON, then set the receiver power switch to ON. The servos stop near the neutral position. Operate the transmitter sticks and check if each servo faithfully follows operation of the sticks.

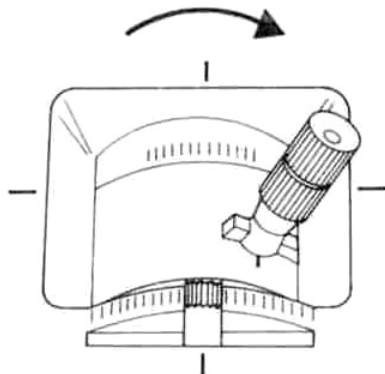


From transmitter
when switch turned
on

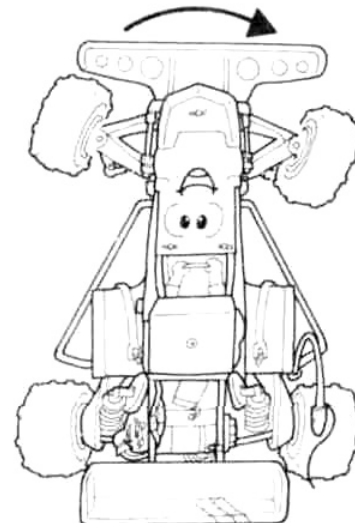


From receiver when
switch turned off

- Connect the pushrod to each servo horn, then check if the direction of travel of each servo matches the transmitter operation.

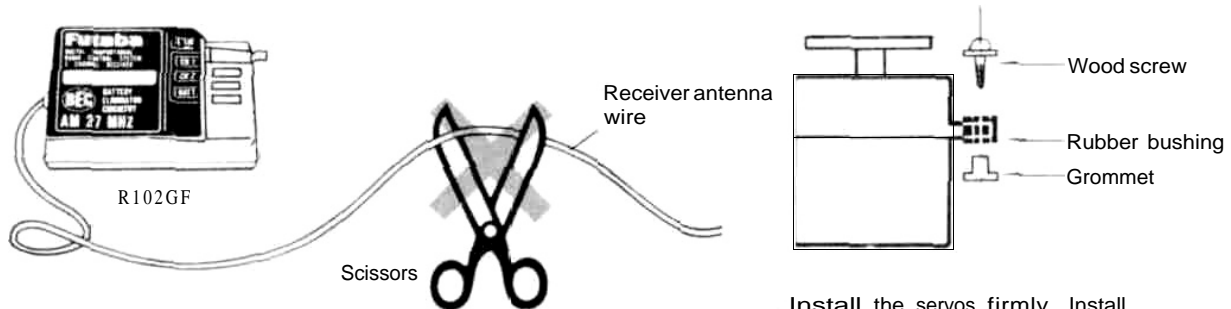


When transmitter
stick lever set to the
right



Vehicle also steers
to the right

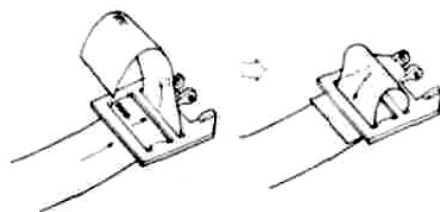
- Operate each servo over its full travel and check if the pushrod binds or is too loose. Applying unreasonable force to the servo horn will adversely affect the servo and quickly drain the battery. Be especially careful when using 8.4V.
- Always make the full stroke (including trim) of the servo horns somewhat larger than the full travel. Adjust the servo horns so that they move smoothly even when the trim lever and stick are operated simultaneously in the same direction.
- Be alert for noise.
Always solder a noise killing capacitor to the running motor. If metal parts touch each other due to vibration, **noise** will be generated and cause the receiver servos to operate erroneously. We recommend the use of noiseless parts.
- Even though the receiver antenna wire is long, do not cut or bundle it. The range of the radiowaves will be shortened.



Install the servos firmly. Install the servo to the servo tray as shown in the figure. In other cases, install the servo as described in the model manufacturer's manual.

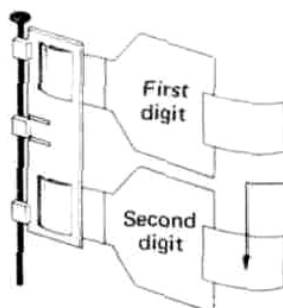
- A spare horn is provided. Use it as required.
- Wrap the receiver in sponge rubber and wrap rubber bands around the sponge rubber. Mount the receiver so it is **not** exposed to vibration, does not touch the frame, and does not move.
- When the receiver is installed on a board or used where it may be splashed with mud and water, place it in a plastic bag, etc. and wrap a rubber band around the open end of the bag to waterproof and dustproof the receiver. After use, remove the receiver from the bag to prevent condensation.
- **Use** the rubber bands wrapped around the receiver to hold the servo and switch leads.
- After mounting is complete, recheck each part, then check the transmitting range by making the transmitter antenna as short as possible and extending the receiver antenna fully and operating the set from a distance of 20m to 30m. The movement of each servo should follow the movement of the transmitter sticks.
- The crystal can be changed from the outside of the receiver case. Always use a Futaba transmitter and receiver crystal pair as the replacement crystals.

•USING THE FREQUENCY FLAG

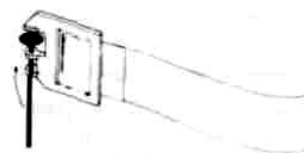


Insert the frequency flag into the flag holder as shown here.

72/75MHZ Flag



Staple or glue with cyanoacrylate ribbon here.



The flag can be attached to and removed from the **end** of the antenna with one **touch**.

- The hook is for the optional neck strap. It is convenient when hanging the transmitter from your neck.

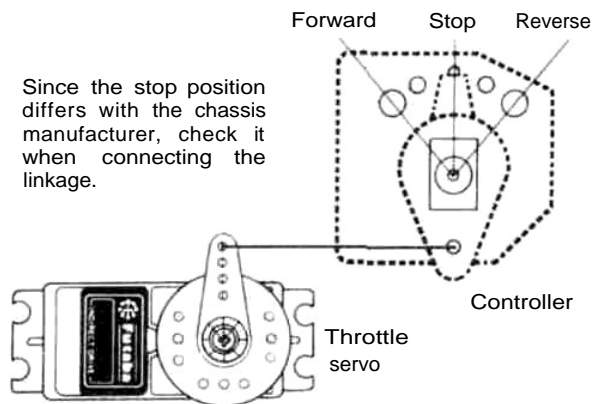
The BEC system that makes it easy even for beginners to lighten the vehicle by means of a shared power supply is already well known. The unique Futaba ASP system is built into the BF series was completed by advancing this BEC system one more step and pursuing greater safety. ASP detects a drop in the voltage and moves the throttle servo automatically to the drive motor off position which is preset at the transmitter before steering control is lost by a drop in the Nicd battery voltage while the vehicle is running. It is also the world's first revolutionary system that allows steering operation with the remaining power.

(Patent pending)

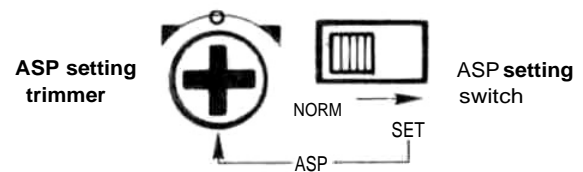
•ASP setting (NEW ATTACK-BFR only)

Before running, set ASP to the controller stop position.

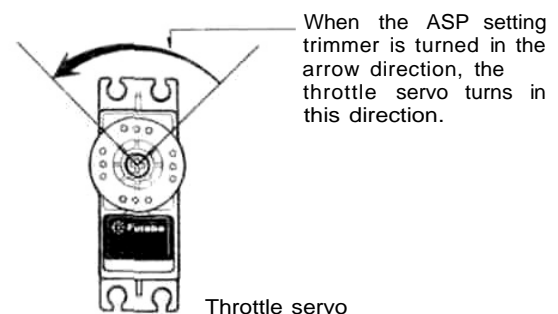
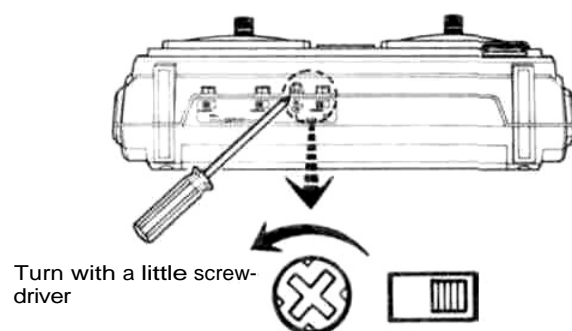
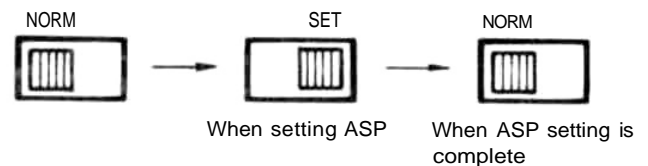
- If the controller is not set to the stop position, when the running Nicd battery voltage drops, the throttle servo may stop at a position other than the stop position and the vehicle may run wild because the throttle servo cannot be controlled from the transmitter.



1. Set the transmitter and receiver power switches to on and check the steering and throttle operations.
2. a) Set the ASP setting switch to the SET side.
b) Turn the ASP setting trimmer at the left side of the switch with a little screwdriver.
c) Since this moves the throttle servo, set so that it stops at the stop position of the connected controller.



3. Then complete adjustment by setting the ASP setting switch to the NORM side. (If the switch is not switched to the NORM side, the throttle servo will not be controlled by the throttle stick.)

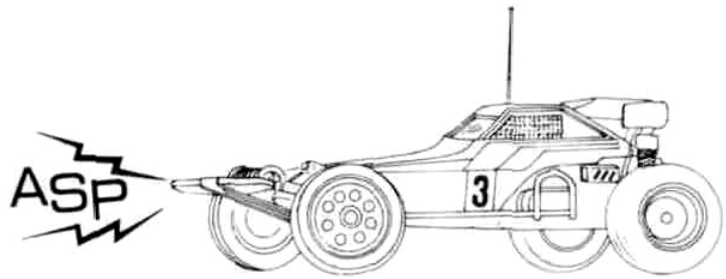


- When the Nicd battery voltage drops, the throttle servo is moved to the preset position and the drive motor is stopped automatically.

•STARTING

When the ASP operates and the vehicle stops as soon as it starts to run, there is troublesomewhere.

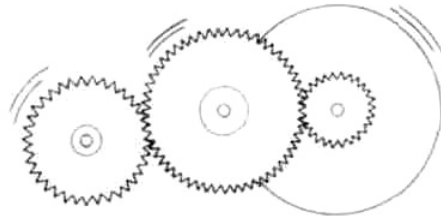
- Since the vehicle, running Nicd battery, motor, etc. is abnormal when ASP was operated, check again.



•IF ASP OPERATES

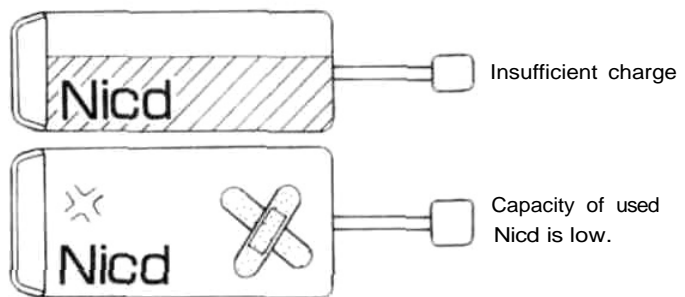
(Vehicle trouble)

- If something gets caught in the gears or the tires do not rotate smoothly and an over-current flows in the motor, ASP may operate. When using the common power supply diode and regulator with a vehicle without BEC specifications, release ASP. Otherwise, ASP will operate immediately.
- Since the Futaba and FP-R102GF receivers have the BEC system built into them, a diode and regulator are not connected.



(Running Nicd battery trouble)

- When the Nicd battery is charged insufficiently or is old, ASP will operate.

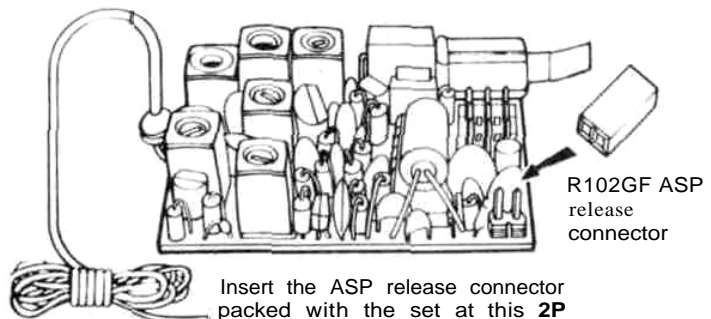


(Motor trouble)

- When a modified motor, high power motor, or a motor whose angle cannot be adjusted is used and when the motor is accelerated and reversed suddenly, ASP may operate.



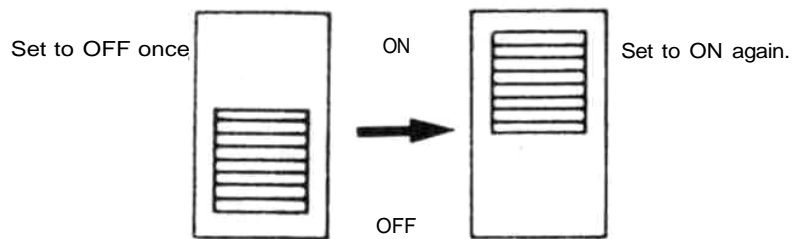
- When using high power motor, set ASP to OFF with ASP release connector. But when setting ASP to OFF, be careful that the vehicle may run away if the capacity of running Nicd battery runs short.



Insert the ASP release connector packed with the set at this 2P connector (male pins) on the printed wiring board.

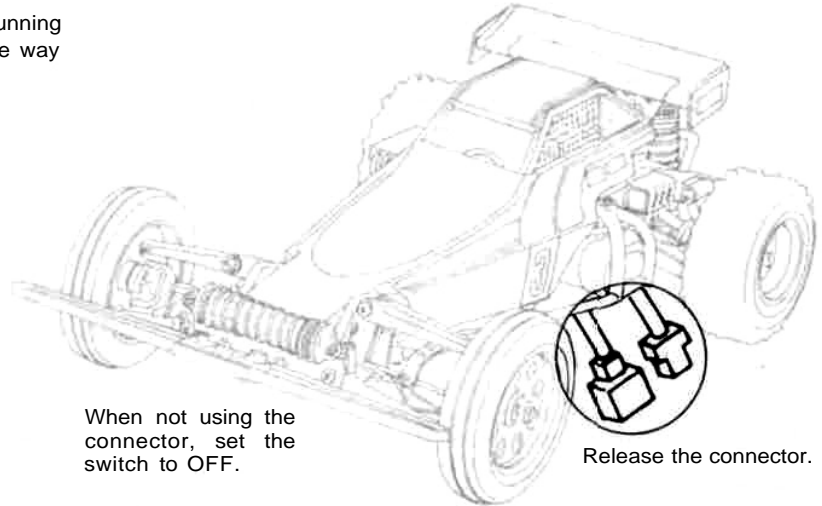
•IF ASP OPERATES

- If ASP system operates and the vehicle stops. set the transmitter power switch to OFF once and set it to ON again. Then ASP system stops working and you can start again.
- Restart running time depends on the variety and condition of vehicle, motor, and battery. Be careful about that.



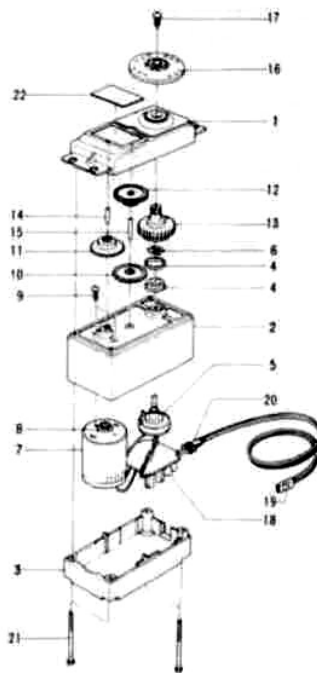
•WHEN VEHICLE WILL NOT BE USED

Be sure and release the connector of running Nicd battery except when you are on the way to the starting line.



When not using the connector, set the switch to OFF.

FP-S128



No.	Part Name	Part No.
1.	Upper case	FCS28
2.	Middle case	
3.	Bottom case	
4.	Metal bearing	S04134
5.	Potentiometer	139995
6.	VR drive plate	S02753
7.	Motor	S91212
8.	Motor pinion	S02461
9.	Motor mounting screw 2 x 3	J50002
10.	1st gear	FGS-28
11.	2nd gear	
12.	3rd gear	
13.	Final gear	
14.	Intermediate shaft	S02495
15.	2nd shaft	S02494
16.	Servo horn D	FSH-6W
17.	Horn mounting screw 2.6x8	FSH-41
18.	Printed wiring board	AS1202
19.	S128...3PBWRB300	FPC-8M
20.	Lead wire packing	S90045
21.	Case mounting screw	J50400
22.	Nameplate	S80700

•SPLINED HORNS

This horn permits shifting of the servo neutral position at the servo horn. Setting and shifting the neutral position

a) Angle divisions

1) The splined horn has 25 segments. The amount of change per segment is; $360-25=14.4^\circ$

2) The minimum adjustable angle is determined by the number of arms or number of the holes. For four arms, the minimum adjustable angle is:

$$360^\circ \div \frac{(25 \times 4)}{\text{Number of divisions}} = 3.6^\circ$$

b) Effect

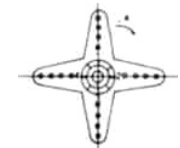
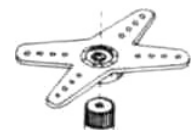
To shift the holes center line to the right (clockwise) relative to baseline A, shift arm 2 to the position of arm 1 and set it to the position closet to baseline A.

[Example] For a four arm horn, the angular shift per segment is 14.4° . The shift to the right is $90^\circ - (14.4 / 6) = 3.6^\circ$

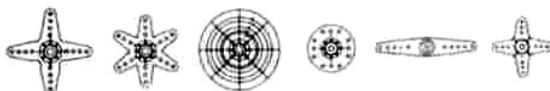
To shift by the same angle in the opposite direction, use the opposite arm number.

For a six arm horn, turn the arm counterclockwise and set arm 2 to the position of arm 1. The adjustable angle is $60^\circ - (14.4 \times 4) = 2.4^\circ$.

Arm 3 shift 4.8° to the right, arm 6 shifts 2.4° to the left, and arm 4 shifts 7.2° to the right and left.



The following splined horns are optional.



HORN A HORN B HORNC HORN D HORN E HORN F

GUARANTEE

Your NEW FUTABA Digital Proportional R/C system is guaranteed against defects in workmanship and material for 180 days from the date of purchase when the attached registration card is returned to us within ten days of purchase.

This Guarantee is null and void if the R/C system has been improperly handled, damaged in a crash, or tampered with and does not cover the replacement of plastic housings or electronic components damaged due to the use of improper voltages.

When service is required, please take your equipment to your local authorized service station or ship it directly to us. All postage, shipping, and insurance charges must be paid by the user.

REPAIR SERVICE

•When requesting repair of trouble that has occurred suddenly or from long use, describe the **trouble** symptoms in as much detail as possible.

This will facilitate detection of the **trouble point** and shorten the repair period greatly.

•Defects caused by faulty materials or workmanship will be corrected free of charge.

•This limited warranty is null **and void if the set has been tampered with or disassembled.**

Refer to warranty statement for details.

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