

# OPERATING AND SERVICE MANUAL

# MODEL 203A VARIABLE PHASE FUNCTION GENERATOR

SERIALS PREFIXED: 1201J

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PART NO. 00203-99002

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# CERTIFICATION

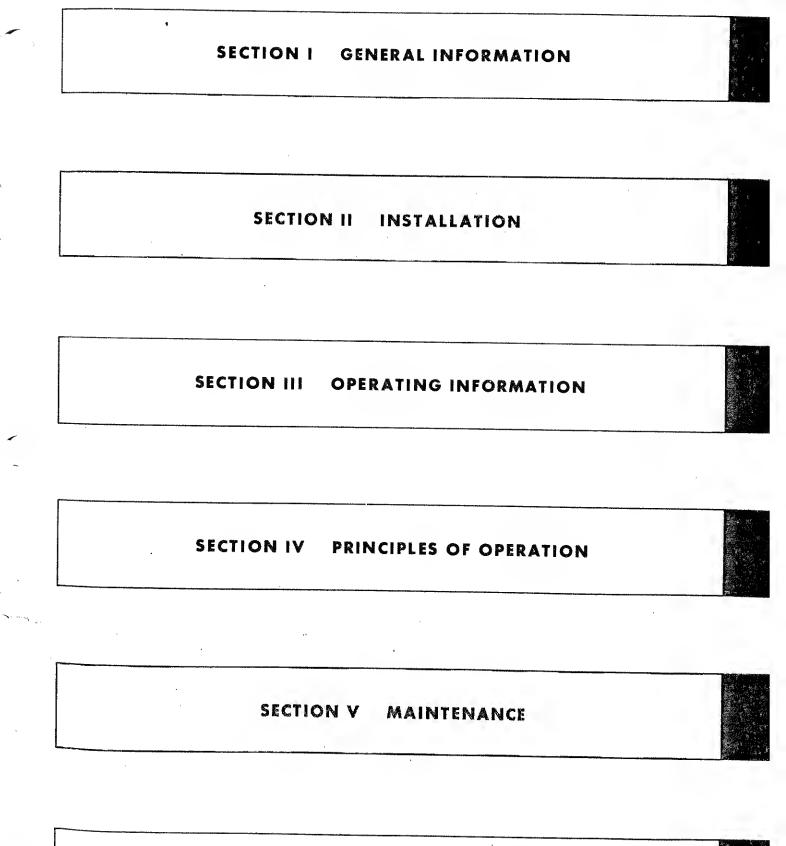
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# WARRANTY AND ASSISTANCE

All Hewlett-Packard products are warranted against defects in materials and workmanship. This warranty applies for one year from the date of delivery, or, in the case of certain major components listed in the operating manual, for the specified period. We will repair or replace products which prove to be defective during the warranty period provided they are returned to Hewlett-Packard. No other warranty is expressed or implied. We are not liable for consequential damages.

Service contracts or customer assistance agreements are available for Hewlett-Packard products that require maintenance and repair on-site.

For any assistance, contact your nearest Hewlett-Packard Sales and Service Office. Addresses are provided at the back of this manual.



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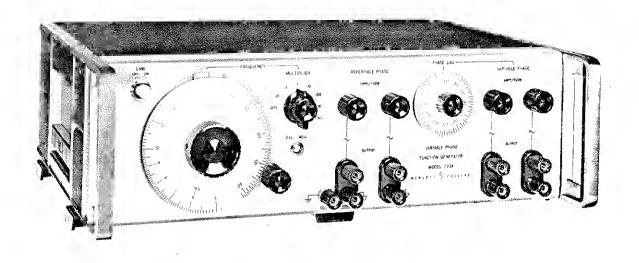


Figure 1-1. Model 203A Variable Phase Function Generator

Table	1_1	Specifications
I abie	7	opeciacations

# FREQUENCY RANGE

0.005 Hz to 60 kHz in seven decade ranges. \*

# DIAL ACCURACY

 $\pm 1\%$  of reading.

## FREQUENCY STABILITY

Within  $\pm 1\%$  including warmup drift and line voltage variations of  $\pm 10\%$ .

# **OUTPUT WAVEFORMS**

Sine and square waves are available simultaneously. All outputs have common chassis terminal.

# MAXIMUM OUTPUT VOLTAGE

30 volts peak-to-peak open circuit for sinusoidal and square waveforms.

# OUTPUT POWER

5 volts into 600 ohms (40 mw); at least 40 db continuously adjustable attenuation on all outputs.

\*Two lower ranges of 0.0005 Hz (option: 01) and 0.00005 Hz (option: 02) are available on special order.

# OUTPUT IMPEDANCE

600 ohms

# OUTPUT SYSTEM

Direct coupled output is isolated from ground and may be operated floating up to 500 VDC.

## DISTORTION

Total harmonic distortion hum and noise > 64 db below fundamental (< .06%) at maximum output.

# FREQUENCY RESPONSE

 $\pm 1\%$  referenced to 1 kHz.

## SQUARE WAVE RESPONSE

Rise and Fall Time: < 200 nsec. Overshoot: < 5%, at full output.

# PHASE RANGE

0 to 360 degrees. Accuracy:  $\pm 5^{\circ}$  sine wave.  $\pm 10^{\circ}$  square wave.

# POWER

115 or 230 v  $\pm 10\%$ , 50 to 400 Hz.

# DIMENSIONS

Cabinet mount, 5 1/4" high x 16 3/4" wide and 11 1/2" deep (133 x 425 x 286 mm).

# SECTION 1

# GENERAL INFORMATION

#### 1-1. DESCRIPTION.

1-2. The Hewlett-Packard Model 203A Variable Phase Function Generator is a low frequency function generator which provides two sine wave and two square wave test signals at frequencies from 0.005 cps to 60 kc. (Refer to paragraph 1-5, Options Available.)

1-3. The four test signals are provided at the front panel OUTPUT connectors at an open circuit signal level of 30 volts peak-to-peak. The sine wave and square wave test signals provided at the REFERENCE PHASE OUTPUT connectors are fixed in phase and provide a reference phase for the test signals at the VARIABLE PHASE OUTPUT connectors. The variable phase test signals are continuously variable from  $0^{\circ}$  to  $360^{\circ}$  lag with respect to the phase of the reference test signals. The amplitude of the four output signals can be varied with individual continuously variable 40 db attenuators (AMPLITUDE controls.)

1-4. The output terminals are floating with respect to ground and can be used to supply an output voltage with the common terminal grounded or can be floated up to 500 volts dc above chassis ground. The output impedance for all four test signal outputs is 600 ohms.

# 1-5. OPTIONS AVAILABLE.

1-6. Options 01 and 02 are available to provide two additional frequency ranges to the Model 203A. Option 01 includes one additional Decade Module Board Assembly which extends the lower limit of the frequency range from 0.005 cps to 0.0005 cps. Option 02 includes two additional Decade Module Board Assemblies which extend the lower limit of the frequency range from 0.005 cps to 0.00005 cps. These two options can also be installed as a field modification (see Section VI for stock number of Decade Module Board Assemblies).

# 1-7. APPLICATIONS.

1-8. The Model 203A can be used for phase shift measurements, vibration studies, servo applications, medical research, distortion measurements, geophysical problems, subsonic and audio testing.

#### 1-9. INSTRUMENT IDENTIFICATION.

1-10. Hewlett-Packard uses a two-sectionnine character (0000A00000) or eight character (000-00000 or 000A00000) serial number. The first three or four digits (serial prefix) identify a series of instrument; the last five digits identify a particular instrument in that series. A letter placed between the two sections identifies the country where the instrument was manufactured. The serial number appears on a plate located on the rear panel. All correspondence with Hewlett-Packard Sales/Service Offices with regard to an instrument should refer to the complete serial number.

1-11. If the serial prefix does not agree with the serial prefix on the title page of this manual, a "Manual Changes" sheet supplied will describe changes which will adapt this manual to an instrument with a different serial prefix. Technical corrections (if any) to this manual, due to known errors in print, are called Errata and are shown on the change sheet. For information on manual coverage of any hp instrument, contact the nearest hp Sales/Service Office (addresses are listed at the rear of this manual).

# SECTION II

# 2-1. INSPECTION.

2-2. This instrument was carefully inspected both mechanically and electrically before shipment. It should be physically free of mars or scratches and in perfect electrical order upon receipt. To confirm this, the instrument should be inspected for physical damage in transit. Also check for supplied accessories, and test the electrical performance of the instrument using Table 2-1 or the procedure outlined in paragraph 5-3. If there is any apparent damage, file a claim with the carrier and refer to the warranty on the inside front cover of this manual.

# 2-3. POWER REOUIREMENTS.

**2-4.** The Model 203A will operate from either 115 or 230 vac, 50-400 Hz. The instrument can be easily converted from 115 to 230 volt operation by changing the position of the slide switch, located on rear panel, so that the designation appearing on the switch matches the nominal voltage of the power source.

# 2-5. THREE-CONDUCTOR POWER CABLE.

2-6. To protect operating personnel, the National Electrical Manufacturers' Association (NEMA) recommends that the instrument panel and cabinet be grounded. All Hewlett-Packard instruments are equipped with a three-conductor power cable which, when plugged into an appropriate receptacle, grounds the instrument. The offset pin on the power cable threeprong connector is the ground wire.

2-7. To preserve the protection feature when operating the instrument from a two-contact outlet, use a three-prong to two-prong adapter and connect the green pigtail on the adapter to ground.

# 2-8. INSTALLATION.

2-9. The Model 203A is fully transistorized; therefore no special cooling is required. However, the instrument should not be operated where the ambient temperature exceeds  $55^{\circ}C$  (131°F).

# 2-10. RACK/BENCH INSTALLATION.

2-11. The Model 203A is initially shipped as a bench type instrument (unless ordered specifically as a rack type) with plastic feet and a tilt stand in place. Conversion to a rack-mounted instrument can be accomplished by using the rack mounting kit and instructions furnished with your instrument.

## 2-12. REPACKAGING FOR SHIPMENT.

2-13. The following is a general guide for repacking an instrument for shipment. If you have any questions, contact your local  $\frac{1}{20}$  Sales and Service Office (see lists in Appendix for location).

a. Place instrument in original container if it is available. If original container is not available, one can be purchased from your nearest  $\oint$  Sales and Service Office.

#### Note

If instrument is to be shipped to Hewlett-Packard for service or repair, attach to the instrument a tag identifying the owner and indicate the service or repair to be accomplished; include the model number and full serial number of instrument. In any correspondence, identify the instrument by model number and serial number prefix.

If original container is not used,

b. Wrap instrument in heavy paper or plastic before placing in an inner container.

c. Use plenty of packing material around all sides of instrument and protect panel face with cardboard strips.

d. Place instrument and inner container in a heavy carton or wooden box and seal with strong tape or metal bands.

e. Mark shipping container with "Delicate Instrument," "Fragile" etc.

	Test		ſ	
Check	Equipment	203A Control Settings	Output Connector	Specifications
Maximum Output Voltage	Oscilloscope	Amplitudes fully clock- wise FREQUENCY 1 kc	REFERENCE PHASE $\sim$ REFERENCE PHASE $\neg$ VARIABLE PHASE $\sim$ VARIABLE PHASE $\neg$	Open Circuit: 30 v PTP $600 \Omega load:$ $\sim > 5 v RMS$ $\Box$ 15 v PTP
Frequency Range	Oscilloscope DC Coupled	All ranges at low end and high end of dial	Any one output	005 cps to 60 kc (output at all points)
Square Wave Response Rise Time Fall Time Ampl. of Overshoot	Oscilloscope DC Coupled	FREQUENCY 60 kc	دי REFERENCE PHASE	<200 nsec <200 nsec <.75 volts (5%)
Rise Time Fail Time Ampl. of Overshoot			VARIABLE PHASE TL	<200 nsec <200 nsec <.75 volts (5%)
Dial Accuracy	Electronic Counter (Use period for low fre- quencies)	FREQUENCY-All ranges at least two points on the dıal	Any one output	$\pm 1\%$ of reading
Frequency Response	Oscilloscope DC Coupled	REFERENCE: 1 kc Check all ranges at least three points on the dial	REFERENCE PHASE $\sim$ VARIABLE PHASE $\sim$	±1% referenced to 1 kc
Distortion	Distortion Analyzer	All ranges at least one point on dial	REFERENCE PHASE $\sim$ VARIABLE PHASE $\sim$ (Rotate phase dial to achieve worst case)	> - 64 db > - 64 db

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Table 2-1. Checks for Incoming Inspection (Specifications)

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# SECTION III OPERATION

# 3-1. INTRODUCTION.

3-2. The Model 203A generates two sine wave and two square wave signals which are available simultaneously at the front panel OUTPUT connectors. The output signal frequency is determined by the position of the FREQUENCY dial and FREQUENCY MULTI-PLIER switch. By the use of the PHASE LAG control, the phase of the VARIABLE PHASE OUTPUT signals (one sine wave and one square wave) can be continuously adjusted from 0° to 360° with respect to the RE FERENCE PHASE OUTPUT signals. The OUT-PUT terminals provide an open-circuit signal level of 30 volts peak-to-peak. The individual AMPLITUDE controls provide 40 db of attenuation for each output signal. The CAL ADJ control provides a means of calibrating the FREQUENCY dial with the line frequency.

# 3-3. CONTROLS AND INDICATORS.

3-4. Figure 3-1 describes the function of all front panel controls, connectors, and indicators. The description of each component is keyed to a drawing which is included within the figure.

# 3-5. OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS.

3-6. Figure 3-2 contains operating procedures keyed to a drawing included in the figure. Refer to figure 3-1 for the function of each control and paragraph 2-3 for setting the line voltage switch.

# 3-7. CALIBRATION FOR 60 CYCLE LINE FREOUENCY.

3-8. A quick procedure for checking the calibration of the frequency dial is as follows:

a. Set the FREQUENCY dial to 6 (CAL).

b. Set the FREQUENCY MULTIPLIER to CAL. (The pilot light will flicker.)

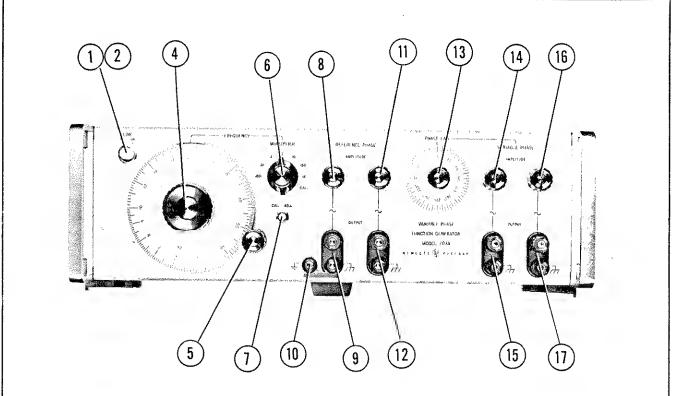
c. Adjust the CAL ADJ for minimum rate of flicker.

#### Note

If the flicker rate is not close to minimum, use the Frequency Calibration check paragraph 5-5. When the FREQUENCY MULTIPLIER switch is in the CAL position, there is no output at the REFERENCE PHASE  $\Box$  OUTPUT connector.

# 3-9. CALIBRATION FOR LINE FREOUENCIES OTHER THAN 60 CYCLES.

3-10. For line frequencies other than 60 cps the FRE-QUENCY dial is set to 1/10 of the line frequency (40 to 400 cps line frequency). Again the calibration is made with the front panel CAL ADJ control, which is adjusted for a minimum flicker rate of the pilot lamp. For line frequencies above 600 cps the FREQUENCY dial is set to 1/30 of the line frequency (33.3 for a 1000 cps line frequency). At the higher line frequencies the flicker intensity decreases and the CAL ADJ control sensitivity increases.



1. Push ON/OFF power switch.

2. Pilot light and calibration indicator.

3. Not Assigned.

4. FREQUENCY selector dial, indicates cps times the FREQUENCY MULTIPLIER switch setting.

5. Vernier, provides fine frequency adjustment,

6. FREQUENCY MULTIPLIER, selects frequency range and in the CAL position sets up the 203A for frequency dial calibration (see paragraph 3-7).

7. CAL ADJ, adjust frequency dial calibration (see paragraph 3-7).

8. REFERENCE PHASE channel sine wave AMPLITUDE control, provides continuous adjustable attenuation of up to 40 db.

9. REFERENCE PHASE channel sine wave output terminals, provide a nominal 30 volts peak-to-peak from a 600 ohm source impedance.

10. Earth Ground.

11. REFERENCE PHASE channel square wave AMPLITUDE control, provides continuously adjustable attenuation of up to 40 db.

12. REFERENCE PHASE channel square wave output terminals, provide a nominal 30 volts peakto-peak from a 600 ohm source impedance.

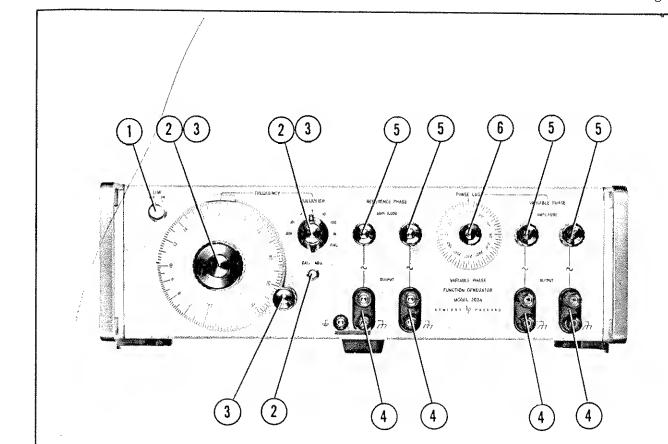
13. PHASE LAG control, provides continuously adjustable phase lag from  $0^{\circ}$  through  $360^{\circ}$  of the variable phase channel with respect to the reference phase channel.

14. VARIABLE PHASE channel sine wave AMPLITUDE control, provides continuously adjustable attenuation of up to 40 db.

15. VARIABLE PHASE channel sine wave output terminals, provide a nominal 30 volts peakto-peak from a 600 ohm source impedance.

16. VARIABLE PHASE channel square wave AMPLITUDE control, provides continuously adjustable attenuation of up to 40 db.

17. VARIABLE PHASE channel square wave output terminals, provide a nominal 30 volts peakto-peak from a 600 ohm source impedance.



1. Push LINE switch ON, pilot lamp glows.

2. The Frequency Calibration may be compared to line frequency as described in paragraph 3-7.

3. Set FREQUENCY dial and MULTIPLIER switch to desired output frequency. Use vernier control on FREQUENCY dial for fine frequency adjustments. 4. Select the desired test signal(s) and connect load to OUTPUT connector(s).

5. Set AMPLITUDE control(s) for desired signal level.

6. Set PHASE LAG control for desired degree of phase lag of the VARIABLE PHASE test signal(s) with respect to the REFERENCE PHASE test signal(s).

Figure 3-2. Operating Instructions

# SECTION IV PRINCIPLES OF OPERATION

# 4-1. OVERALL DESCRIPTION.

4-2. This section describes how the Model 203A Variable Phase Function Generator operates. The block diagram, figure 4-2, shows the main sections and the signal flow within the Model 203A.

4-3. The Model 203A is a beat-frequency oscillator which, by mixing two high-frequency signals, generates signals in the frequency range of 0.005 cps to 60 kc (refer to paragraph 1-5 for options). One of the highfrequency signals is a fixed frequency; the other is var.able. The Model 203A has two signal channels, REFERENCE PHASE and VARIABLE PHASE, each of which produces a sine-wave signal and a squarewave signal. The two channels are electrically similar except that the VARIABLE PHASE channel contains a continuously adjustable phase-shifting circuit which changes the phase relationship of the VARI-ABLE PHASE OUTPUT with respect to the REFER-ENCE PHASE OUTPUT. The four signals (two reference phase and two variable phase) are available simultaneously at the OUTPUT connectors.

4-4. The fixed frequency signal, which is generated by a crystal oscillator, is applied to both channels and routed to a modulator through an RF Amplifier within each channel. The variable frequency signal is applied directly to the modulator of each channel. The frequency of the variable frequency signal is controlled by the position of the FREQUENCY dial and the setting of the FREQUENCY MULTIPLIER switch. These two signals are mixed in the modulator and the difference in frequency between the two signals is the output frequency of the Model 203A.

# 4-5. CRYSTAL OSCILLATOR AND DIVIDER ASSEMBLY (A1).

4-6. Assembly A1 consists of a crystal controlled oscillator and a 9:1 frequency divider. Refer to the schematic diagram, figure 5-10, for circuit details.

# 4-7. CRYSTAL OSCILLATOR.

4-8. The oscillator (A1Y1 and A1Q1) is a crystal controlled grounded base Colpitts oscillator. The 5 Mc output is applied through buffer amplifier A1Q2, for isolation, to the base of the 9:1 frequency divider.

# 4-9. 9:1 FREQUENCY DIVIDER.

4-10. The 9:1 divider consists of a divider A1Q3 and a tank circuit which consists of A1C8, A1C9, A1C11, and A1L2. The divider is basically a class C grounded base Colpitts oscillator.

4-11. Two things occur during each cycle of the divider operation. One is amplitude modulation of the signal applied to the base of A1Q3, and the second is a mixing action within A1Q3. Each function occurs at

a different time during each cycle of oscillation and together tend to synchronize A1Q3 with a sub-multiple frequency of the frequency applied to the base of the divider.

4-12. Divider A1Q3 operates in the region of voltage saturation for a portion of each cycle. During the saturation period, the impedance between the base and collector of A1Q3 becomes very low; for the rest of cycle the impedance between the base and collector is relatively high. The variation in impedance between base and collector of A1Q3 results in amplitude modulation (about 10%) of the signal on the base of the divider. This amplitude modulation creates sidebands at the 8th and 10th harmonic of the divider oscillating frequency.

4-13. The signal applied to the base of A1Q3 is about 4.995 Mc which is generated by the crystal oscillator circuit. The tank circuit of the 9:1 divider is tuned so that A1Q3 is oscillating at the 9th sub-multiple frequency of 4.995 Mc (555 kc).

4-14. The mixing process within A1Q3 occurs at the time during each cycle when the divider just starts to conduct. During this short time, the 8th and 10th harmonic of the 555 kc signal are mixed with the 9th harmonic resulting in a frequency component at 555 kc which influences the oscillations of A1Q3. The result is that A1Q3 stays synchronized to the 9th sub-harmonic of 4.995 Mc.

4-15. The pi type tank circuit filters out harmonic frequencies which may be present at the collector of A1Q3. A buffer amplifier A1Q4 provides further filtering, isolation, and power gain. The output of the 9:1 divider is a 555 kc signal and is coupled by A1T2 to A2Q1 and A2Q2 (see figures 5-10 and 5-12).

# 4-16. VARIABLE PHASE SHIFTER ASSEMBLY.

4-17. The variable phase shifter assembly A25 (figure 5-12) is a goniometer consisting of two stator windings, a rotor winding, and associated circuits. The goniometer requires two 555 kc input signals; one from A2Q2 to one of the stator windings, and the other from A2Q1 and the 90° phase shift network to the other stator winding. The output phase corresponds to the angle of the rotor winding (PHASE LAG control). The phase can be continuously adjusted from 0° through  $360^{\circ}$  with respect to the reference signal while maintaining a constant amplitude. The adjustable phase shifter output is applied to the RF amplifier assembly A2 (figure 5-12).

# 4-18, RF AMPLIFIERS (A2).

4-19. The RF amplifier assembly A2 consists of two RF amplifiers; A2Q3, A2Q4, and A2Q5 for the reference phase channel and A2Q6 through A2Q9 for the variable phase channel. Refer to the schematic diagram (figure 5-12) for circuit details.

# 4-20. VARIABLE PHASE CHANNEL RF AMPLIFIER.

4-21. The signal from the variable phase shifter is amplified by A2Q6, then applied to the base of A2Q7. A2Q7 and A2Q8 act as an over-driven amplifier which amplifies and clips the signal applied to the base of A2Q7; this operation produces a square wave of current at the collector of A2Q8. The zero crossing of the square wave of current coincides with the zero crossing of the sine wave signal applied to the base of A2Q7 so that the phase of the applied signal is preserved. A tuned network, formed by A2C24, A2C25, A2C29, A2C30, A2L7, and A2T2 filters the 555 kc square-current waveform to a nearly pure sine wave.

4-22. The output of the RF amplifier circuit, which is taken across A2C30, is maintained at a constant amplitude by the level controlling circuit. If the output should increase, the voltage at A2C27 increases, resulting in a voltage increase at the base of A2Q9. This increase is applied to the bases of A2Q7 and A2Q8 which then conduct less average current. When A2Q8 conducts less, the signal at its collector dedecreases and the output voltage decreases, opposing the original change. The result is that the amplitude of the output remains nearly constant despite variations in the amplitude of the input signal. The output signal is then applied to A3T4 in the modulator assembly A3 (figure 5-16).

# 4-23. <u>REFERENCE PHASE CHANNEL RF</u> <u>AMPLIFIER</u>.

4-24. The signal present at the emitter of A2Q2 is applied to the reference phase channel RF amplifier section, A2Q3 through A2Q5. This stage operates

Model 203A

the same as the variable phase channel RF amplifier described in paragraph 4-20. The output signal is then applied to A3T3 in the modulator assembly A3 (figure 5-16).

# 4-25. VARIABLE FREOUENCY OSCILLATOR (A10).

4-26. The variable frequency oscillator assembly A10 generates a signal that is variable from 495 kc to 550 kc by rotation of the front panel FREQUENCY dial. The FREQUENCY dial is calibrated so that with the dial set at 5 the VFO is oscillating at 550 kc and with the dial set at 60 the VFO is oscillating at 495 kc. The output signal from the variable frequency oscillator is applied to the 1 K position of the MULTIPLIER (irequency range) switch and also to the 1st decade module. Refer to the schematic diagram, figure 5-14, for circuit details.

# 4-27, DECADE MODULES (A11-A16).

4-28. The six decade module assemblies A11 thru A16 each consist of a mixer, a bandpass filter, and a 10:1 divider. These decades produce a band of high frequency signals that are mixed in the modulators (A3) with the 555 kc fixed frequency signal from the RF amplifiers to produce a signal in the 0.005 cps to 60 kc range (refer to paragraph 1-5 for options). Refer to the schematic diagram, figure 5-14 and figure 4-1 for circuit details.

# 4-29. DECADE MODULE (A11).

4-30. The 4.995 Mc signal from the crystal oscillator is applied to the emitter of A11Q1 isolation stage and subsequently appears across the primary of A11T1. The signal from A11T1 is applied to a suppressed carrier, balanced modulator. The 495 kc VFO signal (assume

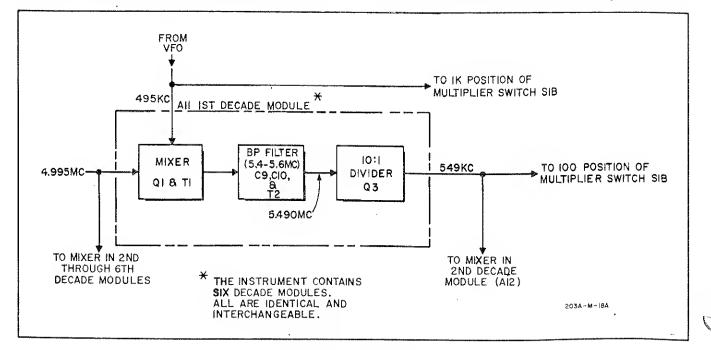


Figure 4-1. Circuit Details

that the FREQUENCY dialisat 60 and the VFO signal is 495 kc) is applied to the other input of the balanced modulator. Both signals are mixed, and the sum and difference of these two frequencies will appear at the output. The signal from the balanced modulator is passed through an LC filter network which is tuned for a band-pass of from 5, 4 Mc to 5, 6 Mc, which only allows the sum frequency to pass on to the 10:1 divider A11Q3. The 10:1 divider is similar to the 9:1 divider described in paragraph 4-9; the main difference being that the tuned tank circuit in the 10:1 divider is adjusted so that the stage provides an exact 10:1 division of the input frequency. The resultant frequency is fed to the 100 position of the FREQUENCY MULTIPLIER switch and to the mixer in the second decade module A12.

# 4-31. DECADE MODULES, A12 THROUGH A16.

4-32. The action within the succeeding decade modules is the same as that described for the first decade module A11. The output of each module is applied to a position of the FREQUENCY MULTIPLIER switch and to the mixer in the following decade module. Thus a set of variable frequency signals are produced and when mixed with the constant high-frequency signal in the modulator (A3) a beat frequency is produced. The beat frequency is decreased by a factor of 10 for each lower range of the FREQUENCY MULTIPLIER switch.

# 4-33. MODULATOR ASSEMBLY, A3.

4-34. The Modulator assembly A3 consists of a modulator drive amplifier and two balanced switching type modulators; one for the REFERENCE PHASE channel, and the other for the VARIABLE PHASE channel. Refer to the schematic diagram, figure 5-16, for details.

# 4-35. MODULATOR DRIVER AMPLIFIER.

4-36. The frequency selected by the FREQUENCY dial and the FREQUENCY MULTIPLIER is applied to the input of the modulator driver amplifier A3Q1 where it is amplified and applied to A3Q2 and A3Q3. A3Q2 and A3Q3 act as an over driven amplifier which amplifies and clips the signal applied to the base of A3Q2. This operation produces a square wave output at the collector of A3Q3 which is applied to the modulator section as a switching signal.

# 4-37. <u>REFERENCE PHASE CHANNEL</u> MODULATOR.

4-38. The modulator driving signal (VFO) and decade output) is applied to the bases of the switching transistors (A3Q5 thru A3Q8). The fixed frequency, a 555 kc sine wave, is applied through series resistors to the emitters of the switching transistors. The output at the collectors is sine wave of the sum and difference frequencies. This signal is applied to the low pass filter assembly A4 (figure 5-18). The filter passes only the difference frequency, the output is a sine wave having a frequency that is between 0.005 cps and 60 kc depending on the position of the FREQUENCY MULTIPLIER switch and the FREQUENCY dial setting (refer to paragraph 1-5 for Options). The output signal is applied to the dc amplifier A6.

4-39. A dc reference voltage is derived by summing the signals at the collectors of A3Q5 and A3Q6. This dc reference voltage is used as a reference voltage for the differential amplifier in the dc amplifier assembly A6.

# 4-40. VARIABLE PHASE CHANNEL MODULATOR.

4-41. The variable phase channel modulator operates the same as the reference phase channel described in paragraph 4-37, except that the output is applied to the Low Pass Filter A5 and then to the dc amplifier A7.

# 4-42. DC AMPLIFIER ASSEMBLIES A6 AND A7.

4-43. After passing through the low pass filter the signal is fed to the direct coupled amplifiers; A6 for the reference phase channel, and A7 for the variable phase channel. Refer to the schematic diagrams figures 5-18 and 5-20 for circuit details.

# 4-44. REFERENCE PHASE CHANNEL DC AMPLIFIER ASSEMBLY.

4-45. The dc amplifier uses a differential amplifier for the input stage. The dc reference voltage from the modulator section is used as the reference input for the differential amplifier. This configuration minimizes any tendency of dc drift due to power supply temperature variations. The dc amplifier circuit uses negative feedback to provide for low distortion amplification. The output is applied to a bridged-T type attenuator and the square wave generator A8.

# 4-46. VARIABLE PHASE CHANNEL DC AMPLIFIER ASSEMBLY,

4-47. The variable phase channel dc amplifier operates the same as the reference phase channel described in paragraph 4-44, except that the output is applied to bridged-T type attenuator and the square wave generator, A9.

# 4-48. SOUARE WAVE AMPLIFIER ASSEMBLIES A8 AND A9.

4-49. The output sine wave from the dc amplifier is applied to a square wave generator section, A8, for the REFERENCE PHASE channel, and A9 for the VARIABLE PHASE channel. Refer to the schematic diagrams, figures 5-18 and 5-20, for circuit details.

# 4-50. REFERENCE PHASE CHANNEL SQUARE WAVE GENERATOR.

4-51. The sine wave from the dc amplifier is amplified by A8Q1 then applied to the base of A8Q2. A8Q2 and A8Q3 act as an over driven amplifier which ampliSection IV Paragraphs 4-52 to 4-57

fies and clips the signal applied to the base of A8Q2, and produces a square wave at the collector of A8Q3. This square wave is applied to A8Q4 and A8Q5 which form a Schmitt trigger circuit. The Schmitt trigger is a regenerative circuit which changes states abruptly when the input signal crosses a specific dc triggering level. The output from this stage is a Square wave having a rise time of less than 0. 2 microsecond with the same frequency and phase as the sine wave signal applied to the circuit. The output is applied to a bridged-T attenuator.

# 4-52. VARIABLE PHASE CHANNEL SQUARE WAVE GENERATOR.

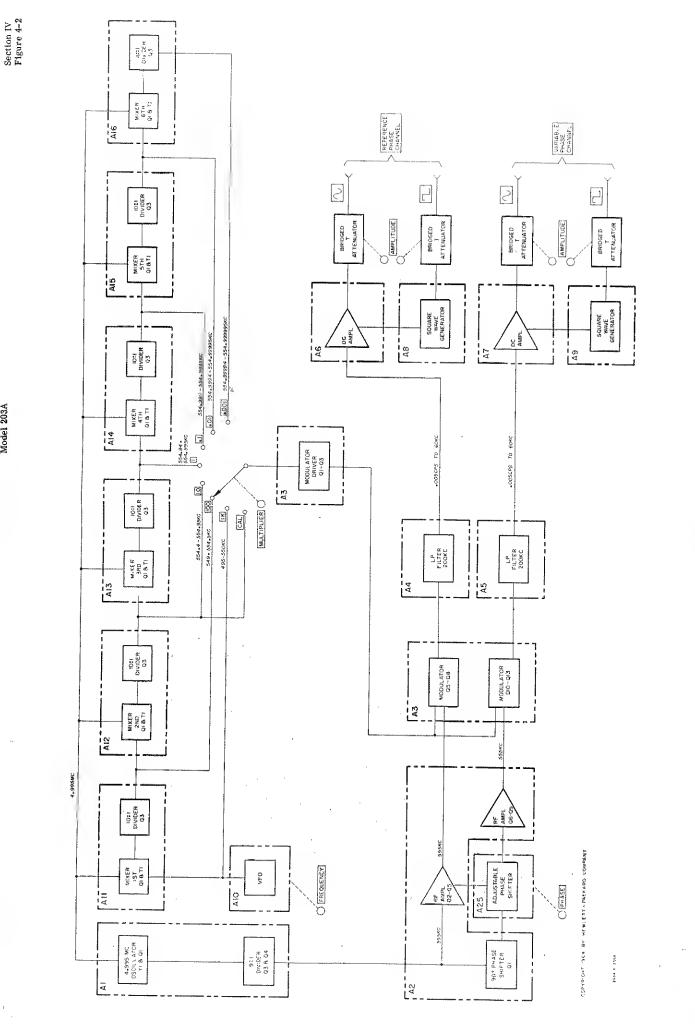
4-53. The variable phase channel square wave generator operates the same as the reference phase channel described in paragraph 4-50.

# 4-54. DC POWER 5UPPLY A21, A22.

4-55. The dc power supply provides regulated +15, -15, and -24. 5 volts and unregulated +35 volts.

#### 4-56. CALIBRATION FEATURE.

4-57. A quick check for calibration of the frequency dial is a comparison between instrument and line frequency. The FREQUENCY dial is set to 6 (CAL) and the FREQUENCY MULTIPLIER is set to the CAL position. Through SIBR a 60 cycle output from A11 is applied to the pilot light which will mix with the 60 cycle line frequency. The pilot light will flicker at the difference or beat rate. This rate may be adjusted to minimum by the CAL ADJ control which slightly affects the VFO frequency. At a minimum rate of flicker the instrument's 60 cycle frequency will be most nearly like the 60 cycle line frequency. For checking the exact frequencies throughout the ranges see paragraph 5-5 Frequency Dial Calibration.



Model 203A

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Flgure 4-2. Block Diagram 4-5

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# SECTION V

# 5-1. REQUIRED TEST EQUIPMENT.

5-2. Recommended test equipment for troubleshooting and performance checking is listed in table 5-1. Test instruments other than those listed may be used if their specifications equal or exceed the required characteristics.

# 5-3. PERFORMANCE CHECKS.

5-4. Use the following front panel procedures to verify proper operation of the Model 203A. The Model 203A and test equipment should be operated at 115/230 vac unless otherwise specified. If the Model 203A is not within specifications at any point in this procedure, refer to paragraph 5-12, ADJUST-MENTS.

# 5-5. FREQUENCY DIAL CALIBRATION.

a. Push Model 203A LINE switch ON. Pilot light should glow.

b. Set FREQUENCY dial to 6 (CAL); MULTI-PLIER switch to CAL.

c. Adjust front panel CAL ADJ until visual zero beat is obtained on front panel pilot light. This occurs when flashing rate of the pilot light approaches zero.

d. Connect Model 203A as shown in figure 5-1.

e. Rotate FREQUENCY dial and observe Electronic Counter readings at points shown in table 5-2; counter readings should be within limits shown. At frequencies below 100 cps use period measurements.

	Table 5-1. Reviired	rest Equipment	
Instrument Type	Required Characteristics	Use	Recommended Model
DC Voltmeter	Voltage Range: 0 - 50 volts Input Impedance >10 M ohms Accuracy: ±1%	Performance Checks	쳿 Model 412A
AC Voltmeter	Voltage Range: 1 mv - 100 v Freq. Response: to 600 kc Accuracy: ±2%	Performance Checks	∲ Model 403B or ∲ Model 400D/H/L
Oscilloscope	Bandwidth: DC - 5 mc	Waveform Checking	<ul> <li>柳 Model 175A with</li> <li>御 Model 1780A Hori- zontal Plug-In</li> <li>ゆ Model 1750A Verti- cal Plug-In</li> <li>柳 Model 10003A</li> <li>10:1 Probe</li> </ul>
Frequency Counter	Range: 0.005 cps - 60 kc	Performance Checks	Model 523C
Distortion Analyzer	Range: 5 cps to 60 kc	Performance Checks	🖗 Model 331A
Variable Transformer	Output Voltage: 103 - 127 vac	Performance Checks	Powerstat
6 pin printed board extender		Troubleshooting Adjustment	<i>∲</i> #5060-0651
15 pin printed board extender		Troubleshooting Adjustment	#5060-0047
Thermal 50Ω Converter	. 45 VAC input, 7.0 mv DC output ±0.2% 5 cps - 60 kc	Frequency Response	🖗 Model 11051A
Nylon Tuning Wand		Adjustment	#8730-0016
Soldering Iron and Tips	50 watts Tip Temperature: 800 <sup>0</sup> F Tip Size: 1/16'' - 3/32'' Round Tip Dia: 3/4''	Troubleshooting Repair	Ungar No. 776 handle with Ungar No. PL333 tiplet and Ungar No. 885 3/4" cups tip

Table 5-1. Reguired Test Equipment

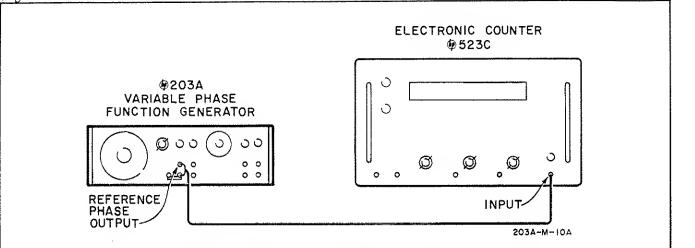


Figure 5-1. Frequency Dial Calibration

This table can be used at all MULTIPLIER switch settings by changing the decimal point of the given counter reading.

# 5-6. FREQUENCY RESPONSE.

a.	Set Model	2	03	A	С	on	tr	01	S	as	Í	0	10	ws:	
FR	EQUENCY					•	•		•	•	•		•	•	10
ΜU	JLTIPLIER									•	•			•	100



INSURETHAT ALL FOUR AMPLITUDE CON-TROLS ARE FULLY COUNTERCLOCKWISE TO AVOID DAMAGE TO THE THERMAL CONVERTER.

b. Connect Model 203A as shown in figure 5-2, using very short leads between the Model 203A and Thermal Converter.

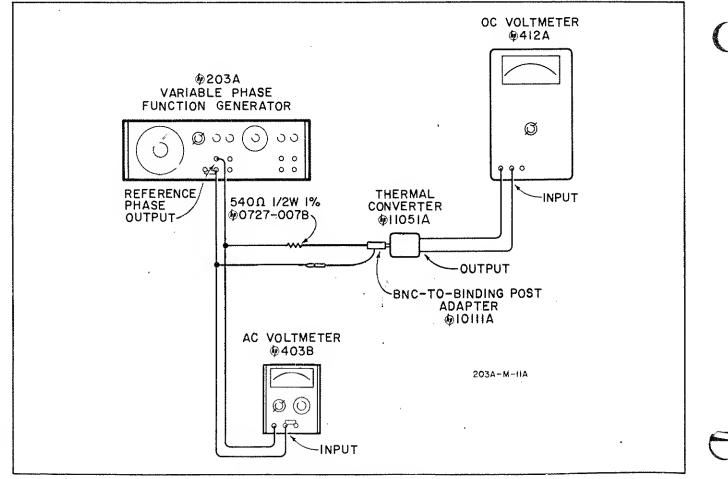


Figure 5-2. Frequency Response

FREQUENCY Dial	Counter Perio (below 10	d Measurement 0 cps)	Counter Frequency Measurement (above 100 cps)					
	Minimum	Maximum	Minimum	Maximum				
5	1980	2020	495	505				
6	1650	1684	594	606				
7	1415	1443	693	707				
8	1238	1263	793	808				
9	1100	1122	891	909				
10	990	1010	990	1010				
12	825	841	1188	1212				
14	707	721	1386	1414				
17	582	594	1683	1717				
20	495	505	1980	2020				
25	396	404	2475	2525				
30	330	336	2970	3030				
40	247	253	3960	4040				
50	198	202	4950	<b>50</b> 50				
60	165	169	5940	606 <b>0</b>				

Table 5-2. Frequency Dial Calibration

DO NOT EXCEED 7.5 MILLIVOLT OUTPUT AS THE THERMAL CONVERTER IS VERY EASILY DAMAGED BY EXCESSIVE INPUT VOLTAGE.

c. Set REFERENCE PHASE  $\sim$  OUTPUT for a reading of 4.9 vac on the ac voltmeter.

d. Disconnect AC Voltmeter.

e. Slowly adjust REFERENCE PHASE  $\sim$  OUTPUT for dc voltmeter reading of 7.0 millivolts.

f. Vary Model 203A FREQUENCY from 5 cps to 60 kc.

g. DC voltmeter reading should stay between 6.86 and 7.14 millivolts.

h. Repeat steps b thru g for VARIABLE PHASE OUTPUT.

 $j.\ Disconnect\ resistor,\ thermal\ converter\ and\ dc\ voltmeter.$ 

5-7. SINE WAVE CHECK.

a. Connect Model 203A as shown in figure 5-3.

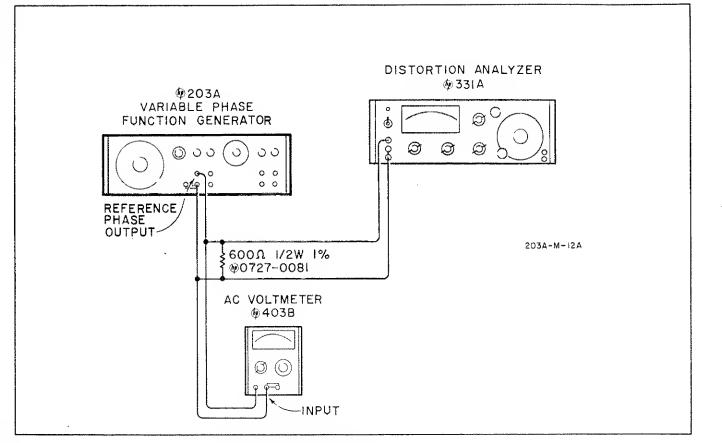


Figure 5-3. Sine Wave Check

b.	Set	Model	20	37	4	co	nt	r	bls	5 8	1S	f	511	0	ws	:	
FI	REQU	ENCY	•.		•			•		•	•	•					10
M	ULTI	PLIER			•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•					100
$\sim$	AMP	LITUD	E	(2	)										bo	oth	CW

c. AC Voltmeter should read at least 5.3 volts rms.

d. Using Distortion Analyzer, check total harmonic distortion present on signal. Distortion level should be more than 64 db (0.06%) below fundamental frequency reference level.

e. Repeat step d at a number of frequencies between 5 cps and 60 kc.

f. Repeat steps a through e for VARIABLE PHASE  $\sim$  OUTPUT.

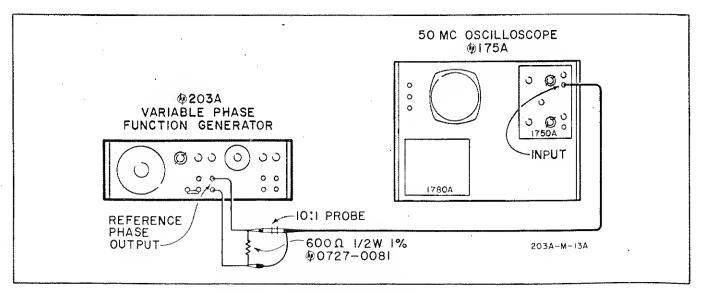


Figure 5-4. Square Wave Check

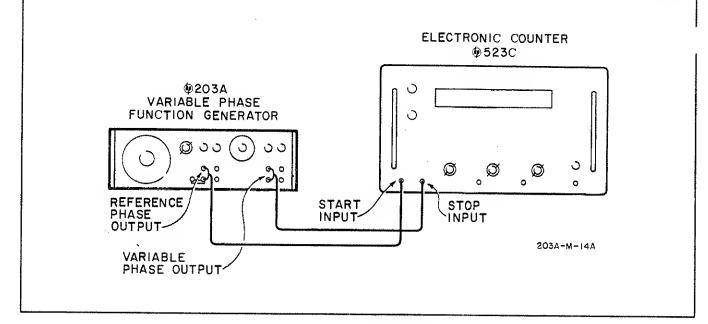


Figure 5-5. Phase Lag Check

5-8. SQUARE WAVE CHECK.

a. Connect Model 203A as shown in figure 5-4.

b. Set instrument controls as follows:

Model 203A

FREQUENCY	•	•	•	٠	•		•	•	٠	٠	•		•	10
MULTIPLIER	•	•	•	•	٠	٠	•	•	•	•	•	•	1	.00
$\Box$ AMPLITUDE (2).	•	•	•	٠	٠	•	•	٠	•		bo	oth	ι C	CW
Oscilloscope														

INPUT .		۰.	•	•	•	٠	•	•	٠	٠	٠	•	•	•	•	•		DC
SENSITI	IVI	ТΥ	•	•	•	•	•		•	•	•		•			5	v	/CM
SWEEP	TI	ME	•	•	•	•	٠	•	•	•	•		. 1	ľ	<b>/</b> 15	Ε	C,	/CM
TRIGGE	R	SOU	JR	CI	Ε	٠	٠	•	٠	•	•		٠	٠	•	•		INT
TRIGGE	R	SLC	)P	E	•													(+)

c. Adjust Model 203A FREQUENCY dial so that one cycle of square wave fills exactly 10 cm of horizontal deflection.

d. Zero crossing of square wave should occur between 4.8 and 5.2 cm from start of sweep. Peakto-peak voltage should be at least 15 volts.

e. Set Oscilloscope SENSITIVITY to. 5 v/cm. Adjust VERTICAL POSITION to bring first, the top of the square wave into view, then the bottom of the square wave.

f. Overshoot should not be more than 5% of the amplitude (1.5 cm).

g. Set Oscilloscope SWEEP TIME to . 1 µSEC/CM; SENSITIVITY to .5 V/CM.

h. Square wave rise time should be less than 0.2  $\mu$ sec from 10% to 90% points.

j. Set Oscilloscope TRIGGER SLOPE to (-).

k. Square wave fall time should be less than 0.2  $\mu sec$  from 10% to 90% points.

m. Repeat steps b thru k at various frequencies o. all ranges.

n. Repeat steps a thru m for VARIABLE PHASE 口 OUTPUT.

# 5-9. PHASE LAG CHECK.

a. Connect Model 203A as shown in figure 5-1.

b. Set instrument controls as follows:

Model 203A

MULTIPLIER 10
FREQUENCY approximately 27
~ AMPLITUDE both CW
Electronic Counter
FUNCTION SELECTOR PERIOD
STD. FREQ. COUNTED 1 MC
c. Adjust Model 203A FREQUENCY dial for Electronic Counter reading of 3600.
d. Connect Model 203A as shown in figure 5-5.
e. Set Electronic Counter controls as follows:
FUNCTION TIME INTERVAL
TRIGGER INPUT SEP
TRIGGER SLOPE both (+)

f. Set Model 203A PHASE LAG dial to 180°

g. Adjust Electronic Counter TRIGGER LEVEL controls for stable reading near 1800.

h. Check Electronic Counter readings at  $30^{\circ}$  increments on PHASE LAG dial. Readings should be within the values shown in table 5-3.

Table 5-3. Phase Lag Check

PHASE LAG	ELECTRONIC COUNTER							
	Minimum	Maximum						
0	3550	50						
<b>3</b> 0	250	350						
60	550	650						
90	850	.950						
120	1150	1250						
150	1450	1550						
180	1750	1850						
<b>2</b> 10	2050	2150						
240	2350	2350						
270	2650	2750						
300	2950	3050						
330	3250	3350						

# 5-10. INSTRUMENT COVER REMOVAL.

5-11. To remove either the top or bottom covers, unscrew and remove the two counter-sunk Phillipshead screws which secure the cover to the instrument. Then slide the cover toward the rear of the instrument. To replace the cover, reverse the procedure.

#### 5-12. ADJUSTMENTS.

5-13. The following test and adjustment procedures should be performed only if it has been definitely determined by the Performance Checks given in paragraphs 5-5 thru 5-9 that the Model 203A is out of adjustment.

5-14. POWER SUPPLY A22 ADJUSTMENTS.

Note Make the following adjustments with FRE-QUENCY MULTIPLIER switch in X100 position.

a. Supply Model 203A primary power from Variable Transformer.

b. Set line voltage to nominal value (115 volts).

c. Connect DC Voltmeter and AC Voltmeter to A22 (5). (See figure 5-21,)

d. Adjust A22R12 (-15 volt adjust) for DC Voltmeter reading of -15.1 vdc. AC Voltmeter should read less than 1.0 mv ripple.

e. Vary line voltage from 103 to 127 vac. DC Voltmeter reading should not change more than  $\pm 0.2$  vdc.

f. Connect DC Voltmeter and AC Voltmeter to A22 (13).

g. Adjust A22R20 (+15 volt adjust) for DC Voltmeter reading of +15.1 dc. The AC Voltmeter should read less than 1.0 mv ripple. h. Vary line voltage from 103 to 127 vac. DC Voltmeter reading should not change more than  $\pm 0.2$  vdc.

j. Connect DC Voltmeter and AC Voltmeter to A22 (2).

k. AC Voltmeter should read less than 2.0 mv ripple. DC Voltmeter should read  $-24.5 \pm 0.5$  vdc.

Note It may be possible to bring the -24.5 volt supply into specifications by a slight adjustment of the -15 volt adjust (A22R12). The -15 volt supply must stay between -14.9and -15.3 vdc.

m. Vary line voltage from 103 to 127 vac. DC Voltmeter reading should not change more than  $\pm 0.4$  vdc.

n. Connect DC Voltmeter to A22 (14).

p. DC Voltmeter should read  $+35 \pm 5$  vdc.

q. Disconnect front panel shorting bar.

r. Connect AC Voltmeter between chassis ground and circuit common A22 (9).

s. Use an insulated tuning wand to adjust A21C1 (located on bottom of chassis) for a minimum reading (refer to figure 5-8).

# 5-15. <u>4.995 MC OSCILLATOR AND 9:1 DIVIDER</u> (A1) ADJUSTMENT.

a. Connect 10:1 probe of Oscilloscope to base of A1Q3 and ground lead to ground plane of oscillator board. (See figure 5-9.)

b. Set Oscilloscope controls as follows:

INPUT	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	AC
SENSITIVITY									•	•	•	.05 V/CM
SWEEP TIME											2	$\mu SEC/CM$

c. Adjust A1T1 for maximum amplitude of 5  $\,$  mc signal.

d. Move 10:1 probe to emitter of A1Q3.

e. Adjust A1L2 for eleven waveforms in 10 cm of horizontal deflection. Adjust A1L2 so that the first pip of signal is slightly larger than the rest (see figure 5-7, Waveforms 3 - 5).

f. Repeat steps a thru e until optimum adjustment is obtained.

g. Move probe to A1 (5).

h. Adjust A1T2 for maximum amplitude of 555 kc signal.

# 5-16. ADJUSTABLE PHASE SHIFTER (A25) ADJUSTMENT.

#### Note

The following procedure must be performed with printed board A2 in its normal operating position in the Model 203A. Do not use an extender board.

a. Connect AC Voltmeter across output of Phase Shifter Assembly (A25) using short unshielded leads (see figure 5-8).

b. While rotating PHASE LAG dial through  $360^{\circ}$  alternately adjust A2C1 (see figure 5-11) and A25C1 until voltage level indicated on AC Voltmeter remains with  $\pm 3\%$  of nominal signal level obtained.

# 5-17. RF AMPLIFIER ADJUSTMENT (A2).

a. Connect DC Voltmeter to the collector of A2Q3; connect 10:1 Oscilloscope probe to collector of A2Q4. (See figure 5-11.)

b. Adjust A2L3 for maximum DC Voltmeter reading.

c. Adjust A2T1 for minimum AC voltage indication on Oscilloscope.

d. Repeat steps b and c as many times as necessary for optimum adjustment.

e. Connect DC Voltmeter to collector of A2Q7; connect 10:1 Oscilloscope probe to collector of A2Q8.

f. Adjust A2L7 for maximum DC Voltmeter reading.

g. Adjust A2T2 for minimum AC Voltage indication on Oscilloscope.

h. Repeat steps f and gas many times as necessary for optimum adjustment.

# 5-18. DECADE MODULE A11 ADJUSTMENT.

#### Note

Each of the six Decade Modules, A11 through A16 are electrically identical. Each module should be adjusted in the 1K position of the range switch for best results. All components are referred to by their location on the module. For example, L1 is A11L1, A12L1, A13L1, etc. depending upon the particular module under test. Module A11 procedure is given separately because of its wide frequency range.

a. Connect a 10:1 Oscilloscope probe to the junction of CR1 and CR2 (see figure 5-13b) and see the controls as follows:

SENSITIVITY	.02v/cm
SWEEP TIME	2 usec/cm
TRIGGER SOURCE	INT

b. Set the frequency dial to 5 and the range switch to 1K.

c. Adjust T1 and L1 for maximum amplitude the 5 mc signal.

#### Note

L1 may have two peaks. The correct position of the slug is the second peak in the clockwise direction. The wrong position of the slug will be noted by a sawtooth waveform.

d. Move the 10:1 Oscilloscope probe to the base of Q3 and change the vertical sensitivity to .05v/cm.

e. Adjust T2 for maximum amplitude of the 5 mc signal.

f. Move the 10:1 Oscilloscope probe to the emitter of Q3.

g. Adjust L2 for eleven complete cycles in 10 cm of horizontal deflection. (See figure 5-7, waveform 12.)

h. Move the 10:1 Oscilloscope probe to the base of Q3.

i. Rotate the frequency dial slowly to the high end. The amplitude of the 5 mc signal should not fall below 1 cm (.5 v p-p.)

j. If the signal at the high end of the dial is to low in amplitude, turn L1 slug counterclockwise until 1 cm of amplitude is obtained. Rotate the frequency dial from the high end to the low end and stagger tune L1 and T1 as necessary in order to maintain at least 1 cm of amplitude over the entire range.

k. Move the 10:1 Oscilloscope probe to the emitter of Q3 and set the frequency dial to 5.

1. Turn L2 slug clockwise until the waveform goes out of sync. Next turn L2 slug counterclockwise until the waveform just comes back into sync.

m. Rotate the frequency dial slowly toward the high end until the waveform goes out of sync.

n. Turn L2 slug counterclockwise until the waveform just comes back into sync.

o. Repeat steps m and n until the waveform is synchronized while rotating the dial between the extreme high and low ends.

p. Rotate the frequency dial until the first pip on the waveform is at maximum amplitude.

q. Turn L2 slug counterclockwise to reduce the amplitude of the first pip to one-half the amplitude noted in step p. The bottom of the first pip will be slightly lower in amplitude than any other part of the waveform.

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## 5-19. MODULE A12 THROUGH A16 ADJUSTMENTS.

a. Connect the 10:1 oscilloscope probe to the junction of CR1 and CR2 (see figure 5-13b) and set the controls as follows:

SENSITIVITY	.02v/cm
SWEEP TIME	2 usec/cm
TRIGGER SOURCE	INT

b. Set the frequency dial to any position and the range switch to the 1K position. (The reason for this setting is that the frequency range of these decades is small.

c. Adjust T1 and L1 for maximum 5 mc signal (see figure 5-7, waveform 8.)

d. Move the 10:1 oscilloscope probe to the base of Q3 and change the vertical sensitivity to .05v/cm.

e. Adjust T2 for maximum amplitude of the 5 mc signal.

f. Move the 10:1 oscilloscope probe to the emitter of Q3.

g. Adjust L2 for eleven complete cycles in 10 cm of horizontal deflection.

h. Rotate L2 slug clockwise until the waveform goes out of sync and then turn L2 counterclockwise until the waveform just comes back into sync. Note the amplitude of the first pip at the bottom of the waveform. Turn L2 slug counterclockwise until the amplitude of the first pip is reduced by one half.

5-20. FREQUENCY DIAL ADJUSTMENT.

a. Connect Model 203A as shown in figure 5-1. Adjust the dial to a precise setting of 6.

b. Set MULTIPLIER switch to 1K.

c. Set 6 on the dial exactly on the period count of  $1667 \pm 2$  counts. Thus the quick Calibration Feature (paragraph 4-56) should bring the entire range into specifications.

d. Check each FREQUENCY dial setting listed in table 5-2. If at any point the frequency lies outside the specified tolerance, adjust C11 by carefully bending its outer plates until the frequency is within the given tolerance. Check 6 on the dial again to be sure that it is exactly on frequency.

5-21. MODULATOR (A3) ADJUSTMENT.

a. Connect DC Voltmeter to A3 (12). (See figure 5-15.)

b. Adjust A3R13 for minimum DC Voltmeter reading (typically between +50 and -50 millivolts.)

c. Measure voltage at A3 (4); reading should not exceed 250 mv.

#### 5-22. DISTORTION.

a. Connect Distortion Analyzer and 600 ohm 1% resistor, -hp- #0727-0081) to REFERENCE PHASE ~ OUTPUT terminals.

b. Set FREQUENCY dial to 5; MULTIPLIER to 1K.

c. Set PHASE LAG dial to obtain maximum distortion reading on Distortion Analyzer.

d. Adjust A3R17 for minimum distortion. (See figure 5-15.)

e. Connect Distortion Analyzer and 600 ohm resistor to VARIABLE PHASE  $\sim$  OUTPUT terminals.

f. Set PHASE LAG dial to obtain maximum distortion reading.

g. Adjust A3R31 for minimum distortion.

#### Note

Perform steps h thru r only if distortion is greater than -64 db (0.06%) below reference level. These steps will reduce only excessive eighth and tenth harmonics.

h. Check and adjust as necessary, modules A11 through A14 according to Table 5-4. In each case a 10:1 oscilloscope probe is connected to the base of Q3 and a minimum signal amplitude of . 5v p-p should be maintained for proper circuit operation.

Table 5-4

MODULE	RANGE	DIAL	MAXIMUM DISTORTION	IF<-64DB ADJUST
A11 A11 A12 A13 A14	X100 X100 X10 X1 X.1	5 50 5 50	> -64 db > -64 db > -64 db > -64 db > -64 db > -64 db	T1 L1 T1 T1 T1

# 5-23. FREQUENCY RESPONSE.

a. Connect DC Voltmeter to REFERENCE PHASE  $\sim$  OUTPUT terminals.

b. Set FREQUENCY dial to 50, MULTIPLIER to 100 and both ~ AMPLITUDE controls fully clockwise.

c. Adjust A6R8 (A7R8 for VARIABLE PHASE) (DC Zero Adj) for minimum DC Voltmeter reading (typically between +20 and -20 millivolts). See figure 5-17.)

d. Disconnect DC Voltmeter.

## Note

Do not place DC Amplifiers (A6 and A7) on extender board.

g. Set REFERENCE PHASE  $\sim$  AMPLITUDE for AC voltmeter reading of 4.9 vac.

# ECAUTION

DO NOT EXCEED 7.5 MV OUTPUT AS THER-MAL CONVERTER IS VERY EASILY DAMAGED BY EXCESSIVE INPUT VOLTAGE.

h. Disconnect AC Voltmeter.

i. Carefully adjust REFERENCE PHASE  $\sim$  AM-PLITUDE for a DC Voltmeter reading of 7.0 millivolts.

k. Set Model 203A MULTIPLIER switch to 1.

m. Adjust A3R20 (A3R34 for VARIABLE PHASE) (50 cps adj) until the DC Voltmeter reads 7.0 millivolts.

n. Set MULTIPLIER switch to 10. Note DC Voltmeter reading.

p. Set MULTIPLIER switch to 1K.

q. Adjust A4R2 (A5R2 for VARIABLE PHASE) (50 kc adj) until DC Voltmeter reads the same as in step j.

r. Repeat steps j thru q until readings at 50 cps, 500 cps and 50 kc are between 6.93 and 7.07 millivolts.

s. Repeat steps a thru r for the VARIABLE PHASE ~ OUTPUT.

t. Disconnect Thermal Converter and connect AC VTVM to REFERENCE PHASE ~ OUTPUT terminals. Set REFERENCE PHASE ~ AMPLITUDE fully clockwise.

u. Adjust A6R20 (A7R20 for VARIABLE PHASE) AMP. Adj for 10.6 volts.

v. Repeat steps t and u for the VARIABLE PHASE  $\sim$  OUTPUT.

5-24. PHASE LAG DIAL.

a. Connect Model 203A as shown in figure 5-6.

b. Set FREQUENCY dial to 10; MULTIPLIER switch to 100. Set both  $\sim$  AMPLITUDE controls fully clockwise.

c. Adjust PHASE LAG dial and one (not both) of the  $\sim$  AMPLITUDE controls for minimum reading on AC Voltmeter. Typical reading is less than 50 my.

d. Loosen set screws and slip PHASE LAG dial until it reads exactly  $180^{\circ}$  at the null obtained in step c and then tighten the set screws.

#### Note

If a phase error is noted at different points on the dial, it may be necessary to slip the dial in order to minimize any errors.

5-25. SQUARE WAVE (A8 and A9) ADJUSTMENT.

a. Connect DC Voltmeter to Model 203A REFER-ENCE PHASE J\_OUTPUT.

b. Set Model 203A controls as follows:

FREQUENCY	•	•	•	•	•		•	•	•			. 10
MULTIPLIER	•	•	•	•					•			100
-¶AMPLITUDE						•			•	bo	hth	CW

c. Adjust A8R9 for a minimum reading ondc voltmeter (typically between +50 and -50 millivolts). (See figure 5-17.)

d. Connect dc voltmeter to VARIABLE PHASE OUTPUT.

e. Adjust A9R9 for a minimum reading on dc voltmeter (typically between +50 and -50 millivolts).

## 5-26. TROUBLESHOOTING.

5-27. To locate trouble in the Model 203A, start with a thorough visual inspection of the instrument. Look for burned out or loose components and connections, and other similar conditions which suggest a source of trouble. For further aid introubleshooting use Model 203A Block Diagram (figure 4-1), Purpose for Factory Selected Values (table 5-5), Troubleshooting Summary (table 5-6), and Typical Waveforms (figure 5-7).

# 5-2B. PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARD REPAIR.

5-29. The Model 203A uses plated through doublesided etched circuit boards.

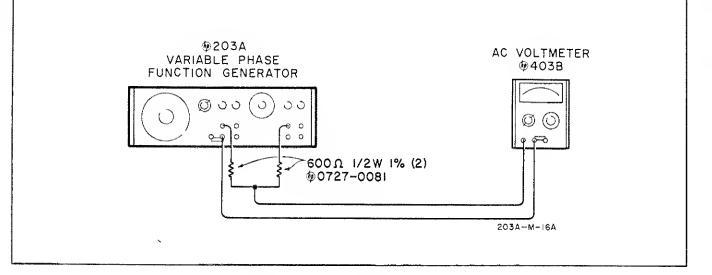


Figure 5-6. Phase Lag Dial Adjustment

5-30. Observe the following rules when repairing double-sided etched circuit boards.

a. Solder from the conductor side of the etched circuit board.

b. Avoid applying excessive heat when soldering on the circuit board.

c. To remove a damaged component, clip component leads near the component; then apply heat and remove each lead with a straight upward motion.

d. Use a special tool to remove components having multiple connections, such as potentiometers, etc. Refer to table 5-1 for type of soldering tip required.

e. Use a toothpick to free hole of solder before installing a new component.

A2C2*	To provide proper range for A2C1. (Adjust only if A25, A2Q1 or A2Q2 are changed.)							
A2C7*	To provide proper amplitude for $90^{\circ}$ A25 drive. (Adjust only if A25, A2Q1 or A2Q2 are changed.)							
A2C11*	To provide proper amplitude for $0^{\circ}$ A25 drive. (Adjust only if A25, A2Q1 or A2Q2 are changed.)							
A3R5*	Value very seldom changed. Adjust drive amplitude for A3Q2.							
A21C2*	To provide common ground isolation.							
A22C2*	To eliminate H. F. oscillations on the -24.5 volt dc supply.							
A22C12*	To eliminate H. F. oscillations on the -15 volt dc supply.							
C12*	Do not change unless absolutely necessary! Coarse adjustment for 5 kc.							

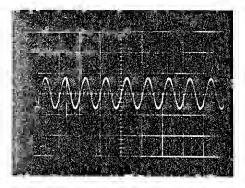
Model 203A

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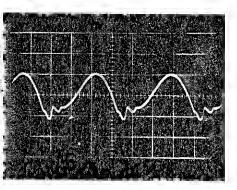
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Symptoms	Possible Causo								
1. No output on any channel	Possible Cause           ①         Check: VFO output at XA10 pins 4 and 6 (X1K range).								
1. No output on any onumer	<ul> <li>2 If no output, check 555 kc output XA1 pins 5 and 6.</li> </ul>								
	<ul> <li>(3) If no output at (2), check 4. 995 Mc output XA1 pin 1.</li> </ul>								
	(4) Check power supply voltages and continuity between circuit ground								
	and chassis. If output is at 2 but not at 1, check: a. A10L1, L2 for open.								
	b. A10C11, C15 for short.								
	c. A10C5, C8 for open.								
	(5) If output is at (3) but not at (2), check:								
	a. Open windings in A1T1, T2 or L2.								
	b. Low beta of A1Q3 or Q4.								
	6 If no output at (3), check: (4) and crystal Y1, transistor A1Q1								
2. Output on one channel only	1 Check: output at pins 2 and 4 of XA6 or XA7.								
(sine and square)	2) If no output, check pins 12 or 4 of XA3.								
	<ul> <li>(3) If output is at (2) but not (1), check:</li> </ul>								
	a. A4 or A5 at pin 6 then pin 1.								
	b. L1, L2 or L3 might have case grounded.								
	a. A3Q9, T2, T4 for open.								
	<ul> <li>b. Misadjustment of A3R31 or R34.</li> <li>(5) If output is at (3) but not at pin 12 of XA3, check:</li> </ul>								
	a. A3Q4, T1 or T3 for open.								
	b. Misadjustment of A3R17 or R20.								
3. No square wave output	(1) Check: Input pin 1 of XA8 or XA9.								
•	(2) If no signal, check output pin 2 of XA6 or XA7.								
	3 If signal is at $1$ , check output pin 6 of XA8 or XA9.								
	(4) If signal is at (1) but not (3), check:								
	a. A8Q5, Q4 or CR1 for open.								
- 	- b. A9Q5, Q4 or CR1 for open.								
4. No output on variable channel	(1) Check: output of RF Amplifier pin 7 of XA2.								
(sine and square)	(2) If no signal at (1), check input pin 4 of XA2.								
	3 If no signal at $2$ , check pins 3 and 14 of XA2.								
	(4) If output is at (3) but not at (2), check components in A25.								
	(5) If no output at (1), no output at (2), check components listed under second symptom.								
5. High Distortion on one frequency range	<ol> <li>Adjust Decade Divider for that range. Use procedure in paragraph 5-18/5-19</li> </ol>								
<ol> <li>Distortion on REF Sine OUT- PUT varies as PHASE LAG dial is rotated</li> </ol>	1 Defective A2Q1 or A2Q2.								

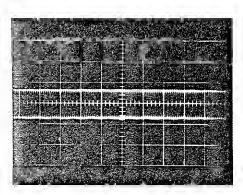
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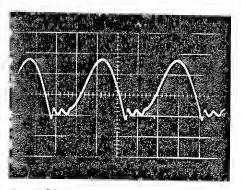
A1 (1) 5 mc output
 .5 V/CM; .2 μSEC/CM



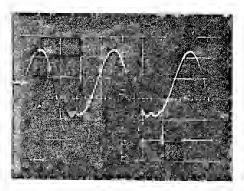
4- A1Q3 Emitter
A1L2 minimum for synchronization
.5 V/CM; .5 µSEC/CM



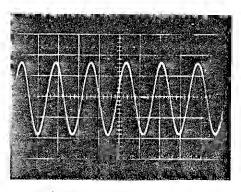
2 - A1Q3 Base .5 V/CM; 2 μSEC/CM



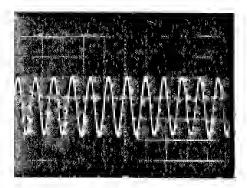
5- A1Q3 Emitter
 A1L2 nominal
 .5 V/CM; .5 μSEC/CM



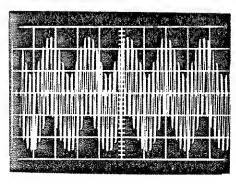
3- A1Q3 Emitter A1L2 maximum for synchronization . 5 V/CM; . 5 µSEC/CM



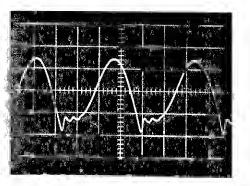
6- A2 (11) RF Amp Output
 1 V/CM; 1 μSEC/CM



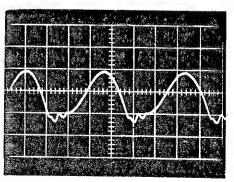
7- A10 (6) VFO Output
 .5 V/CM; 2 μSEC/CM



8- A11-Junction CR1 and CR2 , 5 V/CM; 1  $\mu$ SEC/CM

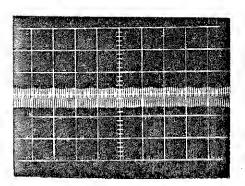


10- Al1Q3 Emitter
 L2 maximum for synchronization
 , 5 V/CM; , 5 µSEC/CM

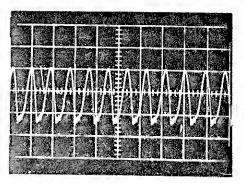


11- AllQ3 Emitter

L2 minimum for synchronization .5 V/CM; .5  $\mu \rm SEC/CM$ 



9- A11Q3 Base
 .5 V/CM; 2 μSEC/CM

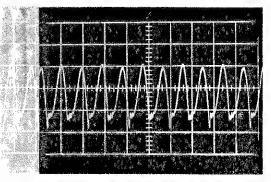


12- A11Q3 Emitter
L2 nominal
.5 V/CM; 2 μSEC/CM

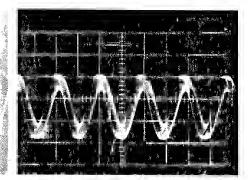
Figure 5-7. Typical Waveforms (Page 2 of 3)

Model 203A

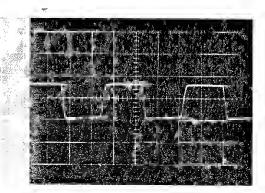
Section V Figure 5-7 (Cont'd)



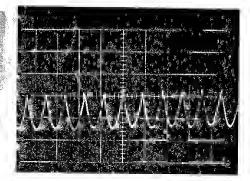
13- A11Q3 Emitter
 Incorrect Frequency Division
 15 V/CM; 2 μSEC/CM



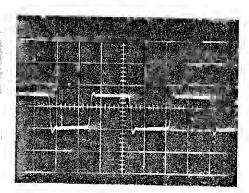
16- A3 (12) Modulator Output FREQUENCY - 5 kc
.5 V/CM; .1 MSEC/CM



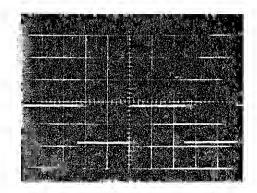
14- A3Q3 Collector.5 V/CM; .5 μSEC/CM



17- A3 (12) Modulator Output
 FREQUENCY - 5 kc
 .5 V/CM; 1 µSEC/CM



15- A3Q5 Base .5 V/CM; .5 μSEC/CM



18- A8Q4 Collector
FREQUENCY - 1 kc
5 V/CM; .2 μSEC/CM

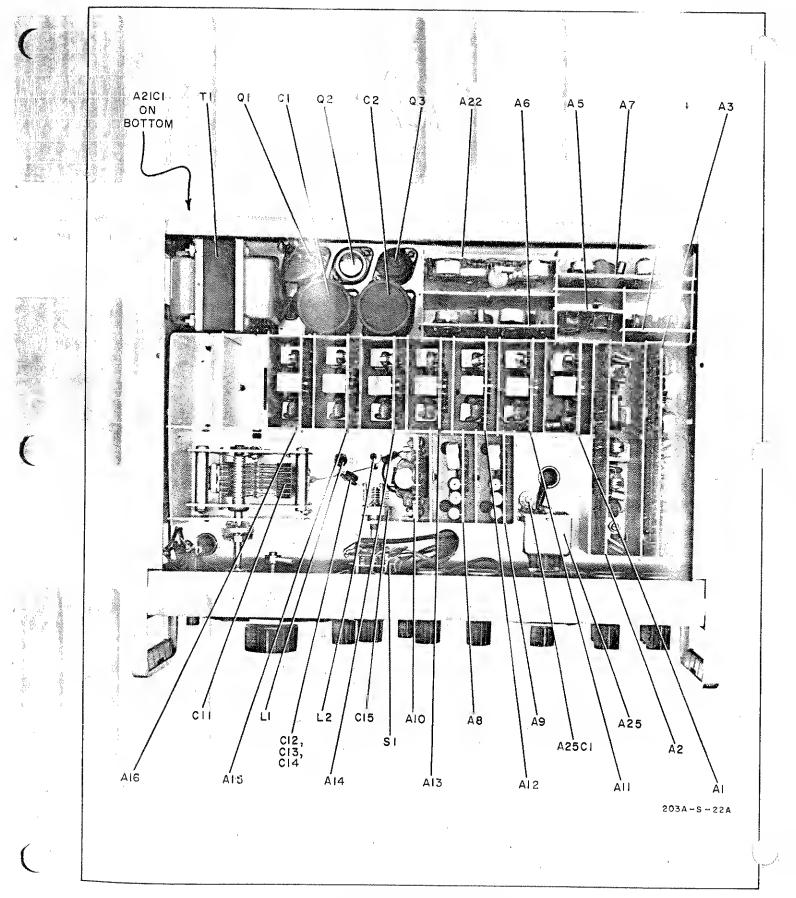
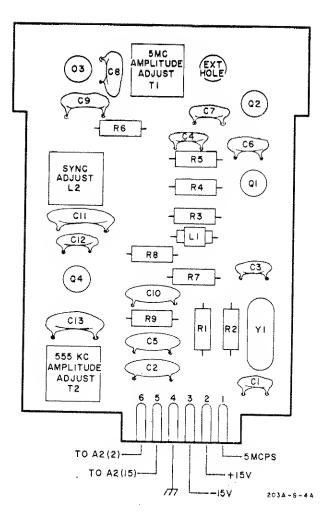


Figure 5-8. Chassis - Top View



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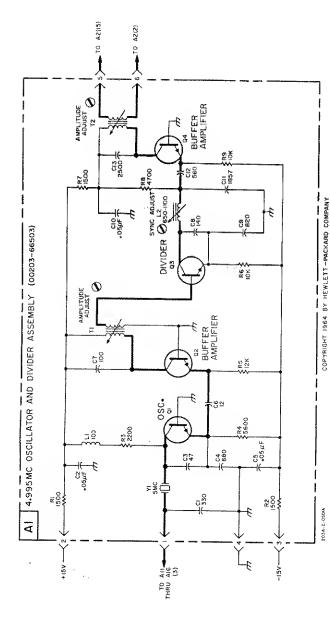
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Figure 5-9. 5 Mc Oscillator and 9:1 Divider Assy A1--Component Location

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Section V Figures 5-9 to 5-10

- PARTIAL REFERENCE DESIGNATIONS ARE SHOWN. PREFIX WITH ASSEMELY OR SUBASSEMELY DESIGNATION(S) OR BOTH FOR COMPLETE DESIGNATION.
- COMPONENT VALUES AFE SHOWN AS FOLLOWS UNLESS OTHER-WISE NOTED RESEARCE IN OHMS CAPANCE IN OHMS
  - CAPACITANCE IN PICOFARADS INDUCTANCE IN MICROHENRYS
- - 5. 🖉 DENOTES SCREWDRIVER ADJUST.
- 6. J, DENOTES CIRCUIT (FLOATING) GROUND.



5-17/5-18

Figure 5-10. 5 Mc Oscillator and 9:1 Divider Assembly A1 -- Schematic

01760-3

#### NOTES

- 1. PARTIAL REFERENCE DESIGNATIONS ARE SHOWN: PREFIX WITH ASSEMBLY OR SUBASSEMBLY DESIGNATION(S) OR BOTH FOR COMPLETE DESIGNATION.
- COMPONENT VALUES ARE SHOWN AS FOLLOWS UNLESS OTHER-WISE NOTED: RESISTANCE IN OHMS

CAPACITANCE IN PICOFARADS

- 3. \_\_\_\_\_ DENOTES ASSEMBLY.
- 4. DENOTES MAIN SIGNAL PATH.
- 5. DENOTES FEEDBACK PATH.
- 6. Ø DENOTES SCREWDRIVER ADJUST.
- 7. \* AVERAGE VALUE SHOWN, OPTIMUM VALUE SELECTED AT FACTORY.
- DENOTES CIRCUIT (FLOATING) GROUND.

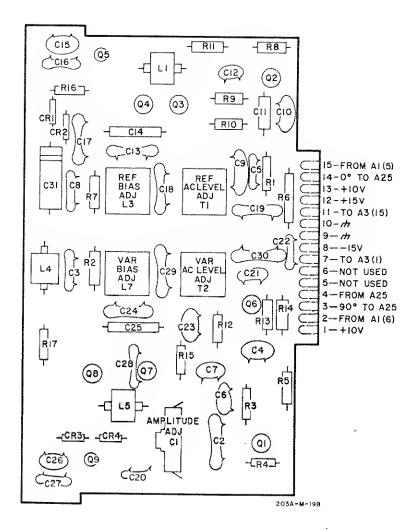
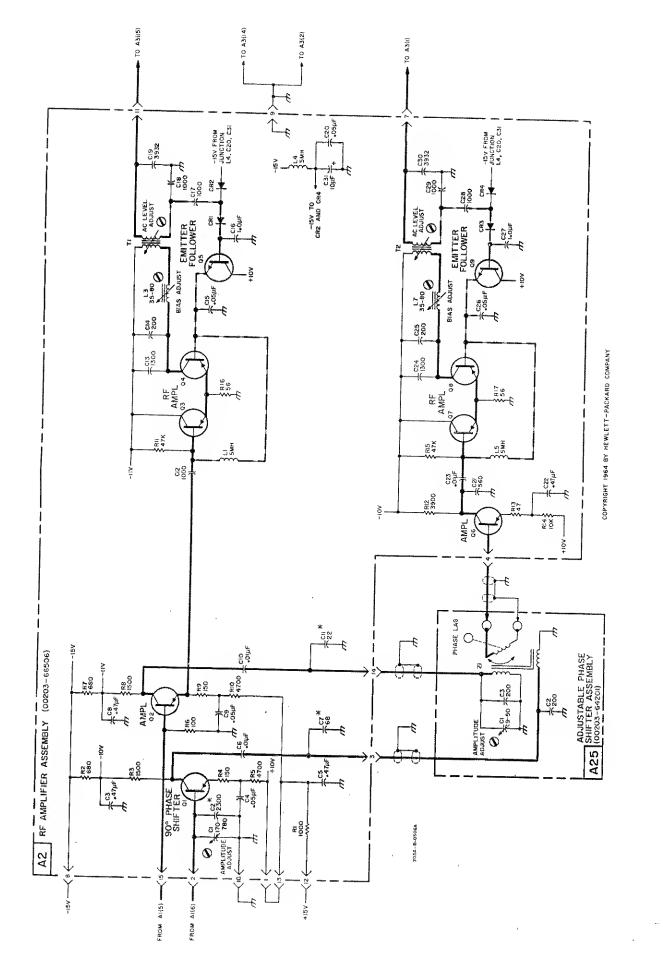


Figure 5-11. RF Amplifier Assy A2--Component Location



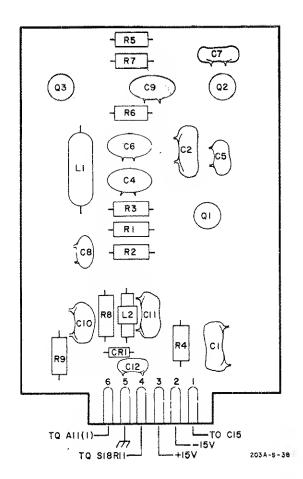


Model 203A

5-19

Figure 5-12. RF Amplifier Assy A2 and Adjustable Phase Shifter Assy A25 -- Schematic

01760-3



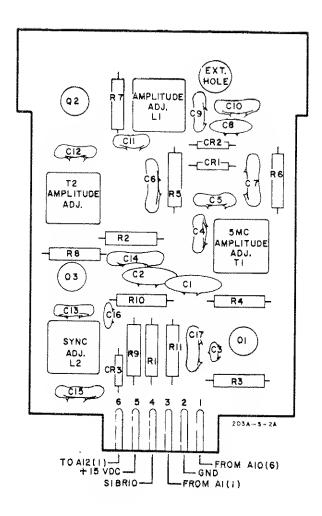
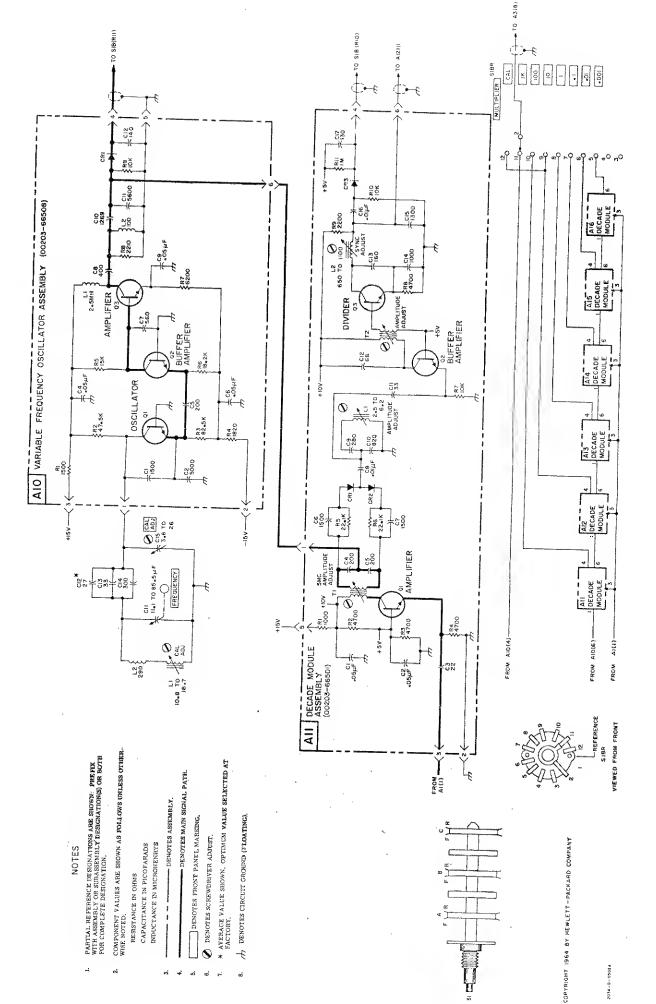


Figure 5-13b. Decade Module Assy A11--Component Location



Model 203A

Figures 5-13b and 5-14

Figure 5-14. VFO Assy A10 and Decade Module Assy A11 to A16--Schematic

5-21/5-22

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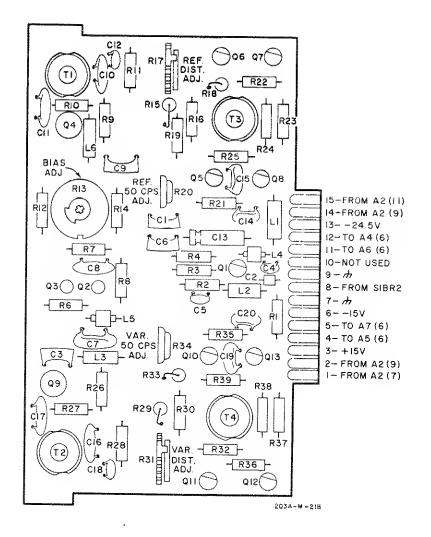
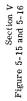


Figure 5-15. Modulator Assy A3--Component Location



Model 203A

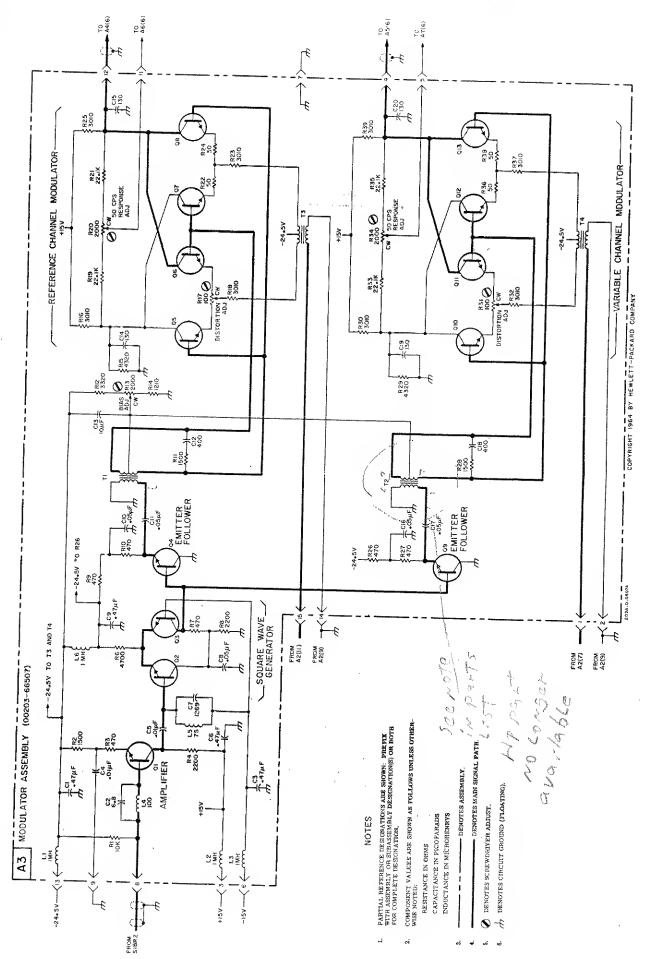
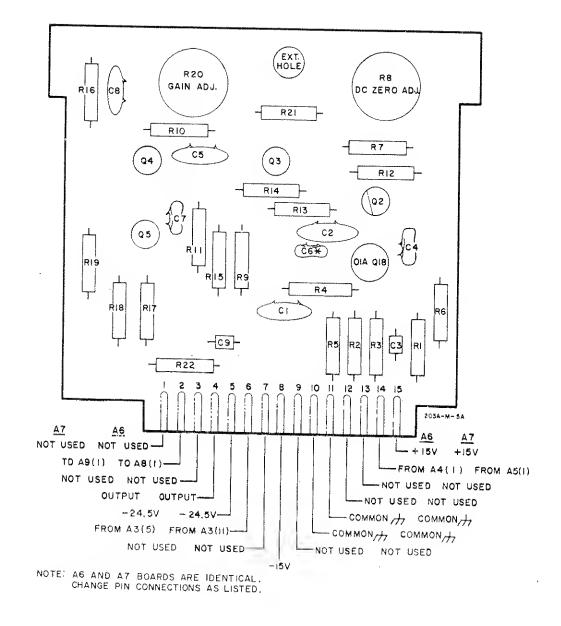
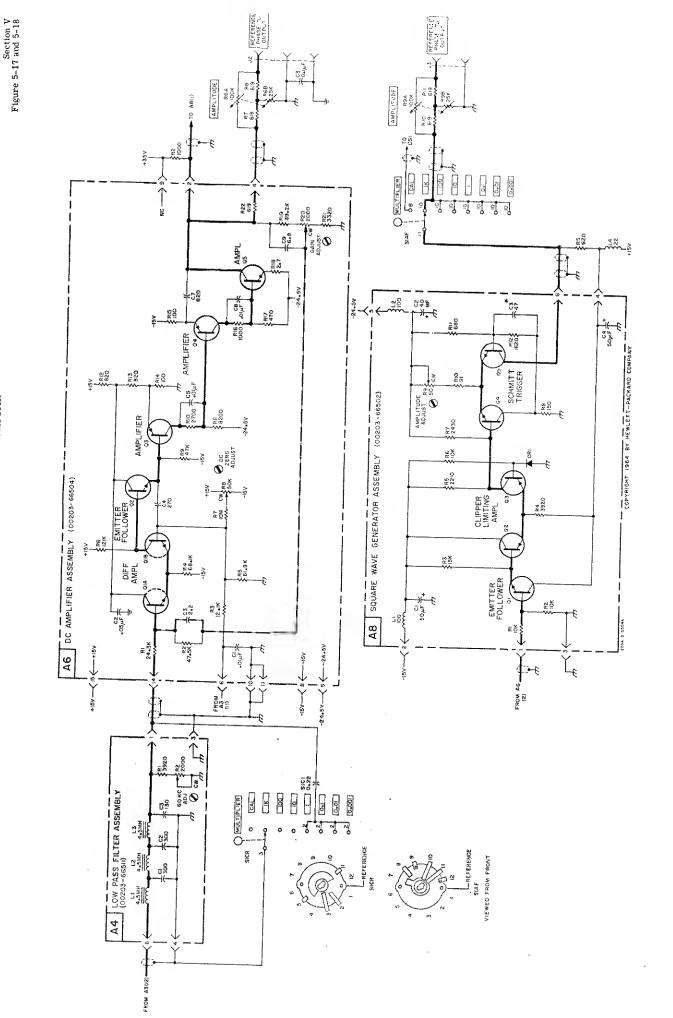


Figure 5-16. Modulator Assy A3--Schematic

01760-3

- NOTES
- PARTIAL REFERENCE DESIGNATIONS ARE SHOWN: PREFIX WITH ASSEMBLY OR SUBASSEMBLY DESIGNATION(S) OR BOTH FOR COMPLETE DESIGNATION.
- COMPONENT VALUES ARE SHOWN AS FOLLOWS UNLESS OTHER-WISE NOTED: RESISTANCE IN OHMS
  - CAPACITANCE IN PICOFARADS
  - INDUCTANCE IN MICROHENRYS
- 3. DENOTES SUBASSEMBLY.
- 4. DENOTES MAIN SIGNAL PATH.
- 5. DENOTES FEEDBACK PATH.
- 6. DENOTES FRONT PANEL MARKING,
- 7. Ø DENOTES SCREWDRIVER ADJUST.
- AVERAGE VALUE SHOWN, OPTIMUM VALUE SELECTED AT FACTORY.
- 9. DENOTES CIRCUIT GROUND (FLOATING).





Model 203A

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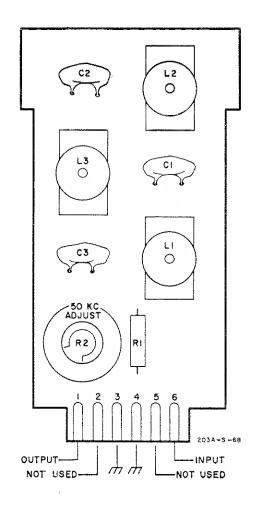
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Figure 5-18. Low Pass Filter Assy A4, DC Amp Assy A6, and Square Wave Gen Assy A8--Schematic

01760-3

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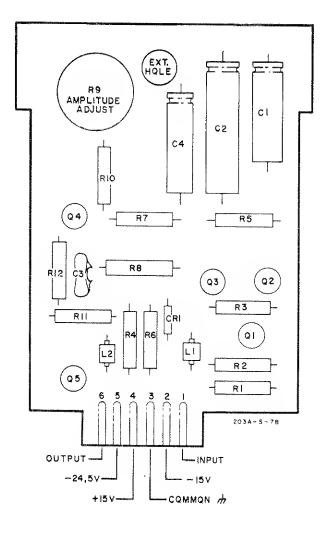


Figure 5-19b. Square Wave Gen Assy A8 and A9 Component Location .

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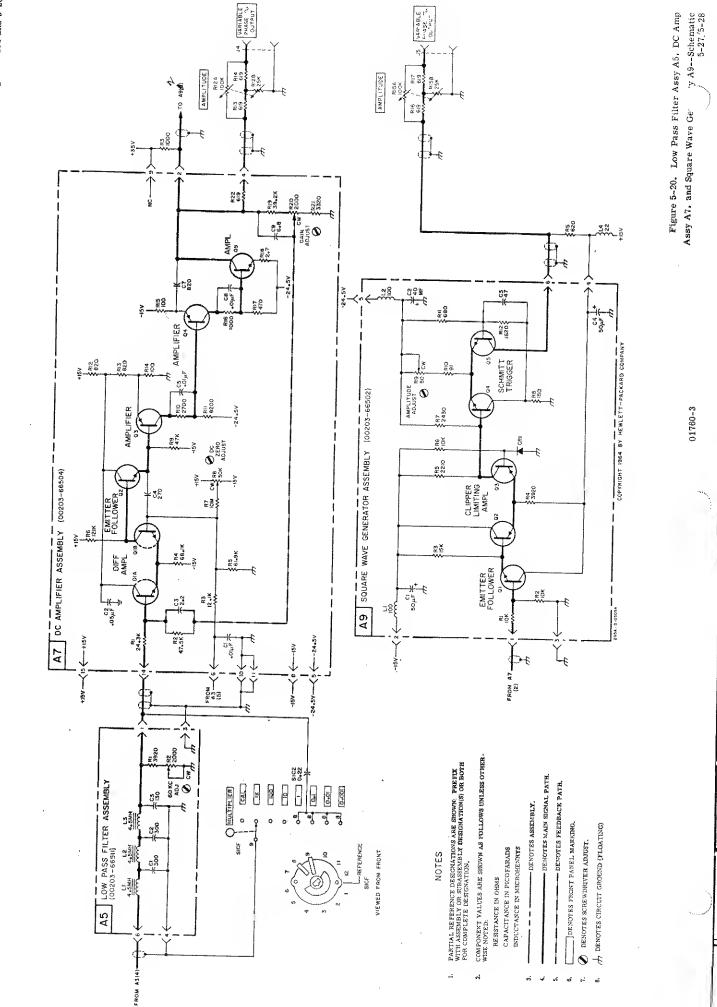


Figure 5-19b and 5-20

Model 203A

#### NOTES

- PARTIAL REFERENCE DESIGNATIONS ARE SHOWN: PREFIX WITH ASSEMBLY OR SUBASSEMBLY DESIGNATION(S) OR BOTH FOR COMPLETE DESIGNATION.
- 2. COMPONENT VALUES ARE SHOWN AS FOLLOWS UNLESS OTHER-WISE NOTED: RESISTANCE IN OHMS CAPACITANCE IN PICOFARADS
  - INDUCTANCE IN MICROHENRYS
- 3. \_\_\_\_\_ DENOTES ASSEMBLY,
- 4. DENOTES MAIN SIGNAL PATH,
- 5. Ø DENOTES SCREWDRIVER ADJUST.
- 6. A DENOTES CIRCUIT GROUND (FLOATING).

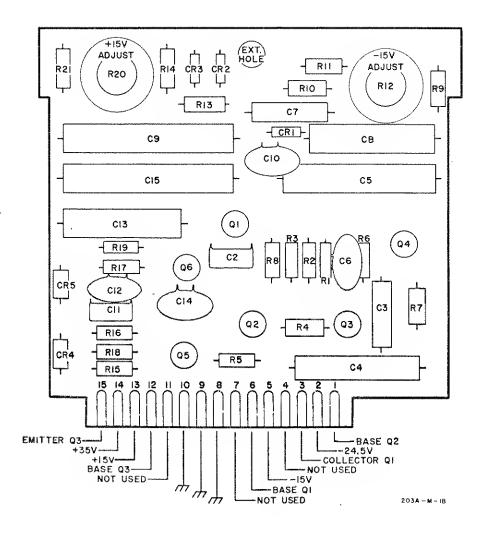
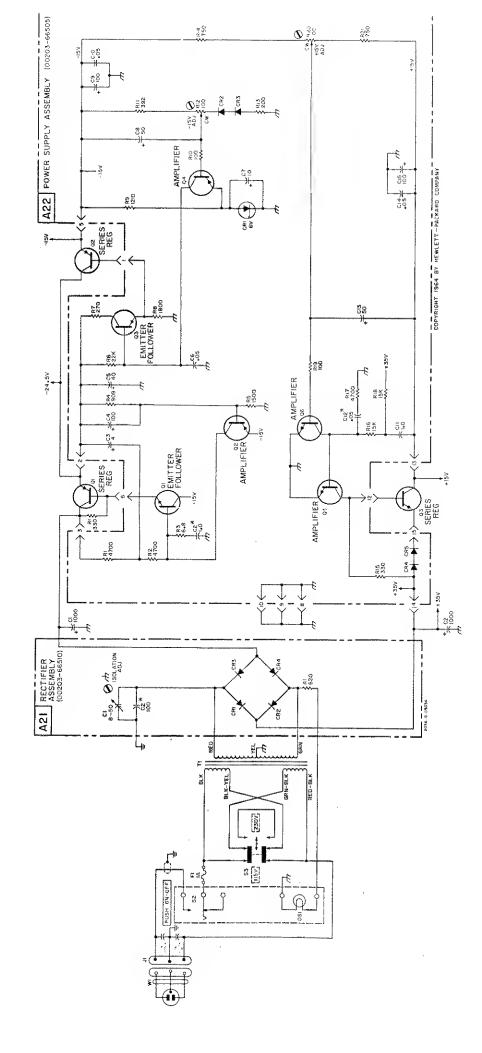


Figure 5-21. Power Supply Absy A22--Component Location

Section V Figure 5-21 and 5-22

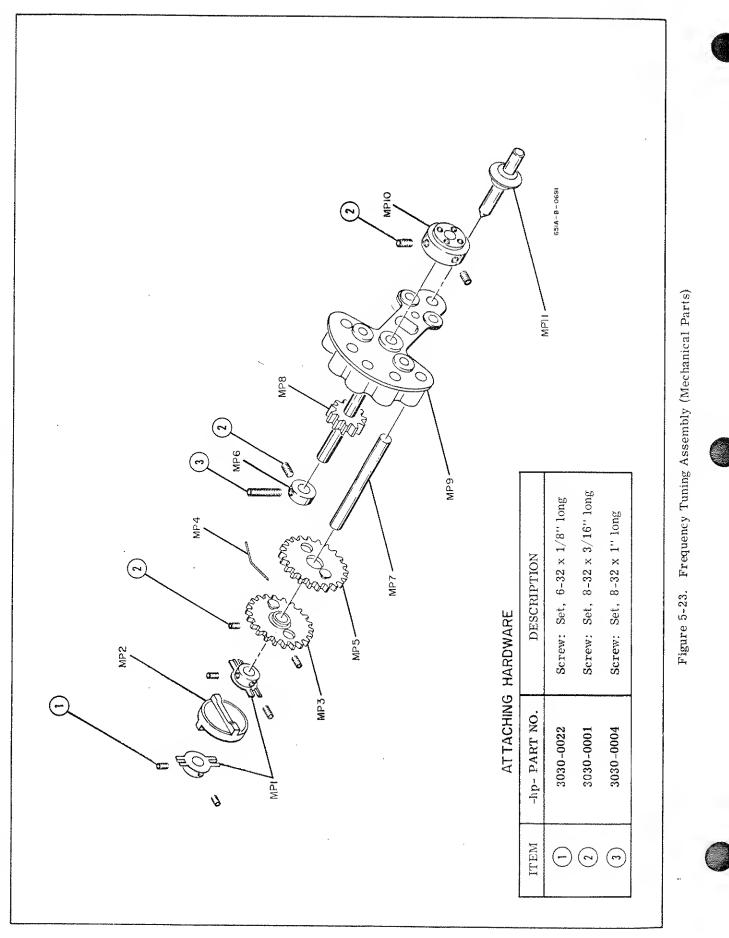


Model 203A

5-29

Figure 5-22. Power Supply Assy A22 and Rectifier Assy A21--Schematic

01760-4



## SECTION VI REPLACEABLE PARTS

#### 6-1 INTRODUCTION.

6-2. This section contains information for ordering replacement parts. Table 6-1 lists parts in alphameric order of their reference designators and indicates the description, -hp- part number of each part, together with any applicable notes, and provides the follows:

- a. Total quantity used in the instrument (TQ column).
- b. Description of the part. (See list of abbreviations below.)
- c. Typical manufacturer of the part in a fivedigit code. (See Appendix A for list of manufacturers.)
- d. Manufacturer's part number.

6-3. Miscellaneous parts are listed at the end of Table 6-1.

#### 6-4. ORDERING INFORMATION.

6-5. To obtain replacement parts, address order or inquiry to your local Hewlett-Packard Field Office. (See Appendix B for list of office locations.) Identify parts by their Hewlett-Packard part numbers.

#### 6-6. NON-LISTED PARTS.

- 6-7. To obtain a part that is not listed, include:
  - a. Instrument model number.
  - b. Instrument serial number.
  - c. Description of the part.
  - d. Function and location of the part.

A	= assembly	F	= fuse	Р	= plug	v	= vacuum tube, neon
В	= motor	FL	= filter	Q	= transistor		bulb, photocell etc.
BT	⇒ battery	HR	= heater	QCR	= transistor-ciode		-
С	= capacitor	Л	= jack	R	= resistor	W	= cable
CR	= diode	к	= relay	RT	= thermistor	X	- socket
DL	= delay line	L	= inductor	S	= switch	XDS	<ul> <li>lampholder</li> </ul>
DS	= lamp	М	= meter	т	= transformer	XF	- fuseholder
E	= misc electronic part	MP	= mechanical part	TC	= thermocouple	$\mathbf{Z}$	- network
			ABBREV	TATIONS			
Ag	≏ silver	ID	= inside diameter	ns	= nanosecond (s) = $10^{-9}$	SPDT	= single-pole double-
Al	= aluminum	impg	= impregnated	nsr	= not separately replace-	SPDI	= single-pole double-
amp	= ampere (s)	incd	= incandescent	nsr	able	SPST	
Au	= ampere (a) ≈ gold	ins	= insulation (ed)		apre	5191	≕ single-pole single- throw
		1115	• •				
Ç	= capacitor	к	= kilohm (s) = $10^{+3}$	obd	= order by description	Ta	a tantalum
cer	= ceramic		+3	OÐ	= outside diameter	TiO <sub>2</sub>	utitanium dioxide
coef	» coefficient	Kc	= kiloycycle (s) = $10^{+3}$	р	= peak	tog	<ul> <li>toggle</li> </ul>
com	= common			pe	printed circuit	tol	» tolerance
comp	= composition	L	= inductor	-		trim	« trimmer
conn	= connection	lin	= linear taper	pf	= picofarad (s) = $10^{-12}$	TSTR	- transistor
cps	= cycles per second	log	= logarlthmic taper	piv	= peak inverse voltage		
dep	= deposited			p/o	= part of	v	- voit (s)
DPDT	= double-pole double-	m	= mill1 $=$ 10 <sup>-3</sup>	boa	position (s)	Vacw	– alternating current
	throw	ma	= mliliampere (s) = 10 <sup>-3</sup>	poly	= polystyrene		working voit (s)
DPST	= double-pole single-		+6	pot	= potentiometer	var	⊨ variable
	threw	Mc	= megacycle (s) = $10^{+6}$	p-p	= peak-to-peak	vdcw	= direct current working
elect	= electrolytic	meg	= megohm (s) = $10^{+6}$	prec	= precision (temperature		volt (s)
encap	= encapsulated		n = metal film		coefficient. long term		
encap	- encapsulated	mfr	= manufacturer		stability, and/or tol-	Ψ,	= watt (s)
f	= fanad (s)	mtg	mounting		erance)	w/	= with
FET	= field effect transistor	*				wiv	= reverse working voltage
fxd	= fixed	μ	s mlcro = 10 <sup>*6</sup>	R	= resistor	w/o	∞ without
GaAs	= ga <b>u</b> ium arsenide	my	= Mylar	Rh	rhodium	ww	wirewound
			-9	rms	= root-mean-square		
Ge	= gigacycle (s) = $10^{+9}$	na NC	nanoampere (s) = 10 <sup>-9</sup>	rot	= rolary	•	» optimum value selected
gd	= guard (ed)	Ne	= normaily closed		•		at factory, average
Ge	= germanium		= neon				value shown (part may
grđ	= ground (ed)	NO NPO	m normally open	Se	= selenium	**	be omitted)
h	= henry (ies)	мРО	= negative positive zero	sect	= section (s)	77	≈ no standard lype num+
Hg	= mercury		(zero temperature co-	SI	- silicon		ber assigned (selected
**5	= mercury		efficient)	sì	= slide		or special type)

Table 6-1. Reference Designation Index

REFERENCE DESIGNATION	🏺 STOCK NO.	DESCRIPTION	NOTE	] (
A1	00203-66503	Board ass'y, 5 mcps, includes: C1 thru C13 R1 thru R9 L1, L2 T1, T2 Q1 thru Q4 Y1		
A1C1 A1C2 A1C3 A1C4	0140-0207 0150-0096 0140-J204 0140-0208	C: fxd, dipped mica, 330 pf $\pm 5\%$ C: fxd, cer, 0.05 $\mu$ fd $+80\%$ -20%, 100 vdcw C: fxd, dipped mica, 47 pf $\pm 5\%$ C: fxd, dipped mica, 680 pf $\pm 5\%$		
A1C5 A1C6 A1C7 A1C8	0150-0096 0140-0201 0140-0176 0140-0217	C: fxd, cer, 0.05 $\mu$ fd +80% -20%, 100 vdcw C: fxd, dipped mica, 12 pf $\pm 5\%$ C: fxd, dipped mica, 100 pf $\pm 2\%$ C: fxd, dipped mica, 140 pf $\pm 2\%$		
A1C9 A1C10 A1C11 A1C12 A1C13	0140-0151 0150-0096 0140-0157 0140-0178 0160-0147	<ul> <li>C: fxd, dipped mica, 820 pf ±2%</li> <li>C: fxd, cer, 0.05 µfd +80% -20%, 100 vdcw</li> <li>C: fxd, dipped mica, 1857 pf ±1%</li> <li>C: fxd, dipped mica, 560 pf ±2%</li> <li>C: fxd, dipped mica, 2500 pf ±2%</li> </ul>		
A1L1 A1L2	9140-0029	Coil, R. F., choke, universal wound, unshielded, 100 $\mu$ h, 2.6 ohms		
A1Q1 thru A1Q4	00203-86009 1854-0005	Coil, var Transistor, EIA type 2N708, NPN silicon planar		
A1R1, A1R2 A1R3 A1R4 A1R5	0687-1521 0687-2221 0687-5621 0687-1231	R: fxd, comp, 1500 ohms ±10%, 1/2 W R: fxd, comp, 2200 ohms ±10%, 1/2 W R: fxd, comp, 5600 ohms ±10%, 1/2 W R: fxd, comp, 12 K ohms ±10%, 1/2 W		
A1R6 A1R7 A1R8 A1R9	0687-1031 0687-1521 0687-4721 0687-1031	R: fxd, comp, 10 K ohms ±10%, 1/2 W R: fxd, comp, 1500 ohms ±10%, 1/2 W R: fxd, comp, 4700 ohms ±10%, 1/2 W R: fxd, comp, 10 K ohms ±10%, 1/2 W		
A1T1 A1T2	00203-84204 00203-84203	Transformer, tuned Transformer, tuned		
A1Y1	0410-0009	Crystal unit, quartz, 5 mc, 2 pins on bottom		
A2	00 <b>203-</b> 66506	Board ass'y, R. F. Amplifier, includes:C1 thru C31Q1 thru Q9CR1 thru CR4R1 thru R15L1 thru L7T1, T2		
A2C1 A2C2* A2C3 A2C4	0131-0003 0160-0217 0160-0174 0150-0096	C: var, mica, single sect, 170 - 780 pf, 175 vdcw C: fxd, dipped mica, 2300 pf $\pm 1\%$ C: fxd, cer, 0. 47 $\mu$ f $\pm 80\%$ -20\%, 25 vdcw C: fxd, cer, 0. 05 $\mu$ fd $\pm 80\%$ -20\%, 100 vdcw		
A2C5 A2C6 A2C7 * A2C8	0160~0174 0150-0012 0160-0376 0160-0174	C: fxd, cer, 0.47 $\mu$ f +80% -20%, 25 vdcw C: fxd, cer, 0.01 $\mu$ f ±20%, 1000 vdcw C: fxd, dipped mica, 68 pf ±5% C: fxd, cer, 0.47 $\mu$ f +80% -20%, 25 vdcw		
A2C9 A2C10 A2C11 * A2C12	0150-0096 0150-0012 0150-0145 0150-0069	<ul> <li>C: fxd, cer, 0.05 μfd +80% -20%, 100 vdcw</li> <li>C: fxd, cer, 0.01 μf ±20%, 1000 vdcw</li> <li>C: fxd, cer, 22 pf ±10%, 500 vdcw</li> <li>C: fxd, cer, 0.001 μf +100% -20%, 500 vdcw</li> </ul>		
A2C13 A2C14 A2C15	0140-0154 016 <b>0-</b> 3132 0150-0096	C: fxd, dipped mica, 1300 pf $\pm 5\%$ · C: fxd, cer, 200 pf $\pm 10\%$ , 500 vdcw C: fxd, cer, 0.05 $\mu$ fd $+80\%$ -20\%, 100 vdcw		6

\* Average value shown, optimum value selected at factory # See introduction to this section

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Table	6-1.	Reference	Designation	Index (	Cont <sup>1</sup> d	i)
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REFERENCE DESIGNATION	🖗 STOCK NO.	DESCRIPTION	NOTE
A2C16	0160-0127	C: fxd, cer, 1.0 $\mu$ f ±20%, 25 vdcw	
A2C17, A2C18	0140-0152	C: fxd, mica, 1000 pf ±5%, 300 vdcw	
A2C19	0140-0161	C: fxd, dipped mica, $3932 \text{ pf} \pm 1\%$	
A2C20	0150-0096	C: fxd, cer, 0.05 µfd +80% -20%, 100 vdcw	
A2C21	0140-0178	C: fxd, dipped mica, 560 pf $\pm 2\%$	
A2C22	0160-0174	C: fxd, cer, 0.47 $\mu$ f +80% =20%, 25 vdcw	
A2C23	0150-0012	C: fxd, cer, 0.01 $\mu$ f $\pm 20\%$ , 1000 vdcw	
A2C24	0140-0154	C: fxd, dipped mica, 1300 pf $\pm 5\%$	
A2C25	0160-3132	C: fxd, cer, 200 pf $\pm 10\%$ , 500 vdcw	
A2C26	0150-0093	C: fxd, cer, $0.05 \ \mu fd + 80\% - 20\%$ , 100 vdcw	
A2C27	0160-0127	C: fxd, cer, 1.0 $\mu$ f $\pm 20\%$ , 25 vdcw	
A2C28, A2C29	0140-0152	C: fxd, mica, 1000 pf $\pm 5\%$ , 300 vdcw	
A2C30	0140 0161	•	
A2C31	0140-0161 0180-0059	C: fxd, dipped mica, $3932 \text{ pf } \pm 1\%$	
	0100-0039	C: fxd, elect, 10 µf -10% +100%, 25 vdcw	
A2CR1 thru A2CR4	1901-0040	Diode, silicon, 30 MA at +1 v, 30 PIV, 2 pf, 2 ns	
AZCR4	, i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i		
A2L1	9140-0037	Coil, radio freq. 5 mh induct, universal wound	
A2L2 A2L3	00000 00000	Not assigned	
A2L3 A2L4, A2L5	00203-86003	Coil, var	
A2L4, A2L5 A2L6	9140-0037	Coil, radio freq. 5 mh induct, universal wound	
A2L7	00203-86010	Not assigned Coil, var	
A2Q1 thru	1853-0016	Transistor, 2N3638 PNP silicon	
A2Q4	1054 0000		
A2Q5 A2Q6 thru	1854-0033 1853-0016	Transistor, EIA type 2N3391, NPN silicon	
A2Q8	1000-0010	Transistor, 2N3638 PNP silicon	
A2Q9	1854-0033	Transistor, EIA type 2N3391, NPN silicon	
A2R1	0687-1021	R: fxd, comp, 1000 ohms ±10%, 1/2 W	
A2R2	0687-6811	R: fxd, comp, 680 ohms $\pm 10\%$ , $1/2$ W	
A2R3	0757-0736	R: fxd, met flm, 1.5 K ohms $\pm 1\%$ , 1/4 W	
A2R4	0757-0715	R: fxd, met flm, 150 ohms $\pm 1\%$ , $1/4$ W	
A2R5	0687-4721	R: fxd, comp, 4700 ohms $\pm 10\%$ , $1/2$ W	
A2R6	0757-1032	R: fxd, met flm, 100 ohms ±0.5%, 1/4 W	
A2R7	0687-6311	R: fxd, comp, 680 ohms $\pm 10\%$ , $1/2$ W	
A2R8	0757-0736	R: fxd, met flm, 1.5 K ohms $\pm 1\%$ , 1/4 W	
A2R9	0757-0715	R: fxd, met flm, 150 ohms $\pm 1\%$ , 1/4 W	
A2R10	0687-4721	R: fxd, comp, 4700 ohms $\pm 10\%$ , $1/2$ W	
A2R11	0687-4731	R: fxd, comp, 47 K ohms $\pm 10\%$ , $1/2$ W	
A2R12	0687-3921	R: fxd, comp, 3900 ohms $\pm 10\%$ , $1/2$ W	
A2R13	0687-4701	R: fxd, comp, 47 ohms $\pm 10\%$ , $1/2$ W	
A2R14	0687-1031	R: fxd, comp, 10 K ohms $\pm 10\%$ , 1/2 W	
A2R15	0687-4731	R: fxd, comp, 47 K ohms $\pm 10\%$ , $1/2$ W	
A2R16, A2R17	0687-5601	R: fxd, comp, 56 ohms	
A2T1	00203-84205	Transformer, tuned	
A2T2	00203-84206	Transformer, tuned	
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Table 6-	1. Reference	Designation	Index	(Cont'd)
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REFERENCE DESIGNATION	⊕ STOCK NO.	DESCRIPTION	NOTE	
A3	00203-66507	Board, ass'y, modulator, includes: C1 thru C20 R1 thru R39 L1 thru L6 T1 thru T4 Q1 thru Q13		
A3C1 A3C2 A3C3 A3C4, A3C5	0160-0174 0150-0047 0160-0174 0150-0093	C: fxd, cer, 0.47 $\mu$ f +80% -20%, 25 vdcw C: fxd, TiO <sub>2</sub> , 6.8 pf ±10%, 500 vdcw C: fxd, cer, 0.47 $\mu$ f +80% -20%, 25 vdcw C: fxd, cer, 0.01 $\mu$ f +80% -20%, 100 vdcw		
A3C6 A3C7 A3C8 A3C9	0160-0174 0140-0153 0150-0096 0160-0174	C: fxd, cer, 0.47 $\mu$ f +80% -20%, 25 vdcw C: fxd, mica, 1269 pf ±1%, 300 vdcw C: fxd, cer, 0.05 $\mu$ fd +80% -20%, 100 vdcw C: fxd, cer, 0.47 $\mu$ f +80% -20%, 25 vdcw		
A3C10, A3C11 A3C12 A3C13 A3C14, A3C15 A3C16, A3C17 A3C18 A3C19, A3C20	$\begin{array}{c} 0150\text{-}0096\\ 0150\text{-}0071\\ 0180\text{-}0059\\ 0140\text{-}0195\\ 0150\text{-}0096\\ 0150\text{-}0071\\ 0140\text{-}0195 \end{array}$	C: fxd, cer, $0.05 \ \mu fd + 80\% - 20\%$ , 100 vdcw C: fxd, cer, 400 pf $\pm 5\%$ , 500 vdcw C: fxd, elect, 10 $\mu f - 10\% + 100\%$ , 25 vdcw C: fxd, dipped mica, 150 pf $\pm 5\%$ C: fxd, cer, 0.05 $\mu fd + 80\% - 20\%$ , 100 vdcw C: fxd, cer, 400 pf $\pm 5\%$ , 500 vdcw C: fxd, dipped mica, 130 pf $\pm 5\%$		
A3L1 thru A3L3 A3L4	9140-0137 9140-0029	Coil, fixed R. F., 1000 $\mu$ h ±5%, dc current rating 135 ma Coil, R. F. choke, universal wound, unshielded, 100 $\mu$ h, 2.6 ohms		
A3L5 A3L6	9140-0031 9140-0137	Coil, R. F., 75 $\mu$ h Coil, fxd, R. F. 1000 $\mu$ h ±5%, dc current rating 135 ma		(
A3Q1 A3Q2, A3Q3 A3Q4 A3Q5 thru A3Q8	$\begin{array}{c} 1854 - 0033 \\ 1854 - 0005 \\ 1854 - 0039 \\ 1854 - 0033 \end{array}$	Transistor, EIA type 2N3391, NPN silicon Transistor, EIA type 2N708, NPN silicon planar Transistor, EIA type 2N3053, NPN silicon Transistor, EIA type 2N3391, NPN silicon		
A3Q9 A3Q10 thru A3Q13	1854-0039 1854-0033	Transistor, EIA type 2N3053, NPN silicon Transistor, EIA type 2N3391, NPN silicon		
A3R1 A3R2 A3R3 A3R4 A3R5*	0687-1031 0687-1521 0687-4711 0687-2221 0683-4715	R: fxd, comp, 10K ohms ±10%, 1/2 W R: fxd, comp, 1500 ohms ±10%, 1/2 W R: fxd, comp, 470 ohms ±10%, 1/2 W R: fxd, comp, 2200 ohms ±10%, 1/2 W R: fxd, comp, 470 ohms, ±5%, 1/4 W		
A3R6 A3R7 A3R8 A3R9, A3R10 A3R11	0687-4721 0687-4711 0687-2221 0687-4711 0687-1521	R: fxd, comp, 4700 ohms $\pm 10\%$ , 1/2 W R: fxd, comp, 470 ohms $\pm 10\%$ , 1/2 W R: fxd, comp, 2200 ohms $\pm 10\%$ , 1/2 W R: fxd, comp, 470 ohms $\pm 10\%$ , 1/2 W R: fxd, comp, 1500 ohms $\pm 10\%$ , 1/2 W		
A3R12 A3R13 A3R14 A3R15 A3R16	0757-0743 2100-0282 0757-0743 0757-0745 0757-0339	R: fxd, met flm, 3.32 K ohms $\pm 1\%$ , 1/4 W R: var, lin, ww, 2000 ohms $\pm 20\%$ , 1-1/2 W R: fxd, met flm, 1.21K ohms $\pm 1\%$ , 1/4 W R: fxd, met flm, 4.32K ohms $\pm 1\%$ , 1/4 W R: fxd, met flm, 3.01K ohms $\pm 1\%$ , 1/4 W	, ,	F

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REFERENCE DESIGNATION	@ STOCK NO.	DESCRIPTION	NOTE
A3R17	2100-0909	R: var, comp, lin, 100 ohms ±30%, 1/4 W	
A3R18	0757-0339	R: fxd, met flm, 3.01K ohms $\pm 1\%$ , 1/4 W	
A3R19	0757-0761	R: fxd, met flm, 22.1K ohms $\pm 1\%$ , $1/4$ W	
A3R20	2100-0908	R: var, comp, lin, $2K \pm 30\%$ , $1/4 W$	
A3R21	0757-0761	R: fxd, met flm, 22. 1K ohms $\pm 1\%$ , $1/4$ W	
A3R22	0757-1040	R: fxd, met flm, 50 ohms $\pm 1\%$ , $1/4$ W	
A3R23	0757-0339	R: fxd, met flm, 3.01K ohms $\pm 1\%$ , 1/4 W	
A3R24	0757-1040	R: fxd, met flm, 50 ohms $\pm 1\%$ , 1/4 W	
A3R25	0757-0339	R: fxd, met flm, 3.01K ohms ±1%, 1/4 W	
A3R26, A3R27	0687-4711	R: fxd, comp, 470 ohms $\pm 10\%$ , $1/2$ W	
A3R28	0687-1521	R: fxd, comp, 1500 ohms ±10%, 1/2 W	
A3R29	0757-0745	R: fxd, met flm, 4.32K ohms $\pm 1\%$ , 1/4 W	
A3R30	0757-0339	R: fxd, met flm, 3.01K ohms $\pm 1\%$ , 1/4 W	
A3R31	2100-0909	R: var, comp, lin, 100 ohms ±30%, 1/4 W	
A3R32	0757-0339	R: fxd, met flm, $3.01$ K ohms $\pm 1\%$ , $1/4$ W	
A3R33	0757-0761	R: fxd, met flm, 22.1K ohms $\pm 1\%$ , 1/4 W	
A3R34	2100-0908	R: var, comp, lin, $2K \pm 30\%$ , $1/4 W$	
A3R35	0757-0761	R: fxd, met flm, 22.1K ohms $\pm 1\%$ , 1/4 W	
A3R36	0757-1040	R: fxd, met flm, 50 ohms $\pm 1\%$ , 1/4 W	
A3R37	0757-0339	R: fxd, met flm, 3.01K ohms $\pm 1\%$ , 1/4 W	
A3R38	0757-1040	R: fxd, met flm, 50 ohms $\pm 1\%$ , 1/4 W	
A3R39	0757-0339	R: fxd, met flm, 3.01K ohms $\pm 1\%$ , $1/4$ W	
A3T1, A3T2	00203-86005	Transformer, driver Car Br. Subbod By Min,	140
A3T3, A3T4	00203-86004	Transformer, driver	
A4	00203-66511	Board ass'y, filter, includes: C1 thru C3 R1, R2 L1 thru L3	
A4C1, A4C2 A4C3	0140-0225 0140-0195	C: fxd, dipped mica, 300 pf $\pm 1\%$ , 300 vdcw C: fxd, dipped mica, 130 pf $\pm 5\%$ , 300 vdcw	
A4L1 thru A4L3	00203-86006	Coil, fxd, 4.5 mh	
A4R1 A4R2	0757-0744 2100-0282	R: fxd, met flm, 3.92K ohms $\pm 1\%$ , 1/4 W R: var, lin, ww, 2000 ohms $\pm 20\%$ , 1-1/2 W	
A5	00203-66511	All components same as A4	
<b>A</b> 6	00203-66504	Board ass'y, dc amplifier, includes: C1 thru C9 R1 thru R22 Q1 thru Q5	
A6C1 A6C2	0150-0012	C: fxd, cer, 0.01 $\mu$ f ±20%, 1000 vdcw	
A6C3	0150-0096 0150-0015	C: fxd, cer, $0.05 \mu$ fd +80% -20%, 100 vdcw	
A6C4	0140-0206	C: fxd, TiO <sub>2</sub> , 2.2 pf $\pm 10\%$ , 500 vdcw C: fxd, dipped mica, 270 pf $\pm 5\%$	
A6C5	0140-0208	C: fxd, cer, 0.01 $\mu$ f ±20%, 1000 vdcw	
		Not assigned	
A6C6	1		
	0140-0151		
A6C6 A6C7 A6C8	0140-0151 0150-0012	C: fxd, dipped mica, 820 pf $\pm 2\%$ , 300 vdcw C: fxd, cer, 0.01 $\mu$ f $\pm 20\%$ , 1000 vdcw	

Table 6-1.	Reference	Designation	Index	(Cont'd)
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REFERENCE DESIGNATION	🖗 STOCK NO.	DESCRIPTION	NOTE	(
A6Q1A, B A6Q2 A6Q3, A6Q4 A6Q5	$\begin{array}{c} 1854-0014\\ 1854-0033\\ 1853-0008\\ 1854-0039\\ 1205-0033\\ \end{array}$	Transistor, silicon, dual NPN silicon, special Transistor, EIA type 2N3391, NPN silicon Transistor, EIA type 2N3250, PNP silicon Transistor, EIA type, 2N3053, NPN silicon Heat sink, semiconductor (A6Q5)		
A6R1 A6R2 A6R3 A6R4 A6R5	0757-0762 0757-0768 0757-0755 0757-0772 0757-0771	R: fxd, met flm, 24. 3K ohms $\pm 1\%$ , 1/4 W R: fxd, met flm, 47. 5K ohms $\pm 1\%$ , 1/4 W R: fxd, met flm, 12. 1K ohms $\pm 1\%$ , 1/4 W R: fxd, met flm, 88. 1K ohms $\pm 1\%$ , 1/4 W R: fxd, met flm, 88. 1K ohms $\pm 1\%$ , 1/4 W R: fxd, met flm, 81. 9K ohms $\pm 1\%$ , 1/4 W		
A6R6 A6R7 A6R8 A6R9 A6R10 A6R11 A6R12, A6R13	0757-0777 0687-1061 2100-0094 0687-4731 0687-2721 0687-8221 0687-8211	R: fxd, met flm, 121K ohms ±1%, 1/4 W R: fxd, comp, 10M ohms ±10%, 1/2 W R: var, lin, comp, 50K ohms, 30%, 1/5 W R: fxd, comp, 46K ohms ±10%, 1/2 W R: fxd, comp, 2700 ohms ±10%, 1/2 W R: fxd, comp, 8200 ohms ±10%, 1/2 W R: fxd, comp, 820 ohms ±10%, 1/2 W		
A6R14, A6R15 A6R16 A6R17 A6R18 A6R19 A6R20 A6R21 A6R22	0687-1011 0687-1021 0687-4711 0699-0001 0757-0766 2100-0282 0757-0743 0757-0728	<ul> <li>R: fxd, comp, 100 ohms ±10%, 1/2 W</li> <li>R: fxd, comp, 1000 ohms ±10%, 1/2 W</li> <li>R: fxd, comp, 470 ohms ±10%, 1/2 W</li> <li>R: fxd, comp, 2.7 ohms ±10%, 1/2 W</li> <li>R: fxd, met flm, 39.2K ohms ±1%, 1/4 W</li> <li>R: var, lin, ww, 2000 ohms ±20%, 1-1/2 W</li> <li>R: fxd, met flm, 3.32K ohms ±1%, 1/4 W</li> <li>R: fxd, met flm, 619 ohms ±1%, 1/4 W</li> </ul>		
17	00203-66504	All components same as A6		
48	00203-66502	Board ass'y, square wave, includes: C1 thru C4 Q1 thru Q5 CR1 R1 thru R12 L1, L2		
A8C1 A8C2 A8C3* A8C4	0180-0105 0180-0050 0140-0039 0180-0105	C: fxd, Al elect, 50 $\mu$ f -10% +100%, 25 vdcw C: fxd, Al elect, 40 $\mu$ f -15% +100%, 50 vdcw C: fxd, dipped mica, 47 pf ±5%, 500 vdcw C: fxd, Al elect, 50 $\mu$ f -10% +100%, 25 vdcw		
8CR1	1901-0025	Diode, silicon, 50 MA at +1 v, 100 PIV, 12 pf		
8L1, A8L2	9140-0029	Coil, R. F. choke, universal wound, unshielded, 100 $\mu$ h, 2.6 ohms		
48Q1 48Q2, A8Q3 48Q4, A8Q5	1854-0033 1850-0040 1854-0039	Transistor, EIA type 2N3391, NPN silicon Transistor, PNP germanium Transistor, EIA type 2N3053, NPN silicon		
8R1, A8R2 8R3 8R4 8R5 8R6	0687-1031 0687-1531 0757-0744 0757-0740 0687-1031	R: fxd, comp, 10K ohms ±10%, 1/2 W R: fxd, comp, 15K ohms ±10%, 1/2 W R: fxd, met flm, 3.92K ohms ±1%, 1/4 W R: fxd, met flm, 2.21K ohms ±1%, 1/4 W R: fxd, comp, 10K ohms ±10%, 1/2 W		
.8R7 .8R8	0757-0741 0757-1050	R: fxd, met flm, 2.43K ohms $\pm 1\%$ , $\cdot 1/4$ W R: fxd, met flm, 150 ohms $\pm 1\%$ , $1/2$ W		6

# See introduction to this section

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Table 6-1. Refer	ence Designation	Index (	(Cont'd)	
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REFERENCE DESIGNATION	⊕ STOCK NO.	DESCRIPTION	NOTE
A8R9 A8R10 A8R11 A8R12	2100-0206 0758-0041 0757-1027 0757-0737	R: var, lin, ww, 50 ohms ±10%, 1 W R: fxd, met flm, 91 ohms ±5%, 1/2 W R: fxd, met flm, 680 ohms ±1%, 1/4 W R: fxd, met flm, 1.62K ohms ±1%, 1/4 W	
A9	00203-66502	All components same as A8	
A10	00203-68508	Board ass'y, V. F. O., includes: C1 thru C12 Q1 thru Q3 CR1 R1 thru R10 L1, L2	
A10C1 A10C2 A10C3* A10C4 A10C5	0140-0156 0140-0182 0150-0096 0140-0220	C: fxd, dipped mica, 1500 pf $\pm 2\%$ , 300 vdcw C: fxd, dipped mica, 5000 pf $\pm 2\%$ , 300 vdcw Not assigned C: fxd, cer, 0.05 $\mu$ fd $+80\%$ -20\%, 100 vdcw C: fxd, dipped mica, 200 pf $\pm 1\%$ , 300 vdcw	
A10C6 A10C7 A10C8 A10C9 A10C10	0150-0096 0140-0178 0150-0071 0150-0096 0140-0153	C: fxd, cer, 0.05 $\mu$ fd +80% -20%, 100 vdcw C: fxd, dipped mica, 560 pf ±2%, 300 vdcw C: fxd, cer, 400 pf ±5%, 500 vdcw C: fxd, cer, 0.05 $\mu$ fd +80% -20%, 100 vdcw C: fxd, mica, 1269 pf ±1%, 300 vdcw	
A10C11 A10C12	$0140-0170\ 0140-0217$	C: fxd, dipped mica, 5600 pf $\pm 5\%$ , 300 vdcw C: fxd, dipped mica, 140 pf $\pm 2\%$ , 300 vdcw	
A10CR1	1901-0040	Diode, silicon, 30 MA at +1 v, 30 PIV, 2 pf, 2 ns	
A10L1 A10L2	9140-0041 9140-0029	Coil, R. F., 2.5 mh $\pm 10\%$ Coil, R. F. choke, universal wound, unshielded, 100 $\mu$ h, 2.6 ohms	
A10Q1 A10Q2, A10Q3	1854≏0033 1854-0005	Transistor, EIA type 2N3391, NPN silicon Transistor, EIA type 2N708, NPN silicon planar	
A10R1 A10R2 A10R3 A10R4 A10R5	0758-0017 0757-0768 0757-0774 0757-0738 0757-0757	R: fxd, met flm, 1500 ohms ±5%, 1/2 W R: fxd, met flm, 47.5K ohms ±1%, 1/4 W R: fxd, met flm, 82.5K ohms ±1%, 1/4 W R: fxd, met flm, 1.82K ohms ±1%, 1/4 W R: fxd, met flm, 15K ohms ±1%, 1/4 W	
A10R6 A10R7 A10R8 A10R9 A10R10	0757-0759 0686-6225 0757-0740 0687-1031 0687-1041	R: fxd, met flm, 18.2K ohms $\pm 1\%$ , 1/4 W R: fxd, comp, 6200 ohms $\pm 5\%$ , 1/2 W R: fxd, met flm, 2.21K ohms $\pm 1\%$ , 1/4 W R: fxd, comp, 10K ohms $\pm 10\%$ , 1/2 W Not assigned.	
A11	00203-66501	Board ass'y, decade module, includes: C1 thru C17 Q1 thru Q3 CR1 thru CR3 R1 thru R11 L1, L2 T1, T2	
A11C1, A11C2 A11C3 A11C4,A11C5 A11C6,A11C7 A11C8	0150-0096 0140-0145 0140-0198 0140-0156 0150-0093	C: fxd, cer, 0.05 $\mu$ fd +80% -20%, 100 vdcw C: fxd, dipped mica, 22 pf ±5% C: fxd, dipped mica, 200 pf ±5%, 300 vdcw C: fxd, dipped mica, 1500 pf ±2%, 300 vdcw C: fxd, 0.01 $\mu$ f +80% -20%, 100 vdcw	

# See introduction to this section

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fable	6-1.	Reference	Designation	Index	(Cont'd)
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REFERENCE DESIGNATION	⊕ STOCK NO.	DESCRIPTION	NOTE	(
A11C9 A11C10 A11C11 A11C12 A11C12 A11C13	0140-0224 0140-0151 0160-0179 0140-0192 0140-0218	C: fxd, dipped mica, 280 pf $\pm 1\%$ , 300 vdcw C: fxd, dipped mica, 820 pf $\pm 2\%$ , 300 vdcw C: fxd, dipped mica, 33 pf $\pm 5\%$ , 300 vdcw C: fxd, dipped mica, 68 pf $\pm 5\%$ , 300 vdcw C: fxd, dipped mica, 160 pf $\pm 2\%$ , 300 vdcw		
A11C14 A11C15 A11C16 A11C17	0140-0152 0140-0154 0150-0093 0140-0195	C: fxd, mica, 1000 pf $\pm 5\%$ , 300 vdcw C: fxd, dipped mica, 1300 pf $\pm 5\%$ , 500 vdcw C: fxd, 0.01 $\mu$ f $+80\%$ -20%, 100 vdcw C: fxd, dipped mica, 130 pf $\pm 5\%$ , 300 vdcw		
A11CR1, A11CR2 A11CR3	1910-0016 1901-0040	Diode, germanium, 100 MA at +0.85 v, 60 v working Diode, silicon, 30 MA at +1 v, 30 P1V, 2 pf, 2 ns		
A11L1 A11L2	00203-86001 00203-8600 <b>2</b>	Coil, var Coil, var		
A11Q1 thru A11Q3	1854-0005	Transistor, EIA type 2N708, NPN silicon planar		
A11R1 A11R2 thru A11R4	$\begin{array}{c} 0687 - 1021 \\ 0687 - 4721 \end{array}$	R: fxd, comp, 1000 ohms ±10%, 1/2 W R: fxd, comp, 4700 ohms ±10%, 1/2 W		
A11R5, A11R6 A11R7 A11R8	0757-0761 0687-1031 0687-4721	R: fxd, met flm, 22.1K ohms ±1%, 1/4 W R: fxd, comp, 10K ohms ±10%, 1/2 W R: fxd, comp, 4700 ohms ±10%, 1/2 W		
A11R9 A11R10 A11R11	0687-2221 0687-1031 0687-1051	R: fxd, comp, 2200 ohms ±10%, 1/2 W R: fxd, comp, 10K ohms ±10%, 1/2 W R: fxd, comp, 1M ohms ±10%, 1/2 W		
A11T1 A11T2	00203-84202 00203-84201	Transformer, tuned Transformer, tuned		
A12 thru A16	<sup>.</sup> 00203-66501	All components same as A11		
A17, A18		Optional		
A19, A20		Not assigned		
A21	00203-66510	Board ass'y, rectifier, includes: C1, C2 R1 CR1 thru CR4		
A21C1 A21C2*	0130-0017 0140-0054	C: var, cer, 8 - 50 pf C: fxd, cer, 100 pf ±5%, 500 vdcw		
A21CR1 thru A21CR4	1901-0028	Diode, silicon, rectifier, 400 PIV, 0.75 amp		
A21R1	0761-0022	R: fxd, met oxide flm, 620 ohms $\pm 5\%$ , 1 W		
A22	00203-66505	Board ass'y, power supply, includes: C1 thru C15 Q1 thru Q6 CR1 thru CR5 R1 thru R21		
A22C1 A22C2*	0160-0127	Not assigned C: fxd, cer, 1.0 $\mu$ f ±20%, 25 vdcw		E

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Table 6-1. Refe	rence Designation	Index (Cont'd)
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REFERENCE DESIGNATION	@ STOCK NO.	DESCRIPTION	NOTE
A22C3	0180-0114	C: fxd, Al elect, $4 \mu f + 100\% - 10\%$ , 25 vdcw	
A22C4	0180-0039	C: fxd, elect, $100 \ \mu f$ , $12 \ vdcw$	l
A22C5	0180-0050	C: fxd, Al elect, 40 $\mu$ f -15% +100%, 50 vdcw	1
A22C6	0150-0096	C: fxd, cer, 0.05 $\mu$ fd, +80% -20%, 100 vdcw	
A22C7	0180-0224	C: fxd, Al elect, 10 $\mu$ f -10% +75%, 15 vdcw	
A22C8	0180-0105	C: fxd, Al elect, 50 $\mu$ f -10% +100%, 25 vdcw	
A22C9	0180-0094	C: fxd, Al elect, 100 $\mu$ f -10% +100%, 25 vdcw	
			1
A22C10	0150-0096	C: fxd, cer, 0.05 $\mu$ fd +80% -20%, 100 vdcw	1
A22C11	0160-0127	C: fxd, cer, 1.0 $\mu$ f $\pm 20\%$ , 25 vdcw	
A22C12*	0150-0096	C: fxd, cer, 0.05 $\mu$ fd +80 $\%$ -20 $\%$ , 100 vdcw	
A22C13	0180-0105	C: fxd, Al elect, 50 $\mu$ f -10% +100%, 25 vdcw	
A22C14	0150-0096	C: fxd, cer, 0.05 $\mu$ fd +80% -20%, 100 vdcw	
A22C15	0180-0094	C: fxd, Al elect, 100 $\mu$ f -10% +100%, 25 vdcw	
	0100-0094	C: 1xu, AI elect, 100 $\mu$ I -10% +100%, 25 VdCw	
A22 CR	1902-0761	Diode, breakdown, EIA type 1N821, 5.9 to 6.5 v	
A22CR2, A22CR3	1901-0025	Diode, silicon, 50 MA at $+1$ v, 100 PIV, 12 pf	
A22CR3 A22CR4,	1901-0028	Diede gilieen neetilien 400 pur 0.55	
A22CR4, A22CR5	1001-0040	Diode, silicon, rectifier, 400 PIV, 0.75 amp	
A22Q1	1854-0039	Transistor FIA tuna 9119059 NEW allege	
v I	1	Transistor, EIA type 2N3053, NPN silicon	
A22Q2 thru	1850-0040	Transistor, PNP germanium	
A22Q4			
A22Q5	1854-0039	Transistor, EIA type 2N3053, NPN silicon	
A22Q6	1851-0017	Transistor, EIA type 2N1304, NPN germanium	
A22R1, A22R2	0687-4721	$D_{1} = \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2$	
		R: fxd, comp, 4700 ohms $\pm 10\%$ , $1/2$ W	
A22R3	0699-0002	R: fxd, comp, 6.8 ohms $\pm 10\%$ , $1/2$ W	
A22R4	0757-0732	R: fxd, met flm, 909 ohms $\pm 1\%$ , 1/4 W	
A22R5	0757-0736	R: fxd, met flm, 1.5K ohms $\pm 1\%$ , 1/4 W	
A22R6	0687-2231	R: fxd, comp, 22K ohms $\pm 10\%$ , $1/2$ W	
A22R7	0687-2711		
1		R: fxd, comp, 270 ohms $\pm 10\%$ , $1/2$ W	
A22R8	0687-1821	R: fxd, comp, 1800 ohms $\pm 10^{\circ}$ , $1/2$ W	
A22R9	0757-0734	R: fxd, met fIm, 1.21K ohms ±1%, 1/4 W	
A22R10	0687-1011	R: fxd, comp, 100 ohms $\pm 10\%$ , 1/2 W	
A22R11 ·	0757-0724	R: fxd, met flm, 392 ohms $\pm 1^{6}$ , $1/4$ W	
A22R12	2100-0281	R: var, lin, ww, 100 ohms $\pm 20\%$ , $1-1/2$ W	
A22R13			
M22R13	0757-1033	R: fxd, met flm, 200 ohms $\pm 0.5\%$ , $1/4$ W	
A22R14	0757-0730	R: fxd, met flm, 750 ohms $\pm 1\%$ , 1/4 W	
A22R15	0687-3311	R: fxd, comp, 330 ohms $\pm 10\%$ , $1/2$ W	
A22R16	0687-1531		
		R: fxd, comp, 15K ohms $\pm 10\%$ , $1/2$ W	
A22R17	-687-4721	R: fxd, comp, 4700 ohms $\pm 10\%$ , $1/2$ W	1
A22R18	0687-1531	R: fxd, comp, 15K ohms $\pm 10\%$ , $1/2$ W	1
A22R19	0687-1011	R: fxd, comp, 100 ohms $\pm 10\%$ , $1/2$ W	1
A22R20	2100-0281	R: var, lin, ww, 100 ohms $\pm 10\%$ , 1/2 W	
A22R21	0757-0730	R: fxd, met flm, 750 ohms $\pm 20\%$ , 1-1/2 w R: fxd, met flm, 750 ohms $\pm 1\%$ , 1/4 W	
	0101-0100	$x_{1}$ interim, 100 oning $\pm 1/0$ , $1/4$ w	
A23, A24		Not assigned	
A25	00203-64201	Phase shifter, includes:	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		C1 thru C3	
A25C1	0130-0015	$C_{1}$ was can $Q_{-}50$ of	
1	1	C: var, cer, $9-50$ pf	
A25C2, A25C3	0160-3132	C: fxd, cer, 200 pf $\pm 10\%$ , 500 vdcw	
C1, C2	0180-0056	C: fxd, elect, 1000 $\mu$ f, 50 vdcw.	
C3	0170-0022	C: fxd, mylar, 0.1 $\mu$ f $\pm 20\%$ , 600 vdcw	1

\*Average value shown, optimum value selected at factory

# See introduction to this section

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Table	6-1.	Reference	Designation	Index	(Cont'd)
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REFERENCE DESIGNATION	De STOCK NO.	DESCRIPTION	NOTE	(
C4	0160-0151	C: fxd, cer, 4700pf -20% +80% 4000vdcw		
C5 C6 thru <b>C1</b> 0	0160-0151	C: fxd, cer, 4700pf -20% +80% 4000vdcw		
C11	0121-0117	Not assigned C: var, air, 12.5 to 86.9 pf		
C12*	0160-0378	C: $var$ , $an$ , $12.5$ to 86.9 pl C: fxd, dipped mica, 27 pf $\pm 5\%$ , 500 vdcw		
C13	0160-0905	C: fxd, cer, 33 pf $\pm 2\%$ , 600 vdcw		
C14	0140-0225	C: fxd, dipped mica, 300 pf $\pm 1\%$ , 300 vdcw		
C15	0121-0007	C: var, air, 3.6 pf to 26 pf, single sect		
DS1	2140-0058	Lamp, incandescent, 10 v at 0.040 amps		
F1	2110-0202	Fuse, 500mA for 230V operation		
J1	2110-0312 1251 0148	Fuse, 1A for 115V operation		
	1251-0148	Connector, power, receptacle, 3 pin male recessed chassis mounting		
J2 thru J5	0340-0086	Insulator, BP double, without locating key		
	0340-0090	Insulator, BP, with locating key		
	1510-0006	Binding post, black, without solder turret		
L1	1510-0007 9140-0231	Binding post, red, without solder turret		
L1 L2	9140-0231 9140-0230	Coil, adjustable, inductance, 10.8 to 18.7 $\mu$ h Coil, fxd, inductance, 290 $\mu$ h $\pm 1\%$		
L3, L4	9140-0115	Coil, fxd, inductance, 290 $\mu$ h $\pm 1\%$ Coil, fxd R. F., 22 $\mu$ h $\pm 10\%$		
MP1	1500-0002	Yoke, coupler, for $1/4$ " shaft, p/o flexible coupler,		
1400		keyed and staked		
MP2 MP2	5040-0212	Insulator, flex coupling		1
MP3 MP4	5060-0021	Gear, ass'y		
MP4 MP5	5000-0637 5060-0020	Spring, thrust, vernier drive		(
MP5 MP6	5020-0233	Gear, ass'y, with coupling hub		
MP7	5020-0345	Collar and stop, dial hub Shaft, pin dowel		
MP8	5020-0641	Shaft, spur gear		
MP9	5020-0639	Bearing, cap drive machine casting		
MP10	5020-0630	Hub, dial		
MP11	5040-0607	Disc ass'y, vernier drive		
Q1, Q2	1850-0038	Transistor, 2N301, PNP, germanium		
Q3	1850-0095	Transistor type 2N297A power, PNP germanium		
R1 R2, R3	0761-0054	R: fxd, met flm, 330 ohms $\pm 5\%$ , 1 W		
R2, R3 R4, R5	0768-0001 0764-0063	R: fxd, met, 1000 ohms $\pm 10\%$ , 3 W		
R6	2100-0113	R: fxd, met flm, 620 ohms $\pm 5\%$ , 2 W R: var, comp, dual tandem, 2 W		1
R7, R8	0757-0728	R: var, comp, dual tandem, 2 w R: fxd, met flm, 619 ohms $\pm 1\%$ , 1/4 W		
R9	2100-0113	R: var, comp, dual tandem, 2 W		
R10, R11	0757-0728	R: fxd, met flm, 619 ohms $\pm 1\%$ , 1/4 W		
R12	2100-0113	R: var, comp, dual tandem, 2 W		
R13, R14	0757-0728	R: fxd, met flm, 619 ohms $\pm 1\%$ , 1/4 W		
R15	2100-0113	R: var, comp, dual tandem, 2 W	]	
R16, R17	0757-0728	R: fxd; met flm, 619 ohms $\pm 1\%$ , 1/4 W		
S1A, B, C	3100-0841	Switch, multiplier		
S1C1, S1C2	0160-0170	C: fxd, cer, 0.22 $\mu$ f +80% -20%, 25 vdcw		
S2	3101-1248	Switch, pushbutton		
S3	310 <b>1-</b> 12 <b>3</b> 4	Switch, slide		
T1	9100-0293	Transformer, power		G
W1	8120-1348	Cable ass'y, power	·	

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Table 6-1.	Reference Designation Index	(Cont'd)
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REFERENCE DESIGNATION	🖗 STOCK NO.	DESCRIPTION	NOTE
		MISCELLANEOUS	
	61B-40D-4 120A-47A 0340-0090 0370-0025 0370-0112	Plate, freq, dial Spacer, binding post Insulator, BP, with locating key Knob, amplitude and frequency vernier Knob, skirted bar, black, for 1/4" diam shaft	
	0370-0160 1200-0043 1200-0081 1251-0135	(multiplier) Knob (frequency dial) Insulator, transistor, mtg, anodized Al plate (Q1, Q2, Q3) Insulator, bushing nylon (Q1, Q2, Q3) Connector, printed circuit, 15 tuning fork type contacts, terminal type B	
	1251-2357	Connector, power, receptacle, 3 pin male	
	1251-1031	Connector, printed circuit, 6 tuning fork type contacts, terminal 1, style d; 2 thru 6, style b	
	1251-0475	Connector, printed circuit, 6 tuning fork type contacts, terminal type B	
	1400-0084	Body, fuseholder	
	1410-0052 1460-0114 1490-0030 1500-0004	Bushing, cal adjust potentiometer, 0.435" OD x 0.438" Ig Spring, gear assembly Stand, tilt, stainless steel rod 0.188" diam	
	1500-0005 1510-0006 1510-0007 1520-0001	Coupler, cal adjust insulator, 1/2" diam x 7/32" lg, nylon Coupler, cal adjust hub, fits 1/4" diam shaft, nickel plated Binding Post, black, without solder turret Binding Post, red, without solder turret	
	5000-0051 5000-0732 5000-0733	Plate, mounting, bakelite, oval shape (C1, C2) Plate, fluted Al Rear side cover, 5 x 11 FM Front side cover, 5 x 11 FM	
	5020-0241 5040-0619 5060-0222	Support, long res bd Indicator, freq dial Handle ass'y, side	
	5060-0625 5060-0731 5060-0739 5060-0751	Ass'y, connector Frame ass'y, 5 x 11 FM Top cover ass'y, 11L FM Bottom cover ass'y, 11L FM	
	5060-0766 5060-0767	Retainer, 5H handle Foot ass'y, FM	
	9211-0248	Carton, corrugated, 20-1/8" lg x 16-3/4" wd x 10-1/2" deep x 350 lb test	
	9223-0040 00203-00101 00203-00211	Foam, poly, 10-3/4" lg x 4" wd Chassis, main Panel, front	
	00203~00212	Panel, rear	
A17	00203-00213 00203-66501	ADDITIONAL PARTS FOR 203A OPTION:01 Panel, front Board, decade module	
		ADDITIONAL PARTS FOR 203A OPTION:02	
A17, A18	00203-00214 00203-66501	Panel, front Board, decade module	

Table	6-2.	Replaceable	Parts	
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h Stock No.	Description	Mfr.	Mfr. Part No.	ТQ		] (
61B-40D-4 120A-47A	Plate, freq dial Spacer, binding post	28480 28480	61B-40D-4 120A-47A			
0121-0007 0121-0117	C: var, air, 3.6 pf to 26 pf, single sect C: var, air, 12.5 to 86.9 pf	80486 77630	CT2-0-25L 882758	1		
0130-0015	C: var, cer, 9-50 pf	72982	3192-000-U2PO-	1		
0130-0017 0131-0003	C: var, cer, 8-50 pf C: var, mica, single sect, 170 - 180 pf, 175 vdcw	72982 72136	47R 557-019-U2PO-34R T52910	1		
0140-0054 0140-0145 0140-0151 0140-0152 0140-0153	C: fxd, molded mica, 10 pf $\pm 10\%$ C: fxd, dipped mica, 22 pf $\pm 5\%$ C: fxd, dipped mica, 820 pf $\pm 2\%$ , 300 vdcw C: fxd, mica, 1000 pf $\pm 5\%$ , 300 vdcw C: fxd, mica, 1269 pf $\pm 1\%$ , 300 vdcw	$\begin{array}{r} 04062\\ 04062\\ 14655\\ 04062\\ 14655\end{array}$	RCM15E101K RDM15C220J5C obd# DM16F102J CD20F1269F	1 9 10 2		
0140-0154 0140-0156 0140-0157	C: fxd, dipped mica, 1300 pf ±5%, 500 vdcw C: fxd, dipped mica, 1500 pf ±2%, 300 vdcw C: fxd, dipped mica, 1857 pf ±1%, 500 vdcw	14655 00853 14655	obd# obd# obd#	8 13 1		
$\begin{array}{c} 0140-0161\\ 0140-0170\\ 0140-0176\\ 0140-0178\\ 0140-0182\\ 0140-0192\\ 0140-0195\\ 0140-0195\\ 0140-0198\\ 0140-0201 \end{array}$	C: fxd, dipped mica, $3932 \text{ pf} \pm 1\%$ , $300 \text{ vdcw}$ C: fxd, dipped mica, $5600 \text{ pf} \pm 5\%$ , $300 \text{ vdcw}$ C: fxd, dipped mica, $100 \text{ pf} \pm 2\%$ . $300 \text{ vdcw}$ C: fxd, dipped mica, $560 \text{ pf} \pm 2\%$ , $300 \text{ vdcw}$ C: fxd, dipped mica, $5000 \text{ pf} \pm 2\%$ , $300 \text{ vdcw}$ C: fxd, dipped mica, $68 \text{ pf} \pm 5\%$ , $300 \text{ vdcw}$ C: fxd, dipped mica, $130 \text{ pf} \pm 5\%$ , $300 \text{ vdcw}$ C: fxd, dipped mica, $200 \text{ pf} \pm 5\%$ . $300 \text{ vdcw}$ C: fxd, dipped mica, $12 \text{ pf} \pm 5\%$ , $500 \text{ vdcw}$	14655 00853 00853 00853 00853 00853 00853 00853 00853 00853	obd# obd# obd# obd# obd# obd# obd# obd#	$2 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 3 \\ 1 \\ 6 \\ 12 \\ 12 \\ 12 \\ 1 \\ 1$		(
0140-0204 0140-0206 0140-0207	C: fxd, dipped mica, 47 pf $\pm 5\%$ , 500 vdcw C: fxd, dipped mica, 270 pf $\pm 5\%$ , 500 vdcw C: fxd, dipped mica, 330 pf $\pm 5\%$ , 500 vdcw	00853 00853 00853	obd# obd# obd#	1 2 1		
0140-0208 0140-0217 0140-0218 0140-0220	C: fxd, dipped mica, 680 pf $\pm 5\%$ , 300 vdcw C: fxd, dipped mica, 140 pf $\pm 2\%$ , 300 vdcw C: fxd, dipped mica, 160 pf $\pm 2\%$ , 300 vdcw C: fxd, dipped mica, 200 pf $\pm 1\%$ , 300 vdcw	$\begin{array}{c} 00853 \\ 14655 \\ 00853 \\ 00853 \end{array}$	obd⊀ obd∜ obd# obd#	1 2 6 1		
0140-0224 0140-0225	C: fxd. dipped mica, 280 pf $\pm 1\%$ , 300 vdcw C: fxd, dipped mica, 300 pf $\pm 1\%$ , 300 vdcw	$\begin{array}{c} 00853 \\ 14655 \end{array}$	obd# obd#	6 5		
0150-0012 0150-0015	C: fxd, cer, 0.01 $\mu$ f ±20%, 1000 vdcw C: fxd, TiO <sub>2</sub> , 2.2 pf ±10%, 500 vdcw	71590 82142	13 C Disc type JM	9 2		
0150-0047 0150-0069 0150-0071	C: fxd, TiO <sub>2</sub> , 6.8 pf $\pm 10\%$ , 500 vdcw C: fxd, cer, 0.001 $\mu$ f $\pm 100\%$ -20%, 500 vdcw C: fxd, cer, 400 pf $\pm 5\%$ , 500 vdcw	82142 72982 56289	type JM obd# #801-010x5G0102Z 19C formulation	2 1 3		
0150-0093	C: fxd, 0.01 $\mu$ f +80% -20%, 100 vdcw	91418	28 TA obd#	14		
0150-0096* 0150-0115	C: fxd, cer, 0.05 $\mu$ fd +80% -20%, 100 vdcw · C: fxd, cer, 27 pf ±10%, 500 vdcw	94145 72982	type TA 301-000-U2JO- 270K	34 1		
0160-0127* 0160-0147 0160-0151	C: fxd, cer, 1.0 $\mu$ f ±20%, 25 vdcw C: fxd, dipped mica, 2500 pf ±2%, 300vdcw C: fxd, cer, 4700pf -20% +80%, 4000vdcw	56289 00853	5C13 obd#	4 1 2		
0160-0170 0160-0174 0160-0179	C: fxd, cer, 0.22 µf +80% -20%, 25vdcw C: fxd, cer, 0.47 µf +80% -20%, 25vdcw C: fxd, dipped mica, 33pf ±5%, 300vdcw	56289 56289 00853	5C9A 5C11A obd#	2 8 6		E

\* Average value shown, optimum value selected at factory # See introduction to this section

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Stock No.	Description	Mfr.	Mfr. Part No.	ΤQ	
0160-0182 0160-0217 0160-3132	C: fxd, dipped mica, 47 pf $\pm 5\%$ , 300 vdcw C: fxd, dipped mica, 2300 pf $\pm 1\%$ C: fxd, cer, 200 pf $\pm 10\%$ , 500 vdcw	00853 04062 71590	obd# RDM20F232F3C Type CC32, TCN-	1 1 4	
0160-0905	C: fxd, cer, 33 pf $\pm 2\%$ , 600 vdcw	7 <b>1</b> 590	200 CC20 33pf ±2% N750	1	
0170-0022	C: fxd, mylar, 0.1 $\mu$ f ±20%, 600 vdcw	56289	148P175A	1	
0180-0039 0180-0050 0180-0056 0180-0059	C: fxd, elect, 100 $\mu$ f, 12 vdcw C: fxd, Al elect, 40 $\mu$ f -15% +100%. 50 vdcw C: fxd, elect, 1000 $\mu$ f, 50 vdcw C: fxd, elect, 10 $\mu$ f -10% +100%, 25 vdcw	56289 56289 56289 56289 56289	D32697 D32538 D32429 30D106G025BB4	1 3 2 2	
0180-0094 0180-0105 0180-0114 0180-0224	C: fxd, Al elect, 100 $\mu$ f -10% +100%, 25 vdcw C: fxd, Al elect, 50 $\mu$ f -10% +100%, 25 vdcw C: fxd, Al elect, 4 $\mu$ f +100% -10%, 25 vdcw C: fxd, Al elect, 10 $\mu$ f -10% +75%, 15 vdcw	56289 56289 56289 56289 56289	<b>30D107G025</b> DH4 D34114 30D405′3025BA4 30D106G015BA4	2 6 1	
0340-0086 0340-0090	Insulator, BP Double, without locating key Insulator, BP, with locating key	$28480 \\ 28480$	0340-0086 0340-0090	4 5	
0370-0025 0370-0112	Knob, amplitude and frequency vernier Knob. skirted bar, black, for 1/4'' diam shaft (multiplier)	28480 28480	0370-0025 0370-0112	1 1	
0370-0160	(nutriplier) Knob ( frequency multiplier)	28480	0370-0160	1	
0410-0009	Crystal unit, quartz, 5 mc, 2 pins on bottom	0000Y	obd#	1	
0683-4715 0686-6225	R: fxd, comp, 470 ohms, ±5%, 1/4 W R: fxd, comp, 6200 ohms ±5%, 1/2 W	01121 01121	CB4715 EB-6225	1	
3687-1011 0687-1021 0687-1031	R: fxd, comp, 100 ohms ±10%, 1/2 W R: fxd, comp, 1000 ohms ±10%, 1/2 W R: fxd, comp, 10 K ohms ±10%, 1/2 W	01121 01121 01121	#EB1011 #EB1021 #EB1031	6 9 23	
0687-1051 0687-1061 0687-1231 0687-1521	<ul> <li>R: fxd, comp, 1 M ohms ±10%, 1/2 W</li> <li>R: fxd, comp, 10 M ohms ±10%, 1/2 W</li> <li>R: fxd, comp, 12 K ohms ±10%, 1/2 W</li> <li>R: fxd, comp, 1500 ohms ±10%, 1/2 W</li> </ul>	01121 01121 01121 01121 01121	#EB1051 #EB1061 #EB1231 #EB1521	6 2 1 6	
0687-1531 0687-1821 0687-2221 0687-2231	<ul> <li>R: fxd, comp, 15 K ohms ±10%. 1/2 W</li> <li>R: fxd, comp, 1800 ohms ±10%, 1/2 W</li> <li>R: fxd, comp, 2200 ohms ±10%, 1/2 W</li> <li>R: fxd, comp, 22 K ohms ±10%, 1/2 W</li> </ul>	01121 01121 01121 01121 01121	#EB1531 #EB1821 #EB2221 #EB2231	4 1 9 1	
0687-2711 0687-2721 0687-3311 0687-3921	R: fxd, comp, 270 ohms $\pm 10\%$ , $1/2$ W R: fxd, comp, 2700 ohms $\pm 10\%$ , $1/2$ W R: fxd, comp, 330 ohms $\pm 10\%$ , $1/2$ W R: fxd, comp, 3900 ohms $\pm 10\%$ , $1/2$ W	01121 01121 01121 01121 01121	#EB2711 #EB2721 #EB3311 #EB3921	1 2 1 1	
0687-4701 0687-4711 0687-4721 0687-4731	R: fxd, comp, 47 ohms ±10%, 1/2 W R: fxd, comp, 470 ohms ±10%, 1/2 W R: fxd, comp, 4700 ohms ±10%, 1/2 W R: fxd, comp, 47 K ohms ±10%, 1/2 W	01121 01121 01121 01121 01121	#EB4701 #EB4711 #EB4721 #EB4731	1 8 31 4	
0687-5621 0687-6811 0687-8211 0687-8221	R: fxd, comp. 5600 ohms ±10%, 1/2 W R: fxd, comp, 680 ohms ±10%, 1/2 W R: fxd, comp, 820 ohms ±10%, 1/2 W R: fxd, comp, 8200 ohms ±10%, 1/2 W	01121 01121 01121 01121	# <b>EB5621</b> <b>EB6811</b> #EB8211 #EB8221	1 2 4 2	
0699-0001 0699-0002	R: fxd, comp, 2. 7 ohms $\pm 10\%$ , $1/2$ W R: fxd, comp, 6. 8 ohms $\pm 10\%$ , $1/2$ W	01121 01121	EB-27G1 EB 68G1	2 1	
0757-0339 0757-0715	R: fxd, met flm, 3.01 K ohms ±1%, 1/4 W R: fxd, met flm, 150 ohms ±1%, 1/4 W	19701 75042	MF6C T-O obd# CEB T-O obd#	8 2	

Table 6-2. Replaceable Parts (Cont'd)

Table 6-2. Replaceable Parts (Cont'd)

🖗 Stock No.	Description	Mfr.	Mfr. Part No.	ΤQ	T	<u> </u>	1
0757-0724 0757-0728 0757-0730 0757-0732	R: fxd, met flm, 392 ohms ±1%, 1/4 W R: fxd, met flm, 619 ohms ±1%, 1/4 W R: fxd, met flm, 750 ohms ±1%, 1/4 W R: fxd, met flm, 909 ohms ±1%, 1/4 W	75042 75042 75042	CEB T-O obd# CEB T-O obd# CEB T-O obd#	1 10 2			
0757-0732 0757-0734 0757-0736 0757-0737 0757-0738	R: fxd, met flm, $1.21$ K ohms $\pm 1\%$ , $1/4$ W R: fxd, met flm, $1.21$ K ohms $\pm 1\%$ , $1/4$ W R: fxd, met flm, $1.5$ K ohms $\pm 1\%$ , $1/4$ W R: fxd, met flm, $1.62$ K ohms $\pm 1\%$ , $1/4$ W R: fxd, met flm, $1.82$ K ohms $\pm 1\%$ , $1/4$ W	75042 75042 75042 75042 75042 75042	CEB T-O obd# CEB T-O obd# CEB T-O obd# CEB T-O obd# CEB T-O obd#	1 1 3 2 1			
0757-0740 0757-0741 0757-0743 0757-0744	R: fxd, met flm, 2. 21 K ohms $\pm 1\%$ , 1/4 W R: fxd, met flm, 2. 43 K ohms $\pm 1\%$ , 1/4 W R: fxd, met flm, 3. 32 K ohms $\pm 1\%$ , 1/4 W R: fxd, met flm, 3. 92 K ohms $\pm 1\%$ , 1/4 W	75042 75042 75042 75042	CEB T-O obd# CEB T-O obd# CEB T-O obd# CEB T-O obd#	3 2 4 4			
0757-0745 0757-0755 0757-0757 0757-0759	R: fxd, met flm, 4. 32 K ohms ±1%, 1/4 W R: fxd, met flm, 12.1 K ohms ±1%, 1/4 W R: fxd, met flm, 15 K ohms ±1%, 1/4 W R: fxd, met flm, 18.2 K ohms ±1%, 1/4 W	75042 75042 75042 75042	CEB T-O obd# CEB T-O obd# CEB T-O obd# CEB T-O obd#	2 2 1 1			
0757-0761 0757-0762 0757-0766 0757-0768	R: fxd, met flm, 22. 1 K ohms $\pm 1\%$ , 1/4 W R: fxd, met flm, 24. 3 K ohms $\pm 1\%$ , 1/4 W R: fxd, met flm, 39. 2 K ohms $\pm 1\%$ , 1/4 W R: fxd, met flm, 47.5 K ohms $\pm 1\%$ , 1/4 W	75042 75042 75042 75042	CEB T-O obd# CEB T-O obd# CEB T-O obd# CEB T-O obd#	16 2 2 3			
0757-0771 0757-0772 0757-0774 0757-0777	R: fxd, met flm, 61.9 K ohms ±1%, 1/4 W R: fxd, met flm, 68.1 K ohms ±1%, 1/4 W R: fxd, met flm, 82.5 K ohms ±1%, 1/4 W R: fxd, met flm, 121 K ohms ±1%, 1/4 W	75042 75042 75042 75042	CEB T-O obd# CEB T-O obd# CEB T-O obd# CEB T-O obd#	2 2 1 2			
0757-1027 0757-1032 0757-1033 0757-1040 0757-1050	<ul> <li>R: fxd, met flm, 680 ohms ±1%, 1/4 W</li> <li>R: fxd, met flm, 100 ohms ±0.5%, 1/4 W</li> <li>R: fxd, met flm, 200 ohms ±0.5%, 1/4 W</li> <li>R: fxd, met flm, 50 ohms ±1%, 1/4 W</li> <li>R: fxd, met flm, 150 ohms ±1%, 1/2 W</li> </ul>	75042 75042 75042 75042 75042 19701	CEB obd# CEB T-O obd# CEB T-O obd# CEB T-O obd# MF7C T-2	2 1 1 4 2			(
0758-0017 0758-0041	R: fxd, met flm, 1500 ohms ±5%, 1/2 W R: fxd, met flm, 91 ohms ±5%, 1/2 W	07115 07115	C20 C20	1 2			
0761-0022 0761-0054 0764-006 <b>3</b> 0768-0001	R: fxd, met flm, 620 ohms $\pm 5\%$ , 1 W R: fxd, met flm, 330 ohms $\pm 5\%$ , 1 W R: fxd, met flm, 620 ohms $\pm 5\%$ , 2 W R: fxd, met, 1000 ohms $\pm 10\%$ , 3 W	07115 07115 28480 76055	C32 C32 0764-0063 3MOL	1 1 2 2			
1200-0043	Insulator, transistor, mtg, anodized Al plate (Q1, Q2, Q3)	28480	1200-0043	3			
1200-0081	Insulator, bushing, nylon (Q1, Q2, Q3)	26365	974 Special	6			
1205-0033 1251-0135	Heat dissipater, semiconductor (A6Q5) Connector, printed circuit, 15 tuning fork	28480 000XX	1205-0033 SD 615 UR	1			
1251-2357	type contacts, terminal type B Connector, power	00022	5D 015 UK	5 1			
1251-0475	Connector, printed circuit, 6 tuning fork type	0 <b>2</b> 660	143-006-08(109)	13			
1251-1031	contacts, terminal type B Connector, printed circuit, 6 tuning fork type contacts, terminal 1, styled; 2 thru 6, style b	000 <b>XX</b>	SD-606UR-TS1	1			
1400-0084 1410-0052	Body, fuseholder Bushing, potentiometer, 0.435" OD x 0.438" 1g	<b>28</b> 480	1410-0052	1			
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Table 6-2. Replacea	ble Parts	(Cont'd)
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@ Stock No.	Description	Mfr.	Mfr. Part No.	TQ	
1490-0030	Stand, tilt, stainless steel rod 0.188" diam	91260	obd#	1	-
1500-0002	Yoke, coupler, for 1/4" shaft, p/o flexible	76487	obd#	2	
1500-0004	coupler, keyed and staked Coupler, insulator, 1/2" diam x 7/32" lg, nylon	99934	obd#	1	
1500-0005	Coupler, hub, fits 1/4" diam shaft, nickel plated	99934	obd#	2	
1510-0006 1510-0007 1520-0001	Binding Post, black, without solder turret Binding Post, red, without solder turret Plate, mounting, bakelite, oval shape (C1, C2)	28480 28480 56137	1510-0006 1510-0007 Grade XP	5 5 2	
1850-0038 1850-0040 1850-0095	Transistor, 2N301, PNP germanium Transistor, PNP germanium Transistor, type 2N297A power, PNP germa- nium	28480 28480 16758	1850-0039 1850-0040 2N297A	5 7 1	
1851-0017 1853-0008 1853-0009 1853-0016	Transistor, EIA type 2N1304, NPN germanium Transistor, EIA type 2N3250, PNP silicon Transistor, PNP silicon Transistor, 2N3638, PNP silicon	01295 04713 04713 28480	2N1304 2N3250 SM3197 1853-0016	1 4 2 5	
1854-0005 1854-0014	Transistor, EIA type 2N708, NPN silicon planar	86684	2N708	26	
1804-0014	Transistor, silicon, dual NPN silicon, special	00872	SA2015	4	
1854-0033 1854-0039	Transistor, EIA type 2N3391, NPN silicon Transistor, EIA type 2N3053, NPN silicon	24446 86684	obd# 2N2270	16 10	
1901-0025 1901-0026 1901-0040	Diode, silicon, 50 MA at +1 v, 100 PIV, 12 pf Diode, silicon, rectifier, 200 PIV, 0.5 amp Diode, silicon, 30 MA at +1 v, 30 PIV, 2 pf, 2 ns	03877 14099 03877	SG-817 SA783 SG5050	4 4 11	
1901-0049	Diode, silicon, rectifier, 50 PIV, 0.5 amp	86684	34934	2	
1902-0761	Diode, breakdown, EIA type 1N821, 5.9 to 6.5 v, $0.01\%/^{\circ}C$	03877	1N821	1	10
1910-0016	Diode, germanium, 100 MA at +0.85 v, 60 v working	11711	GD 150	12	
2100-0094 2100-0113 2100-0206 2100-0281	R: var, lin, comp, 50 K ohms, 30%, $1/5$ W R: var, comp, 2 W, dual tendem R: var, lin, ww, 50 ohms $\pm 10\%$ , 1 W R: var, lin, ww, 100 ohms $\pm 20\%$ , $1-1/2$ W	28480 01121 11236 11236	2100-0094 JJ59160 Series 110 Series 110	2 4 2 2	
2100-0282 2100-0908 2100-0909 2110-0202 2110-0312 2140-0058 3100-0841	R: 7ar, lin, ww, 2000 ohms $\pm 20\%$ , 1-1/2 W R: var, comp, lin, 2 K $\pm 30\%$ , 1/4 W R: var, comp, lin, 100 ohms $\pm 30\%$ , 1/4 W Fuse, 500mA Fuse, 1A Lamp, incandescent, 10v at 0.040 amps Switch, Multiplier	11236 76055 76055 94154 76854	Series 110 MTC-1 obd# MTC-1 obd# 367 obd#	5 2 1 1 1 3	
3101-1234	Switch, slide	10004	obu <sub>n</sub>	1	
3101-1248	Switch, pushbutton			1	
5000-0051 5000-0637 5000-8597 5000-8599	Plate, fluted Al Spring, thrust Rear side cover, 5 x 11 FM Front side cover, 5 x 11 FM	28480 28480 28480 28480	5000-0051 5000-0637 5000-8597 5000-8599	1 1 1 1	
5020-0233 5020-0241 5020-0345 5020-0630	Collar Support, long res bd Pin, dowell Hub, dial	28480 28480 28480 28480 28480	5020-0233 5020-0241 5020-0345 5020-0630	1 1 1 1 1	•••

Ø Stock No.	Description	Mfr.	Mfr. Part No.	ΤQ		
5020-0639 5020-0641	Bearing, cap drive Shaft, spur gear	28480 28480	5020-0639 5020-0641	1		
$\begin{array}{c} 5040-0212\\ 5040-0607\\ 5040-0619\\ 5060-0020\\ 5060-0021\\ 5080-0222\\ 5060-0625\\ 5060-0731\\ \end{array}$	Insulator, flex coupling Disc ass'y, vernier drive Indicator, freq dial Gear, ass'y with coupling hub Gear, ass'y Handle ass'y, side Ass'y, connector Frame ass'y, 5 x 11 FM	28480 28480 28480 28480 28480 28480 28480 28480 28480	5040-0212 5040-0607 5040-0619 5060-0020 5080-0021 5060-0222 5080-0625 5060-0731	1 1 1 1 2 1 2		
5080-0739 5060-0751	Top cover ass'y, 11L FM Bottom cover ass'y, 11L FM	28480 28480	5060-0739 5060-0751	1		
5060-0766 5060-0767	Retainer, 5H handle Foot ass'y, FM	28480 28480	5060-0766 5060-0767	25		
812 <b>0-13</b> 48	Cable ass'y, power			1		
9100-0293	Transformer, power	28480	5080-3423	1		
9140-0029	Coil, R. F., choke, universal wound, un- shielded, 100 $\mu$ h, 2.6 ohms	28480	9140-0029	7		
9140-0031 9140-0037	Coil, R. F., 75 $\mu$ h Coil, radio freq 5 mh induct, universal wound	28480 99848	9140-0031 35000-15-502	1 5		
9140-0041 9140-0115 9140-0137	Coil, R. F., 2.5 mh ±10% Coil, fxd R. F., 22 μh ±10% Coil, fxd R. F., 1000 μh ±5%, dc current rating 135 ma	95265 76493 76493	SA-2500-I 9330-32 9220-28	1 2 4		1
9140-0230 9140-0231	Coil, fxd, inductance, 290 $\mu$ h ±1% Coil, adjustable, inductance, 10.8 to 18.7 $\mu$ h	28480 28480	9140-0230 9140-0231	1 1		Ĭ
9211-0248	Carton, corrugated, 20-1/8" lg x 16-3/4" wd x 10-1/2" deep x 350 lb test	84324	obd#	1		
9223-0040 00203-00101 00203-00211 00203-00212 00203-00216 00203-64201 00203-66501 00203-66502 00203-66503 00203-86504	Foam, poly, 10-3/4" lg x 4" wd Chassis, main Panel, front Panel, rear for 115/230v operation only Panel, rear for 100 v operation only Phase shifter Board ass'y, decade module Board ass'y, square wave Board ass'y, 5 mcps Board ass'y, dc amplifier	28480 28480 28480 28480 28480 28480 28480 28480 28480 28480 28480	$\begin{array}{c} 9223-0040\\ 00203-00101\\ 00203-00211\\ 00203-00212\\ 00203-00216\\ 00203-64201\\ 00203-66501\\ 00203-66502\\ 00203-66503\\ 00203-66504\\ \end{array}$	4 1 1 1 1 6 2 1 2		
00203-66505 00203-66506 00203-66507 00203-68508 00203-66510	Board ass'y, power supply Board ass'y, R. F. Amplifier Board, ass'y, modulator Board ass'y, V. F. O. Board ass'y, rectifier	28480 28480 28480 28480 28480 28480	00203-66505 00203-66506 00203-66507 00203-66508 00203-66510	1 1 1 1 1		
00203-68511 00203-84201 00203-84202 00203-84203	Board ass'y, filter Transformer, tuned Transformer, tuned Transformer, tuned	28480 28480 28480 28480 28480	00203-66511 00203-84201 00203-84202 00203-84203	2 8 6 1		
00203-84204 00203-84205 00203-84206 00203-86001	Transformer, tuned Transformer, tuned Transformer, tuned Coil, var, 2.5 - 6.2 $\mu$ h	28480 28480 28480 28480 28480	00203-84204 00203-84205 00203-84206 00203-86001	1 1 1 6		F
00203-86002	Coil, var, 650 - 1100 µh	28480 ·	00203-86002	6		C

Table 6-2.	Replaceable	Parts	(Cont'd)	
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🖗 Stock No.	Description	Mfr.	Mfr. Part No.	тQ	
00203-86003 00203-86004 00203-86005 00203-86006	Coil, var, 35 - 80 $\mu$ h Transformer, driver Transformer, driver Coil, fxd, 4.5 mh	28480 28480 28480 28480 28480	00203-86003 00203-86004 00203-86005 00203-86005 00203-86006	1 2 2 6	
00203-86009 00203-86010	Coil, var, 650 - 1100 μh Coil, var, 35 - 80 μh	28480 28480	00203-86009 00203-86010	1 1	
	Additional Parts for 203A Option: 01				
0020 <b>3-</b> 0021 <b>3</b> 0020 <b>3-</b> 66501	Panel, front Board, decade module	28480 28480	00203-00213 00203-66501	1 1	
00203-00214 00203-66501	Additional Parts for 203A Option: 02 Panel, front Board, decade module	28480 28480	00203-00214 00203-66501	1 2	

Table 6-2. Replaceable Parts (Cont'd)

Appendix C

Model 203A

# MANUAL BACKDATING CHANGES

MODEL 203A

### VARIABLE PHASE FUNCTION GENERATOR

Manual Serial Prefixed: 1201J--hp- Part No. 00203-99002

This manual backdating sheet makes this manual applicable to earlier instruments. Instrument-component values that differ from those in the manual, yet are not listed in the backdating sheet, should be replaced using the part number given in the manual.

Instrument Serial Prefix	Make Manual Changes	Instrument Serial Prefix	Make Manual Changes
425-00770 and below	1, 2, 3, 4	1201J-02534 and below	4
425-00771 to-008865	2, 3, 4		
621, 714, 821	2, 3, 4,		an a
1019J and below	3, 4		

CHANGE #1

Instrument Conici Ducking

Current Part No. for Transistor A2Q3, A2Q4, A2Q7 and A2Q8 is 1853-0016, 2N3638 and is a recommended replacement for Part No. 1853-0009, 2N274. If either one of these transistors is replaced with the current 2N3638, the other three should also be replaced and inductors L1 and L2 replaced with a 56 ohm resistor, -hp- Part No. 0687-5601.

This recommended change is to improve phase stability at high temperatures.

CHANGE #2

Change: S2 and S3 to HP Part No. 3101-0100 and 3101-0033, respectively (Page 6-10, Table 6-1 and Page 6-15, Table 6-2).

Change: W1 to HP Part No. 8120-0078 (Page 6-10, Table 6-1 and Page 6-16, Table 6-2).

#### Miscellaneous Parts Change

Change: HP Part No. 1251-2357 (connector, power) to 1251-0148 (Page 6-11, Table 6-1 and Page 6-14, Table 6-2).

Change: HP Part No. 1400-0084 (Body, fuseholder) to 1400-0110 (Page 6-11, Table 6-1 and Page 6-14, Table 6-2).

Add: Nut, retaining for 1400-0110, HP Part No. 1400-0111 (Page 6-11, Table 6-1 and Page 6-14, Table 6-2).

Add: Knob, fuseholder black for 1400-0110, HP Part No. 1400-0210 (Page 6-11, Table 6-1 and Page 6-14, Table 6-2).

Change: HP Part No. 00203-00211 (Panel, front) to 00203-00201 (Page 6-11, Table 6-1 and Page 6-16, Table 6-2).

Change: HP Part No. 00203-00212 (Panel, rear) to 00203-00202 (Page 6-11, Table 6-1 and Page 6-16, Table 6-2).

Change: HP Part No. 00203-00213 (Panel, front) to 00203-00203 (Page 6-11, Table 6-1 and Page 6-17, Table 6-2).

Change: HP Part No. 00203-00214 (Panel, front) to 00203-00204 (Page 6-11, Table 6-1 and Page 6-17, Table 6-2).

Delete C4 C5 and thru C10

Add C4 A, B 0150-0119 C: fxd, cer, 2 x 0.1 $\mu$ f ±20%, 250vdcw Add C5 thrn C10 Not assigned

CHANGE #3	Change: HP Part No. 5000-8597 (Side Cover) to 5000-0732 (Page 6-15, Table 6-2).
	Change: HP Part No. 5000-8599 (Side Cover) to 5000-0733 (Page 6-15, Table 6-2).
	Change: HP Part No. 5060-8587 (Top Cover Ass'y) to 5060- -0739 (Page 6-16, Table 6-2).
	Change: HP Part No. 5060-8711 (Bottom Cover Ass'y) to
	5060-0751 (Page 6-16, Table 6-2).
	Change: HP Part No. 5060-8737 (Retainer) to 5060-0766 (Page 6-16, Table 6-2).
	Change: HP Part No. 8120-1378 (Power Cord) to 8120-1348 (Page 6-16, Table 6-2).
	Change: HP Part No. 00203-00311 (Front Panel) to 00203-
	00211 (Page 6-16, Table 6-2).
	Change: HP Part No. 00203-00313 (Front Panel for OPT 001)
	to 00203-00213 (Page 6-16, Table 6-2).
	Change: HP Part No. 00203-00314 (Front Panel for OPT 002)
	to 00203-00214 (Page 6-16, Table 6-2).

CHANGE #4

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Change: HP Part No. 0160-0378 (C12) to 0140-0145 (Page 6-10, Table 6-1 and Page 5-21, Figure 5-14).